# **Andrew Shennan**

#### List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

198
papers
citations

31
papers
h-index

58
g-index

5,132
ext. papers
ext. citations

4.4
avg, IF
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
198	Midwife-led continuity models versus other models of care for childbearing women. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , <b>2016</b> , 4, CD004667	5.2	328
197	Diagnostic accuracy of placental growth factor in women with suspected preeclampsia: a prospective multicenter study. <i>Circulation</i> , <b>2013</b> , 128, 2121-31	16.7	289
196	Vaginal progesterone prophylaxis for preterm birth (the OPPTIMUM study): a multicentre, randomised, double-blind trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2016</b> , 387, 2106-2116	40	244
195	The International Federation of Gynecology and Obstetrics (FIGO) initiative on pre-eclampsia: A pragmatic guide for first-trimester screening and prevention. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , <b>2019</b> , 145 Suppl 1, 1-33	4	209
194	Placental growth factor as a marker of fetal growth restriction caused by placental dysfunction. <i>Placenta</i> , <b>2016</b> , 42, 1-8	3.4	123
193	A randomised controlled trial of metronidazole for the prevention of preterm birth in women positive for cervicovaginal fetal fibronectin: the PREMET Study. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2006</b> , 113, 65-74	3.7	119
192	Placental growth factor testing to assess women with suspected pre-eclampsia: a multicentre, pragmatic, stepped-wedge cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2019</b> , 393, 1807-1818	40	107
191	Obstetric cholestasis, outcome with active management: a series of 70 cases. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2002</b> , 109, 282-8	3.7	99
190	An accurate automated blood pressure device for use in pregnancy and pre-eclampsia: the Microlife 3BTO-A. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2005</b> , 112, 915-20	3.7	87
189	Shock index: an effective predictor of outcome in postpartum haemorrhage?. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 122, 268-75	3.7	79
188	Evaluation of a quantitative fetal fibronectin test for spontaneous preterm birth in symptomatic women. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 208, 122.e1-6	6.4	77
187	Planned early delivery or expectant management for late preterm pre-eclampsia (PHOENIX): a randomised controlled trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2019</b> , 394, 1181-1190	40	69
186	Preterm Labor and Birth Management: Recommendations from the European Association of Perinatal Medicine. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , <b>2017</b> , 30, 2011-2030	2	68
185	Validation of the Welch Allyn 'Vital Signs' oscillometric blood pressure monitor. <i>Journal of Human Hypertension</i> , <b>2001</b> , 15, 191-5	2.6	68
184	Quantitative fetal fibronectin to predict preterm birth in asymptomatic women at high risk. Obstetrics and Gynecology, <b>2015</b> , 125, 1168-1176	4.9	66
183	A universal standard for the validation of blood pressure measuring devices: Association for the Advancement of Medical Instrumentation/European Society of Hypertension/International Organization for Standardization (AAMI/ESH/ISO) Collaboration Statement. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i>	1.9	64
182	An accurate semiautomated oscillometric blood pressure device for use in pregnancy (including pre-eclampsia) in a low-income and middle-income country population: the Microlife 3AS1-2. <i>Blood Pressure Monitoring</i> , <b>2015</b> , 20, 52-5	1.3	58

