Pablo Prez-Martnez

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

236 8,302 45 79 g-index

256 9,784 4.5 5.59 ext. papers ext. citations avg, IF L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
236	An altered microbiota pattern precedes Type 2 diabetes mellitus development: From the CORDIOPREV study <i>Journal of Advanced Research</i> , 2022 , 35, 99-108	13	3
235	Long-term effect of a dietary intervention with two-healthy dietary approaches on food intake and nutrient density in coronary patients: results from the CORDIOPREV trial <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 1	5.2	О
234	Diabetes remission is modulated by branched chain amino acids according to the diet consumed: from the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2021 , e2100652	5.9	
233	Influence of dietary intervention on microvascular endothelial function in coronary patients and atherothrombotic risk of recurrence. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2021 , 11, 20301	4.9	1
232	Prior Treatment with Statins is Associated with Improved Outcomes of Patients with COVID-19: Data from the SEMI-COVID-19 Registry. <i>Drugs</i> , 2021 , 81, 685-695	12.1	13
231	Executive summary: Updates to the dietary treatment of prediabetes and type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Clūica E Investigacl</i> ū <i>En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2021 , 33, 73-84	1.4	0
230	Executive summary: Updates to the dietary treatment of prediabetes and type 2 diabetes mellitus. Endocrinologa Diabetes Y Nutricia (English Ed), 2021 , 68, 277-287	0.1	O
229	Executive summary: Updates to the dietary treatment of prediabetes and type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>Endocrinologia, Diabetes Y Nutricl</i> ā, 2021 , 68, 277-287	1.3	
228	A microbiota-based predictive model for type 2 diabetes remission induced by dietary intervention: From the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Clinical and Translational Medicine</i> , 2021 , 11, e326	5.7	O
227	Positive psychological profiles based on perceived health clustering in patients with cardiovascular disease: a longitudinal study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021 , 11, e050818	3	0
226	Treatment of mild-to-moderate hypertriglyceridemia. Claica E Investigacia En Arteriosclerosis, 2021 , 33 Suppl 2, 69-74	1.4	
225	Olive Oil Intake and Cardiovascular Disease Prevention: "Seek and You Shall Find". <i>Current Cardiology Reports</i> , 2021 , 23, 64	4.2	2
224	Beta cell functionality and hepatic insulin resistance are major contributors to type 2 diabetes remission and starting pharmacological therapy: from CORDIOPREV randomized controlled trial. <i>Translational Research</i> , 2021 , 238, 12-24	11	O
223	Dietary habits, lipoprotein metabolism and cardiovascular disease: From individual foods to dietary patterns. <i>Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 61, 1651-1669	11.5	10
222	MiRNAs profile as biomarkers of nutritional therapy for the prevention of type 2 diabetes mellitus: From the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 1028-1038	5.9	7
221	Owning a Pet Is Associated with Changes in the Composition of Gut Microbiota and Could Influence the Risk of Metabolic Disorders in Humans. <i>Animals</i> , 2021 , 11,	3.1	1
220	Mediterranean Diet Reduces Atherosclerosis Progression in Coronary Heart Disease: An Analysis of the CORDIOPREV Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Stroke</i> , 2021 , 52, 3440-3449	6.7	6

219	Narrative review on clinical considerations for patients with diabetes and COVID-19: More questions than answers. <i>International Journal of Clinical Practice</i> , 2021 , 75, e14833	2.9	2	
218	Biological senescence risk score. A practical tool to predict biological senescence status. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2020 , 50, e13305	4.6	1	
217	Gut microbiota and aging-A focus on centenarians. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 2020 , 1866, 165765	6.9	17	
216	Endothelial Dysfunction and Advanced Glycation End Products in Patients with Newly Diagnosed Versus Established Diabetes: From the CORDIOPREV Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	6	
215	Postprandial Lipemia Modulates Pancreatic Alpha-Cell Function in the Prediction of Type 2 Diabetes Development: The CORDIOPREV Study. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2020 , 68, 1266-1275	5.7	3	
214	Neonatal exposure to androgens dynamically alters gut microbiota architecture. <i>Journal of Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 247, 69-85	4.7	3	
213	Interplay between gonadal hormones and postnatal overfeeding in defining sex-dependent differences in gut microbiota architecture. <i>Aging</i> , 2020 , 12, 19979-20000	5.6	5	
212	The Mediterranean Diet 2020 , 17-31		O	
211	Mediterranean diet and endothelial function in patients with coronary heart disease: An analysis of the CORDIOPREV randomized controlled trial. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2020 , 17, e1003282	11.6	32	
210	Prediabetes diagnosis criteria, type 2 diabetes risk and dietary modulation: The CORDIOPREV study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 492-500	5.9	6	
209	The Role of n-3 Fatty Acids in Cardiovascular Disease: Back to the Future. <i>Angiology</i> , 2020 , 71, 10-16	2.1	17	
208	Long-term dietary adherence and changes in dietary intake in coronary patients after intervention with a Mediterranean diet or a low-fat diet: the CORDIOPREV randomized trial. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 59, 2099-2110	5.2	21	
207	Age-dependent effect of metabolic phenotypes on carotid atherosclerotic disease in coronary heart disease patients (CORDIOPREV study). <i>BMC Geriatrics</i> , 2020 , 20, 151	4.1	3	
206	Apolipoprotein E genetic variants interact with Mediterranean diet to modulate postprandial hypertriglyceridemia in coronary heart disease patients: CORDIOPREV study. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2019 , 49, e13146	4.6	9	
205	Postprandial Hypertriglyceridaemia Revisited in the Era of Non-fasting Lipid Profiles: Executive Summary of a 2019 Expert Panel Statement. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2019 , 17, 538-540	3.3	18	
204	Gut microbiota: A new protagonist in the risk of cardiovascular disease?. Clāica E Investigaciā En Arteriosclerosis, 2019 , 31, 178-185	1.4	2	
203	Low Intake of Vitamin E Accelerates Cellular Aging in Patients With Established Cardiovascular Disease: The CORDIOPREV Study. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2019 , 74, 770-777	6.4	16	
202	Criteria for referring patients to Spanish Atherosclerosis Society lipid units. Clūica E Investigaciū En Arteriosclerosis, 2019 , 31, 26-30	1.4	3	

201	Lifestyle factors modulate postprandial hypertriglyceridemia: From the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2019 , 290, 118-124	3.1	6
200	Gut Microbiota, Obesity and Bariatric Surgery: Current Knowledge and Future Perspectives. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2019 , 25, 2038-2050	3.3	10
199	Effects of Aging and Diet on Cardioprotection and Cardiometabolic Risk Markers. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2019 , 25, 3704-3714	3.3	6
198	Postprandial Hypertriglyceridaemia Revisited in the Era of Non-Fasting Lipid Profile Testing: A 2019 Expert Panel Statement, Narrative Review. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2019 , 17, 515-537	3.3	12
197	Postprandial Hypertriglyceridaemia Revisited in the Era of Non-Fasting Lipid Profile Testing: A 2019 Expert Panel Statement, Main Text. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2019 , 17, 498-514	3.3	23
196	SEA/SEMERGEN consensus document 2019: Dietary recommendations in the prevention of cardiovascular disease. Claica E Investigacla En Arteriosclerosis, 2019, 31, 186-201	1.4	4
195	Sex Differences in the Gut Microbiota as Potential Determinants of Gender Predisposition to Disease. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2019 , 63, e1800870	5.9	59
194	Postprandial endotoxemia may influence the development of type 2 diabetes mellitus: From the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2019 , 38, 529-538	5.9	17
193	Quantitative evaluation of capillaroscopic microvascular changes in patients with established coronary heart disease. <i>Medicina Clūica (English Edition)</i> , 2018 , 150, 131-137	0.3	О
192	Mediterranean diet improves endothelial function in patients with diabetes and prediabetes: A report from the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2018 , 269, 50-56	3.1	32
191	Dyslipidaemia in the elderly: to treat or not to treat?. <i>Expert Review of Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2018 , 11, 259-278	3.8	5
190	New diet trials and cardiovascular risk. <i>Current Opinion in Cardiology</i> , 2018 , 33, 423-428	2.1	4
189	Beneficial effect of CETP gene polymorphism in combination with a Mediterranean diet influencing lipid metabolism in metabolic syndrome patients: CORDIOPREV study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 37, 229-7	234	17
188	Quantitative evaluation of capillaroscopic microvascular changes in patients with established coronary heart disease. <i>Medicina Clūica</i> , 2018 , 150, 131-137	1	4
187	Mediterranean Diet Supplemented With Coenzyme Q10 Modulates the Postprandial Metabolism of Advanced Glycation End Products in Elderly Men and Women. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2018 , 73, 340-346	6.4	20
186	Influence of gender and menopausal status on gut microbiota. <i>Maturitas</i> , 2018 , 116, 43-53	5	87
185	Circulating miRNAs as Predictive Biomarkers of Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus Development in Coronary Heart Disease Patients from the CORDIOPREV Study. <i>Molecular Therapy - Nucleic Acids</i> , 2018 , 12, 146-1.	5 ¹ 7 ^{0.7}	52
184	Is Nonalcoholic Fatty Liver Disease Indeed the Hepatic Manifestation of Metabolic Syndrome?. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2018, 16, 219-227	3.3	51