### (2015-2009)

181	Validation and compliance of a home monitoring device in pregnancy: microlife WatchBP home. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , <b>2009</b> , 28, 348-59	2	49
180	Recent advances in the diagnosis and management of pre-eclampsia. <i>F1000Research</i> , <b>2018</b> , 7, 242	3.6	47
179	Are most maternal deaths from pre-eclampsia avoidable?. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2012</b> , 379, 1686-7	40	44
178	The cervix and prematurity: aetiology, prediction and prevention. <i>Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , <b>2004</b> , 9, 471-9	3.7	44
177	Development and validation of a tool incorporating cervical length and quantitative fetal fibronectin to predict spontaneous preterm birth in asymptomatic high-risk women. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 47, 104-9	5.8	42
176	Assessing the onset of pre-eclampsia in the hospital day unit: summary of the pre-eclampsia guideline (PRECOG II). <i>BMJ, The</i> , <b>2009</b> , 339, b3129	5.9	41
175	The incidence of pregnancy hypertension in India, Pakistan, Mozambique, and Nigeria: A prospective population-level analysis. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , <b>2019</b> , 16, e1002783	11.6	40
174	The QUiPP App: a safe alternative to a treat-all strategy for threatened preterm labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 50, 342-346	5.8	38
173	Limited relationship between cervico-vaginal fluid cytokine profiles and cervical shortening in women at high risk of spontaneous preterm birth. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2012</b> , 7, e52412	3.7	38
172	Urine protein estimation in hypertensive pregnancy: which thresholds and laboratory assay best predict clinical outcome?. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , <b>2005</b> , 24, 291-302	2	35
171	The prediction of preterm delivery: What is new?. Seminars in Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2019, 24, 27-	<b>33</b> 27	35
170	Improving the accuracy of blood pressure measurement: the influence of the European Society of Hypertension International Protocol (ESH-IP) for the validation of blood pressure measuring devices and future perspectives. <i>Journal of Hypertension</i> , <b>2018</b> , 36, 479-487	1.9	33
169	Placental abruption in a twin pregnancy at 32 weeks' gestation complicated by coronavirus disease 2019 without vertical transmission to the babies. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics &amp; Complex MFM</i> , <b>2020</b> , 2, 100135	7.4	32
168	Caesarean section at full dilatation: incidence, impact and current management. <i>The Obstetrician and Gynaecologist</i> , <b>2014</b> , 16, 199-205	0.9	30
167	The role of medical smartphone apps in clinical decision-support: A literature review. <i>Artificial Intelligence in Medicine</i> , <b>2019</b> , 100, 101707	7.4	29
166	Determination of Normal Ranges of Shock Index and Other Haemodynamic Variables in the Immediate Postpartum Period: A Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2016</b> , 11, e0168535	3.7	28
165	Incidence of eclampsia and related complications across 10 low- and middle-resource geographical regions: Secondary analysis of a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , <b>2019</b> , 16, e1002775	11.6	27
164	Pregnancy outcome in patients with systemic vasculitis: a single-centre matched case-control study. <i>Rheumatology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 54, 1582-6	3.9	27

163	Rapid assessment of blood pressure in the obstetric day unit using Microlife MaM technology. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , <b>2007</b> , 26, 31-7	2	27
162	Fetal fibronectin test predicts delivery before 30 weeks of gestation in high risk women, but increases anxiety. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2005</b> , 112, 293-8	3.7	27
161	Development and validation of a tool incorporating quantitative fetal fibronectin to predict spontaneous preterm birth in symptomatic women. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 47, 210-6	5.8	27
160	MAVRIC: a multicenter randomized controlled trial of transabdominal vs transvaginal cervical cerclage. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 222, 261.e1-261.e9	6.4	25
159	Comparison of three commercially available placental growth factor-based tests in women with suspected preterm pre-eclampsia: the COMPARE study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 53, 62-67	5.8	24
158	Fetal fibronectin as a predictor of spontaneous preterm labour in asymptomatic women with a cervical cerclage. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 116, 799-803	3.7	23
157	Analysis of ambulatory blood pressure monitor data using a hierarchical model incorporating restricted cubic splines and heterogeneous within-subject variances. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , <b>2001</b> , 20, 378	8 <del>9:3</del> 05	23
156	Maternal deaths in the UK: pre-eclampsia deaths are avoidable. <i>Lancet, The</i> , <b>2017</b> , 389, 582-584	40	22
155	The CRADLE vital signs alert: qualitative evaluation of a novel device designed for use in pregnancy by healthcare workers in low-resource settings. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , <b>2018</b> , 15, 5	3.5	22
154	Recent developments in obstetrics. <i>BMJ, The</i> , <b>2003</b> , 327, 604-8	5.9	22
154 153	Recent developments in obstetrics. <i>BMJ, The</i> , <b>2003</b> , 327, 604-8  Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 96, 1100-1105	5.9 3.8	22
	Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth.	3.8	
153	Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth.  Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 1100-1105  Effect of a novel vital sign device on maternal mortality and morbidity in low-resource settings: a	3.8	21
153 152	Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth.  Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica, 2017, 96, 1100-1105  Effect of a novel vital sign device on maternal mortality and morbidity in low-resource settings: a pragmatic, stepped-wedge, cluster-randomised controlled trial. The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7, e347  Rationale and design of SuPPoRT: a multi-centre randomised controlled trial to compare three treatments: cervical cerclage, cervical pessary and vaginal progesterone, for the prevention of	3.8 <del>1</del> 3.56	21
153 152 151	Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 96, 1100-1105  Effect of a novel vital sign device on maternal mortality and morbidity in low-resource settings: a pragmatic, stepped-wedge, cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, e347  Rationale and design of SuPPoRT: a multi-centre randomised controlled trial to compare three treatments: cervical cerclage, cervical pessary and vaginal progesterone, for the prevention of preterm birth in women who develop a short cervix. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2016</b> , 16, 358  Ability of a preterm surveillance clinic to triage risk of preterm birth: a prospective cohort study.	3.8 - <del>13.6</del> - <del>e35.6</del> 3.2	21 21 21
153 152 151	Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 96, 1100-1105  Effect of a novel vital sign device on maternal mortality and morbidity in low-resource settings: a pragmatic, stepped-wedge, cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, e347  Rationale and design of SuPPoRT: a multi-centre randomised controlled trial to compare three treatments: cervical cerclage, cervical pessary and vaginal progesterone, for the prevention of preterm birth in women who develop a short cervix. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2016</b> , 16, 358  Ability of a preterm surveillance clinic to triage risk of preterm birth: a prospective cohort study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 48, 38-42  Pruritus may precede abnormal liver function tests in pregnant women with obstetric cholestasis: a	3.8 - <del>13.6</del> - <del>e3.5</del> 6 3.2	21 21 21 19
153 152 151 150	Full dilation cesarean section: a risk factor for recurrent second-trimester loss and preterm birth. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 96, 1100-1105  Effect of a novel vital sign device on maternal mortality and morbidity in low-resource settings: a pragmatic, stepped-wedge, cluster-randomised controlled trial. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , <b>2019</b> , 7, e347  Rationale and design of SuPPoRT: a multi-centre randomised controlled trial to compare three treatments: cervical cerclage, cervical pessary and vaginal progesterone, for the prevention of preterm birth in women who develop a short cervix. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2016</b> , 16, 358  Ability of a preterm surveillance clinic to triage risk of preterm birth: a prospective cohort study. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 48, 38-42  Pruritus may precede abnormal liver function tests in pregnant women with obstetric cholestasis: a longitudinal analysis. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2001</b> , 108, 1190-2  Development and validation of predictive models for QUiPP App v.2: tool for predicting preterm birth in women with symptoms of threatened preterm labor. <i>Ultrasound in Obstetrics and</i>	3.8 2-1356 3.2 5.8	21 21 21 19