183	I relomerase RNA Component Genetic Variants Interact With the Mediterranean Diet Modifying the Inflammatory Status and its Relationship With Aging: CORDIOPREV Study. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2018 , 73, 327-332	6.4	11
182	Endotoxemia is modulated by quantity and quality of dietary fat in older adults. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2018 , 109, 119-125	4.5	11
181	Changes in Splicing Machinery Components Influence, Precede, and Early Predict the Development of Type 2 Diabetes: From the CORDIOPREV Study. <i>EBioMedicine</i> , 2018 , 37, 356-365	8.8	12
180	Document of recommendations of the SEA 2018. Lifestyle in cardiovascular prevention. <i>Claica E Investigaci En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2018 , 30, 280-310	1.4	10
179	Long-term consumption of a Mediterranean diet improves postprandial lipemia in patients with type 2 diabetes: the Cordioprev randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2018 , 108, 963-9	970	20
178	Document of recommendations of the SEA 2018. Lifestyle in cardiovascular prevention. <i>Clūica E Investigacl En Arteriosclerosis (English Edition)</i> , 2018 , 30, 280-310	0.3	2
177	COSMIC project: consensus on the objectives of the metabolic syndrome in clinic. <i>Diabetes, Metabolic Syndrome and Obesity: Targets and Therapy,</i> 2018 , 11, 683-697	3.4	7
176	Alpha cell function interacts with diet to modulate prediabetes and Type 2 diabetes. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2018 , 62, 247-256	6.3	9
175	Frying oils with high natural or added antioxidants content, which protect against postprandial oxidative stress, also protect against DNA oxidation damage. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2017 , 56, 1597-1607	5.2	14
174	Dietary fat quantity and quality modifies advanced glycation end products metabolism in patients with metabolic syndrome. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2017 , 61, 1601029	5.9	21
173	Differential menopause- versus aging-induced changes in oxidative stress and circadian rhythm gene markers. <i>Mechanisms of Ageing and Development</i> , 2017 , 164, 41-48	5.6	10
172	Lifestyle recommendations for the prevention and management of metabolic syndrome: an international panel recommendation. <i>Nutrition Reviews</i> , 2017 , 75, 307-326	6.4	183
171	Drug therapy for ectopic fat: myth or reality?. Expert Review of Cardiovascular Therapy, 2017, 15, 71-72	2.5	1
170	Homocysteine and Non-Cardiac Vascular Disease. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2017 , 23, 3224-3232	3.3	18
169	Decalogue of the Spanish Society of Arteriosclerosis to reduce therapeutic inertia. <i>Clūica E Investigaci En Arteriosclerosis</i> , 2017 , 29, 218-223	1.4	7
168	Effect of Dietary Lipids on Endotoxemia Influences Postprandial Inflammatory Response. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2017 , 65, 7756-7763	5.7	23
167	Gut Microbiota: A New Marker of Cardiovascular Disease. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2017, 23, 3233	-33338	20
166	Lipoprotein (a) Management: Lifestyle and Hormones. <i>Current Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2017 , 24, 979-988	4.3	3

165	The gut microbial community in metabolic syndrome patients is modified by diet. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2016 , 27, 27-31	6.3	113
164	The insulin resistance phenotype (muscle or liver) interacts with the type of diet to determine changes in disposition index after 2 years of intervention: the CORDIOPREV-DIAB randomised clinical trial. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2016 , 59, 67-76	10.3	53
163	TNFA gene variants related to the inflammatory status and its association with cellular aging: From the CORDIOPREV study. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2016 , 83, 56-62	4.5	9
162	Interaction of an S100A9 gene variant with saturated fat and carbohydrates to modulate insulin resistance in 3 populations of different ancestries. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 104, 508	-17	8
161	A dysregulation of glucose metabolism control is associated with carotid atherosclerosis in patients with coronary heart disease (CORDIOPREV-DIAB study). <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2016 , 253, 178-185	3.1	10
160	Mediterranean Diet and Cardiovascular Risk: Beyond Traditional Risk Factors. <i>Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 56, 788-801	11.5	29
159	Virgin olive oil rich in phenolic compounds modulates the expression of atherosclerosis-related genes in vascular endothelium. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2016 , 55, 519-527	5.2	15
158	Two Healthy Diets Modulate Gut Microbial Community Improving Insulin Sensitivity in a Human Obese Population. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2016 , 101, 233-42	5.6	159
157	Red wine polyphenols modulate fecal microbiota and reduce markers of the metabolic syndrome in obese patients. <i>Food and Function</i> , 2016 , 7, 1775-87	6.1	182
156	Intestinal Microbiota Is Influenced by Gender and Body Mass Index. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0154090	3.7	337
155	Impact of the Content of Fatty Acids of Oral Fat Tolerance Tests on Postprandial Triglyceridemia: Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2016 , 8,	6.7	25
154	Influence of Obesity and Metabolic Disease on Carotid Atherosclerosis in Patients with Coronary Artery Disease (CordioPrev Study). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0153096	3.7	6
153	Mediterranean Diet Reduces Serum Advanced Glycation End Products and Increases Antioxidant Defenses in Elderly Adults: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2016 , 64, 901-4	5.6	25
152	CORonary Diet Intervention with Olive oil and cardiovascular PREVention study (the CORDIOPREV study): Rationale, methods, and baseline characteristics: A clinical trial comparing the efficacy of a Mediterranean diet rich in olive oil versus a low-fat diet on cardiovascular disease in coronary	4.9	91
151	Assessment of postprandial triglycerides in clinical practice: Validation in a general population and coronary heart disease patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2016 , 10, 1163-71	4.9	17
150	Proteome from patients with metabolic syndrome is regulated by quantity and quality of dietary lipids. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2015 , 16, 509	4.5	15
149	Insulin resistance determines a differential response to changes in dietary fat modification on metabolic syndrome risk factors: the LIPGENE study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 102, 1509-17	7	40
148	Chronic consumption of a low-fat diet improves cardiometabolic risk factors according to the CLOCK gene in patients with coronary heart disease. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2015 , 59, 2556-64	5.9	21

(2014-2015)

147	Effects of the Mediterranean diet supplemented with coenzyme q10 on metabolomic profiles in elderly men and women. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2015 , 70, 78-84	6.4	37	
146	Impact of the consumption of a rich diet in butter and it replacement for a rich diet in extra virgin olive oil on anthropometric, metabolic and lipid profile in postmenopausal women. <i>Nutricion Hospitalaria</i> , 2015 , 31, 2561-70	1	7	
145	Postprandial oxidative stress is modulated by dietary fat in adipose tissue from elderly people. <i>Age</i> , 2014 , 36, 507-17		8	
144	Effect of dietary fat modification on subcutaneous white adipose tissue insulin sensitivity in patients with metabolic syndrome. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2014 , 58, 2177-88	5.9	23	
143	Peripheral blood mononuclear cells as in vivo model for dietary intervention induced systemic oxidative stress. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 72, 178-86	4.7	15	
142	Influence of endothelial dysfunction on telomere length in subjects with metabolic syndrome: LIPGENE study. <i>Age</i> , 2014 , 36, 9681		10	
141	Olive oil phenolic compounds decrease the postprandial inflammatory response by reducing postprandial plasma lipopolysaccharide levels. <i>Food Chemistry</i> , 2014 , 162, 161-71	8.5	45	
140	Dietary fat modifies lipid metabolism in the adipose tissue of metabolic syndrome patients. <i>Genes and Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 9, 409	4.3	16	
139	Postprandial activation of p53-dependent DNA repair is modified by Mediterranean diet supplemented with coenzyme Q10 in elderly subjects. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2014 , 69, 886-93	6.4	13	
138	Top single nucleotide polymorphisms affecting carbohydrate metabolism in metabolic syndrome: from the LIPGENE study. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2014 , 99, E384-9	5.6	20	
137	Effect of frying oils on the postprandial endoplasmic reticulum stress in obese people. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2014 , 58, 2239-42	5.9	10	
136	Polymorphism at the TNF-alpha gene interacts with Mediterranean diet to influence triglyceride metabolism and inflammation status in metabolic syndrome patients: From the CORDIOPREV clinical trial. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2014 , 58, 1519-27	5.9	31	
135	Beneficial effect of CLOCK gene polymorphism rs1801260 in combination with low-fat diet on insulin metabolism in the patients with metabolic syndrome. <i>Chronobiology International</i> , 2014 , 31, 401-	·§.6	42	
134	Magnesium modulates parathyroid hormone secretion and upregulates parathyroid receptor expression at moderately low calcium concentration. <i>Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation</i> , 2014 , 29, 282-	-∮ ·3	81	
133	Metabolic phenotypes of obesity influence triglyceride and inflammation homoeostasis. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2014 , 44, 1053-64	4.6	41	
132	Dietary fat differentially influences the lipids storage on the adipose tissue in metabolic syndrome patients. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 53, 617-26	5.2	12	
131	Hypertriglyceridemia influences the degree of postprandial lipemic response in patients with metabolic syndrome and coronary artery disease: from the CORDIOPREV study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e963	2 ³ 97	24	
130	LDL and HDL subfractions, dysfunctional HDL: treatment options. <i>Current Pharmaceutical Design</i> , 2014 , 20, 6249-55	3.3	14	