## (2020-2012)

145	Trial protocol OPPTIMUM does progesterone prophylaxis for the prevention of preterm labour improve outcome?. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2012</b> , 12, 79	3.2	18
144	Spot protein-creatinine ratio and spot albumin-creatinine ratio in the assessment of pre-eclampsia: a diagnostic accuracy study with decision-analytic model-based economic evaluation and acceptability analysis. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , <b>2017</b> , 21, 1-90	4.4	18
143	Placental Growth Factor (PlGF) in Women with Suspected Pre-Eclampsia Prior to 35 Weeks' Gestation: A Budget Impact Analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2016</b> , 11, e0164276	3.7	18
142	Blood pressure measurement in pregnancy. <i>The Obstetrician and Gynaecologist</i> , <b>2015</b> , 17, 91-98	0.9	17
141	Maternal and perinatal adverse outcomes in women with pre-eclampsia cared for at facility-level in South Africa: a prospective cohort study. <i>Journal of Global Health</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8,	4.3	17
140	Mobile phone apps for clinical decision support in pregnancy: a scoping review. <i>BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making</i> , <b>2019</b> , 19, 219	3.6	17
139	Early warning system hypertension thresholds to predict adverse outcomes in pre-eclampsia: A prospective cohort study. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2018</b> , 12, 183-188	2.6	17
138	Accuracy assessment of the Dinamap ProCare 400 in pregnancy and preeclampsia. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , <b>2010</b> , 29, 198-205	2	16
137	Raised trappin2/elafin protein in cervico-vaginal fluid is a potential predictor of cervical shortening and spontaneous preterm birth. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2014</b> , 9, e100771	3.7	16
136	Does progesterone prophylaxis to prevent preterm labour improve outcome? A randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial (OPPTIMUM). <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , <b>2018</b> , 22, 1-304	4.4	15
135	Prediction of spontaneous preterm birth using quantitative fetal fibronectin after recent sexual intercourse. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 212, 89.e1-5	6.4	14
134	Cerclage position, cervical length and preterm delivery in women undergoing ultrasound indicated cervical cerclage: A retrospective cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , <b>2017</b> , 12, e0178072	3.7	14
133	Placental Growth Factor informed management of suspected pre-eclampsia or fetal growth restriction: The MAPPLE cohort study. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2018</b> , 14, 228-233	2.6	14
132	Quantitative fetal fibronectin and cervical length tolpredictlpreterm birth in asymptomatic women withlprevious cervical surgery. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 215, 480.e1-480.e1	0 <sup>6.4</sup>	14
131	Blood pressure measurement in special populations and circumstances. <i>Journal of Clinical Hypertension</i> , <b>2018</b> , 20, 1122-1127	2.3	14
130	Evaluation of a novel device for the management of high blood pressure and shock in pregnancy in low-resource settings: study protocol for a stepped-wedge cluster-randomised controlled trial (CRADLE-3 trial). <i>Trials</i> , <b>2018</b> , 19, 206	2.8	14
129	Blood Pressure Measurement and Hypertension Diagnosis in the 2017 US Guidelines: First Things First. <i>Hypertension</i> , <b>2018</b> , 71, 963-965	8.5	13
128	Community-level interventions for pre-eclampsia (CLIP) in Mozambique: A cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2020</b> , 21, 96-105	2.6	12