129	Gene-nutrient interactions on the phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase influence insulin sensitivity in metabolic syndrome subjects. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2013 , 32, 630-5	5.9	7
128	The antioxidants in oils heated at frying temperature, whether natural or added, could protect against postprandial oxidative stress in obese people. <i>Food Chemistry</i> , 2013 , 138, 2250-9	8.5	40
127	Proteomic analysis of visceral adipose tissue in pre-obese patients with type 2 diabetes. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2013 , 376, 99-106	4.4	37
126	A gene variation (rs12691) in the CCAT/enhancer binding protein Imodulates glucose metabolism in metabolic syndrome. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2013 , 23, 417-23	4.5	6
125	Endoplasmic reticulum stress in adipose tissue determines postprandial lipoprotein metabolism in metabolic syndrome patients. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2013 , 57, 2166-76	5.9	6
124	Antioxidant system response is modified by dietary fat in adipose tissue of metabolic syndrome patients. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2013 , 24, 1717-23	6.3	28
123	It is time to define metabolically obese but normal-weight (MONW) individuals. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2013 , 79, 314-5	3.4	21
122	Postprandial antioxidant gene expression is modified by Mediterranean diet supplemented with coenzyme Q(10) in elderly men and women. <i>Age</i> , 2013 , 35, 159-70		32
121	An acute intake of a walnut-enriched meal improves postprandial adiponectin response in healthy young adults. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 2013 , 33, 1012-8	4	27
120	Lipid metabolism after an oral fat test meal is affected by age-associated features of metabolic syndrome, but not by age. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2013 , 226, 258-62	3.1	13
119	Postprandial changes in the proteome are modulated by dietary fat in patients with metabolic syndrome. <i>Journal of Nutritional Biochemistry</i> , 2013 , 24, 318-24	6.3	23
118	Obesity and body fat classification in the metabolic syndrome: impact on cardiometabolic risk metabotype. <i>Obesity</i> , 2013 , 21, E154-61	8	66
117	Oxidative stress is associated with the number of components of metabolic syndrome: LIPGENE study. <i>Experimental and Molecular Medicine</i> , 2013 , 45, e28	12.8	63
116	Nutraceuticals and coronary heart disease. Current Opinion in Cardiology, 2013, 28, 475-82	2.1	13
115	Postprandial metabolism: from research to clinical practice. <i>Clinical Lipidology</i> , 2013 , 8, 395-398		
114	Nutrigenetics, metabolic syndrome risk and personalized nutrition. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2013 , 11, 946-53	3.3	9
113	Relevance of postprandial lipemia in metabolic syndrome. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2013, 11, 920	0 <i>-3</i> 7.3	3
112	Nutrigenetics of the lipoprotein metabolism. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2012 , 56, 171-83	5.9	24