127	Blood pressure measuring devices: ubiquitous, essential but imprecise. <i>Expert Review of Medical Devices</i> , <b>2008</b> , 5, 573-9	3.5	12
126	Vaginal delivery can be considered in monochorionic diamniotic twins. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2006</b> , 113, 602-4	3.7	12
125	EQUIPTT: The Evaluation of the QUiPP app for Triage and Transfer protocol for a cluster randomised trial to evaluate the impact of the QUiPP app on inappropriate management for threatened preterm labour. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2019</b> , 19, 68	3.2	11
124	Community level interventions for pre-eclampsia (CLIP) in India: A cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2020</b> , 21, 166-175	2.6	11
123	Placental inflammation and its relationship to cervicovaginal fetal fibronectin in preterm birth. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 214, 173-177	2.4	10
122	What is the impact of preconception abdominal cerclage on fertility: evidence from a randomized controlled trial. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 96, 543-546	3.8	10
121	The effect of blood staining on cervicovaginal quantitative fetal fibronectin concentration and prediction of spontaneous preterm birth. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 208, 103-108	2.4	10
120	Prior ultrasound-indicated cerclage: how should we manage the next pregnancy?. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 188, 129-32	2.4	10
119	Antenatal steroids for fetal lung maturity: Time to target more frequent doses to fewer women?. <i>Obstetric Medicine</i> , <b>2015</b> , 8, 172-6	1.5	10
118	Community-level interventions for pre-eclampsia (CLIP) in Pakistan: A cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2020</b> , 22, 109-118	2.6	10
117	Placental growth factor in suspected preterm pre-eclampsia: a review of the evidence and practicalities of implementation. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 127, 1590-1597	3.7	10
116	Variation in management of women with threatened preterm labour. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition</i> , <b>2015</b> , 100, F276	4.7	9
115	Clinical accuracy of inflationary oscillometry in pregnancy and pre-eclampsia: Omron-MIT Elite. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2012</b> , 2, 411-5	2.6	9
114	Top research priorities for preterm birth: results of a prioritisation partnership between people affected by preterm birth and healthcare professionals. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2019</b> , 19, 528	3.2	9
113	A clinical opinion on how to manage the risk of preterm birth in twins based on literature review. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, <b>2016</b> , 29, 1125-30	2	8
112	Evaluation of a novel vital sign device to reduce maternal mortality and morbidity in low-resource settings: a mixed method feasibility study for the CRADLE-3 trial. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2018</b> , 18, 115	3.2	8
111	Open randomised trial of the (Arabin) pessary to prevent preterm birth in twin pregnancy with health economics and acceptability: STOPPIT-2-a study protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, e026430	3	8
110	Midwifery continuity of care versus standard maternity care for women at increased risk of preterm birth: A hybrid implementation-effectiveness, randomised controlled pilot trial in the UK. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , <b>2020</b> , 17, e1003350	11.6	8