111	Metabolic syndrome: evidences for a personalized nutrition. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2012 , 56, 67-76	5.9	28
110	Mediterranean diet reduces senescence-associated stress in endothelial cells. <i>Age</i> , 2012 , 34, 1309-16		62
109	Body mass interacts with fat quality to determine the postprandial lipoprotein response in healthy young adults. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2012 , 22, 355-61	4.5	26
108	Long chain omega-3 fatty acids and cardiovascular disease: a systematic review. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 107 Suppl 2, S201-13	3.6	246
107	Insulin receptor substrate-2 gene variants in subjects with metabolic syndrome: association with plasma monounsaturated and n-3 polyunsaturated fatty acid levels and insulin resistance. Molecular Nutrition and Food Research, 2012, 56, 309-15	5.9	4
106	Dietary fat modifies the postprandial inflammatory state in subjects with metabolic syndrome: the LIPGENE study. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2012 , 56, 854-65	5.9	66
105	Mediterranean diet supplemented with coenzyme Q10 modifies the expression of proinflammatory and endoplasmic reticulum stress-related genes in elderly men and women. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2012 , 67, 3-10	6.4	64
104	Obesity and Body Fat Classification in the Metabolic Syndrome: Impact on Cardiometabolic Risk Metabotype. <i>Obesity</i> , 2012 ,	8	7
103	Mediterranean diet supplemented with coenzyme Q10 induces postprandial changes in p53 in response to oxidative DNA damage in elderly subjects. <i>Age</i> , 2012 , 34, 389-403		41
102	A Period 2 genetic variant interacts with plasma SFA to modify plasma lipid concentrations in adults with metabolic syndrome. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 142, 1213-8	4.1	22
101	In vascular smooth muscle cells paricalcitol prevents phosphate-induced Wnt/Etatenin activation. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Renal Physiology</i> , 2012 , 303, F1136-44	4.3	69
100	Expression of proinflammatory, proatherogenic genes is reduced by the Mediterranean diet in elderly people. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012 , 108, 500-8	3.6	96
99	Endotoxin increase after fat overload is related to postprandial hypertriglyceridemia in morbidly obese patients. <i>Journal of Lipid Research</i> , 2012 , 53, 973-978	6.3	88
98	Zinc-alpha 2-glycoprotein gene expression in adipose tissue is related with insulin resistance and lipolytic genes in morbidly obese patients. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e33264	3.7	40
97	Effects of rs7903146 variation in the Tcf7l2 gene in the lipid metabolism of three different populations. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e43390	3.7	22
96	Calpain-10 interacts with plasma saturated fatty acid concentrations to influence insulin resistance in individuals with the metabolic syndrome. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 93, 1136-41	7	19
95	A variant near the melanocortin-4 receptor gene regulates postprandial lipid metabolism in a healthy Caucasian population. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 106, 468-71	3.6	7
94	Interaccifi de los compuestos fenticos del aceite de oliva virgen con las rutas de sefilizacion celular. Clàica E Investigacià En Arteriosclerosis, 2011 , 23, 262-268	1.4	

93	Consumption of diets with different type of fat influences triacylglycerols-rich lipoproteins particle number and size during the postprandial state. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2011 , 21, 39-45	4.5	45
92	Polymorphism at the TRIB1 gene modulates plasma lipid levels: insight from the Spanish familial hypercholesterolemia cohort study. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2011 , 21, 957-63	₃ 4·5	11
91	Pleiotropic effects of TCF7L2 gene variants and its modulation in the metabolic syndrome: from the LIPGENE study. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2011 , 214, 110-6	3.1	41
90	A low-fat high-carbohydrate diet supplemented with long-chain n-3 PUFA reduces the risk of the metabolic syndrome. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2011 , 218, 443-50	3.1	39
89	Genetic variations at the lipoprotein lipase gene influence plasma lipid concentrations and interact with plasma n-6 polyunsaturated fatty acids to modulate lipid metabolism. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2011 , 218, 416-22	3.1	22
88	Diagnostic value of postprandial triglyceride testing in healthy subjects: a meta-analysis. <i>Current Vascular Pharmacology</i> , 2011 , 9, 271-80	3.3	85
87	Postprandial effects of the Mediterranean diet on oxidant and antioxidant status in elderly men and women. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2011 , 59, 938-40	5.6	16
86	Gene variations of nitric oxide synthase regulate the effects of a saturated fat rich meal on endothelial function. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 30, 234-8	5.9	13
85	Postprandial antioxidant effect of the Mediterranean diet supplemented with coenzyme Q10 in elderly men and women. <i>Age</i> , 2011 , 33, 579-90		43
84	The insulin sensitivity response is determined by the interaction between the G972R polymorphism of the insulin receptor substrate 1 gene and dietary fat. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2011 , 55, 328-35	5.9	16
83	Postprandial inflammatory response in adipose tissue of patients with metabolic syndrome after the intake of different dietary models. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2011 , 55, 1759-70	5.9	38
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