### (2010-2021)

109	Evaluation of the Arabin cervical pessary for prevention of preterm birth in women with a twin pregnancy and short cervix (STOPPIT-2): An open-label randomised trial and updated meta-analysis. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , <b>2021</b> , 18, e1003506	11.6	8
108	An inaccurate automated device negatively impacts the diagnosis and treatment of gestational hypertension. <i>Pregnancy Hypertension</i> , <b>2017</b> , 10, 28-33	2.6	7
107	Planned delivery or expectant management for late preterm pre-eclampsia: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial (PHOENIX trial). <i>Trials</i> , <b>2019</b> , 20, 85	2.8	7
106	The DESiGN trial (DEtection of Small for Gestational age Neonate), evaluating the effect of the Growth Assessment Protocol (GAP): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , <b>2019</b> , 20, 154	2.8	7
105	Is recreational running associated with earlier delivery and lower birth weight in women who continue to run during pregnancy? An international retrospective cohort study of running habits of 1293 female runners during pregnancy. <i>BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine</i> , <b>2018</b> , 4, e000296	3.4	7
104	Urinary microalbumin/creatinine ratios: reference range in uncomplicated pregnancy. <i>Clinical Science</i> , <b>2003</b> , 104, 103-107	6.5	7
103	Modified early obstetric warning scores: A promising tool but more evidence and standardization is required. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2019</b> , 98, 7-10	3.8	7
102	Reducing the impact of preterm birth: Preterm birth commissioning in the United Kingdom. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology and Reproductive Biology: X</i> , <b>2019</b> , 3, 100018	2.3	6
101	Exercise in pregnancy. <i>The Obstetrician and Gynaecologist</i> , <b>2015</b> , 17, 281-287	0.9	6
100	Endocervical and high vaginal quantitative fetal fibronectin in predicting preterm birth. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , <b>2014</b> , 27, 1576-9	2	6
99	Can a low-resource-use blood pressure device impact on global maternal mortality?. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , <b>2011</b> , 30, 359-63	2	6
98	A literature review and best practice advice for second and third trimester risk stratification, monitoring, and management of pre-eclampsia: Compiled by the Pregnancy and Non-Communicable Diseases Committee of FIGO (the International Federation of Gynecology and	4	6
97	Antenatal thymus volumes in fetuses that delivered . <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2021</b> , 100, 1040-1050	3.8	6
96	The Preterm Clinical Network (PCN) Database: a web-based systematic method of collecting data on the care of women at risk of preterm birth. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2018</b> , 18, 335	3.2	6
95	The PRECISE (PREgnancy Care Integrating translational Science, Everywhere) Network's first protocol: deep phenotyping in three sub-Saharan African countries. <i>Reproductive Health</i> , <b>2020</b> , 17, 51	3.5	5
94	Diagnostic accuracy of repeat placental growth factor measurements in women with suspected preeclampsia: A case series study. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2020</b> , 99, 994-1002	3.8	5
93	Assessment of a vaginal device for delivery of the impacted foetal head at caesarean section. Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, <b>2017</b> , 37, 157-161	1.3	5
92	Sildenafil for the Treatment of Preeclampsia. <i>Hypertension in Pregnancy</i> , <b>2010</b> , 29, 251-252	2	5

91	PREMATURE CERVICAL CHANGE AND THE USE OF CERVICAL CERCLAGE. Fetal and Maternal Medicine Review, <b>2007</b> , 18, 25-52		5
90	All the right moves: why transfer is both important for the baby and difficult to achieve and new strategies for change. <i>F1000Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 9,	3.6	5
89	Three biomarker tests to help diagnose preterm labour: a systematic review and economic evaluation. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , <b>2019</b> , 23, 1-226	4.4	5
88	Foetal lung volumes in pregnant women who deliver very preterm: a pilot study. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 87, 1066-1071	3.2	5
87	POPPIE: protocol for a randomised controlled pilot trial of continuity of midwifery care for women at increased risk of preterm birth. <i>Trials</i> , <b>2019</b> , 20, 271	2.8	4
86	Exploring the effect of implementation and context on a stepped-wedge randomised controlled trial of a vital sign triage device in routine maternity care in low-resource settings. <i>Implementation Science</i> , <b>2019</b> , 14, 38	8.4	4
85	Prevention of mid-trimester loss following full dilatation caesarean section: a potential role for transabdominal cervical cerclage. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 35, 98-9	1.3	4
84	Quantitative fibronectin to help decision-making in women with symptoms of preterm labour (QUIDS) part 1: Individual participant data meta-analysis and health economic analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , <b>2018</b> , 8, e020796	3	4
83	Clinical utility of quantitative fetal fibronectin in preterm labour. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2016</b> , 123, 1972	3.7	4
82	Clinical accuracy of a low cost portable blood pressure device in pregnancy and pre-eclampsia: the Nissei DS-400. <i>Tropical Doctor</i> , <b>2015</b> , 45, 168-73	0.9	4
81	The use of fetal fibronectin testing and cervical length measurement in the prediction of delivery of triplet pregnancies. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 164, 236-7	2.4	4
80	Management of vasa praevia: a potential role for cervical length and quantitative fetal fibronectin measurement. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 33, 905-6	1.3	4
79	Planned early delivery versus expectant management to reduce adverse pregnancy outcomes in pre-eclampsia in a low- and middle-income setting: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial (CRADLE-4 Trial). <i>Trials</i> , <b>2020</b> , 21, 960	2.8	4
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75	FIGO good practice recommendations on the use of pessary for reducing the frequency and improving outcomes of preterm birth. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , <b>2021</b> , 155, 23-	25	4
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73	FIGO good practice recommendations on progestogens for prevention of preterm delivery. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , <b>2021</b> , 155, 16-18	4	4
72	Incidence and characteristics of pregnancy-related death across ten low- and middle-income geographical regions: secondary analysis of a cluster randomised controlled trial. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2020</b> , 127, 1082-1089	3.7	3
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70	PPO.01 EQUIPP: Evaluation of Fetal Fibronectin with a novel bedside Quantitative Instrument for the Prediction of Preterm birth. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood: Fetal and Neonatal Edition</i> , <b>2014</b> , 99, A150.3-A151	4.7	3
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62	Cervicovaginal microbiota and metabolome predict preterm birth risk in an ethnically diverse cohort. <i>JCI Insight</i> , <b>2021</b> , 6,	9.9	3
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48	Blood pressure thresholds in pregnancy for identifying maternal and infant risk: a secondary analysis of Community-Level Interventions for Pre-eclampsia (CLIP) trial data. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , <b>2021</b> , 9, e1119-e1128	13.6	2
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41	Recent advances in the diagnosis and management of pre-eclampsia. Faculty Reviews, 2020, 9, 10	1.2	1
40	Pills and prayers: a comparative qualitative study of community conceptualisations of pre-eclampsia and pluralistic care in Ethiopia, Haiti and Zimbabwe. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2021</b> , 21, 716	3.2	1
39	Inflationary oscillometry provides accurate measurement of blood pressure in pre-eclampsia <b>2002</b> , 109, 1143		1
38	CRAFT (Cerclage after full dilatation caesarean section): protocol of a mixed methods study investigating the role of previous in-labour caesarean section in preterm birth risk. <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2020</b> , 20, 698	3.2	1

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33	Quantitative fetal fibronectin for prediction of preterm birth in asymptomatic twin pregnancy. <i>Acta Obstetricia Et Gynecologica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2020</b> , 99, 1191-1197	3.8	1
32	FIGO good practice recommendations on magnesium sulfate administration for preterm fetal neuroprotection. <i>International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , <b>2021</b> , 155, 31-33	4	1
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28	Reply. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, <b>2020</b> , 222, 516-517	6.4	O
27	A comparison of technicques to disimpact the fetal head on a second stage caesearean simulator <i>BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth</i> , <b>2022</b> , 22, 34	3.2	О
26	Randomized Trials of Retosiban Versus Placebo or Atosiban in Spontaneous Preterm Labor. <i>American Journal of Perinatology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 38, e309-e317	3.3	Ο
25	Maternal and fetal incidental findings on antenatal magnetic resonance imaging. <i>Pediatric Radiology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 51, 1839-1847	2.8	О
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23	Previous term emergency caesarean section is a risk factor for recurrent spontaneous preterm birth; a retrospective cohort study <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2022</b> , 271, 108-111	2.4	О
22	Development of a core outcome set for effectiveness studies of breech birth at term (Breech-COS)-an international multi-stakeholder Delphi study: study protocol <i>Trials</i> , <b>2022</b> , 23, 249	2.8	O
21	An assessment of mode of delivery in history indicated versus ultrasound indicated vaginally placed cervical cerclage. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , <b>2017</b> , 210, 123-	1254	
20	Spontaneous resolution of a midtrimester dilated cervix with expectant management guided by quantitative foetal fibronectin results. <i>Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2015</b> , 35, 766-7	1.3	

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15	Authors response to: A randomised controlled trial of metronidazole for the prevention of preterm birth in women positive for cervicovaginal fetal fibronectin: the PREMET Study. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2006</b> , 113, 851-852	3.7
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5	The true clinical utility of quantitative fetal fibronectin. <i>Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine</i> , <b>2020</b> , 33, 2309	2
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3	Aspirin should be targeted to those who need it. <i>BJOG: an International Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 128, 157	3.7
2	Re.The web-based application "QUiPP v.2" for the prediction of preterm birth in symptomatic women is not yet ready for worldwide clinical use: ten reflections on development, validation and use.". <i>Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics</i> , <b>2022</b> , 1	2.5

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