Giovanni Battista Tornielli

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/12955/giovanni-battista-tornielli-publications-by-year.pdf

Version: 2024-04-09

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

56 3,043 34 55 h-index g-index citations papers 58 4,034 4.72 5.7 L-index avg, IF ext. papers ext. citations

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 56 | Genomic Designing for Biotic Stress Resistant Grapevine 2022 , 87-255 | | O |
| 55 | The Grape Gene Reference Catalogue as a Standard Resource for Gene Selection and Genetic Improvement <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2021 , 12, 803977 | 6.2 | 2 |
| 54 | VviNAC33 promotes organ de-greening and represses vegetative growth during the vegetative-to-mature phase transition in grapevine. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2021 , 231, 726-746 | 9.8 | 2 |
| 53 | Grape Berry Transcriptome 2021 , 558-571 | | |
| 52 | Rapid dehydration of grape berries dampens the post-ripening transcriptomic program and the metabolite profile evolution. <i>Horticulture Research</i> , 2020 , 7, 141 | 7.7 | 7 |
| 51 | Selection of candidate genes controlling veraison time in grapevine through integration of meta-QTL and transcriptomic data. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2019 , 20, 739 | 4.5 | 9 |
| 50 | The MYB5-driven MBW complex recruits a WRKY factor to enhance the expression of targets involved in vacuolar hyper-acidification and trafficking in grapevine. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2019 , 99, 1220-1241 | 6.9 | 20 |
| 49 | Specific molecular interactions between Vitis vinifera and Botrytis cinerea are required for noble rot development in grape berries. <i>Postharvest Biology and Technology</i> , 2019 , 156, 110924 | 6.2 | 11 |
| 48 | Plant and fungus transcriptomic data from grapevine berries undergoing artificially-induced noble rot caused by. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2019 , 25, 104150 | 1.2 | 3 |
| 47 | Regeneration of plants from embryogenic callus-derived protoplasts of Garganega and Sangiovese grapevine (Vitis vinifera L.) cultivars. <i>Plant Cell, Tissue and Organ Culture</i> , 2019 , 138, 239-246 | 2.7 | 11 |
| 46 | Genetic, epigenetic and genomic effects on variation of gene expression among grape varieties. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2019 , 99, 895-909 | 6.9 | 11 |
| 45 | Towards the definition of a detailed transcriptomic map of berry development. <i>BIO Web of Conferences</i> , 2019 , 13, 01001 | 0.4 | 0 |
| 44 | Grapevine field experiments reveal the contribution of genotype, the influence of environment and the effect of their interaction (GE) on the berry transcriptome. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2018 , 93, 1143-1159 | 6.9 | 37 |
| 43 | Timing and Order of the Molecular Events Marking the Onset of Berry Ripening in Grapevine. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2018 , 178, 1187-1206 | 6.6 | 39 |
| 42 | A group of grapevine MYBA transcription factors located in chromosome 14 control anthocyanin synthesis in vegetative organs with different specificities compared with the berry color locus. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2017 , 91, 220-236 | 6.9 | 58 |
| 41 | Ripening Transcriptomic Program in Red and White Grapevine Varieties Correlates with Berry Skin Anthocyanin Accumulation. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2017 , 174, 2376-2396 | 6.6 | 68 |
| 40 | Transcriptional Responses to Pre-flowering Leaf Defoliation in Grapevine Berry from Different Growing Sites, Years, and Genotypes. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017 , 8, 630 | 6.2 | 20 |

(2014-2017)

| 39 | Whole Plant Temperature Manipulation Affects Flavonoid Metabolism and the Transcriptome of Grapevine Berries. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017 , 8, 929 | 6.2 | 58 |
|----|---|------|-----|
| 38 | The Induction of Noble Rot () Infection during Postharvest Withering Changes the Metabolome of Grapevine Berries (L., cv. Garganega). <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2017 , 8, 1002 | 6.2 | 21 |
| 37 | Distinct transcriptome responses to water limitation in isohydric and anisohydric grapevine cultivars. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2016 , 17, 815 | 4.5 | 34 |
| 36 | A systems-oriented analysis of the grapevine R2R3-MYB transcription factor family uncovers new insights into the regulation of stilbene accumulation. <i>DNA Research</i> , 2016 , 23, 451-466 | 4.5 | 88 |
| 35 | The grapevine VviPrx31 peroxidase as a candidate gene involved in anthocyanin degradation in ripening berries under high temperature. <i>Journal of Plant Research</i> , 2016 , 129, 513-26 | 2.6 | 76 |
| 34 | A Grapevine TTG2-Like WRKY Transcription Factor Is Involved in Regulating Vacuolar Transport and Flavonoid Biosynthesis. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2016 , 7, 1979 | 6.2 | 61 |
| 33 | Whole-Metagenome-Sequencing-Based Community Profiles of Vitis vinifera L. cv. Corvina Berries Withered in Two Post-harvest Conditions. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2016 , 7, 937 | 5.7 | 33 |
| 32 | Plasticity of the Berry Ripening Program in a White Grape Variety. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2016 , 7, 97 | 06.2 | 39 |
| 31 | The photomorphogenic factors UV-B RECEPTOR 1, ELONGATED HYPOCOTYL 5, and HY5 HOMOLOGUE are part of the UV-B signalling pathway in grapevine and mediate flavonol accumulation in response to the environment. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016 , 67, 5429-5445 | 7 | 64 |
| 30 | Disclosing the Molecular Basis of the Postharvest Life of Berry in Different Grapevine Genotypes. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2016 , 172, 1821-1843 | 6.6 | 45 |
| 29 | miRVine: a microRNA expression atlas of grapevine based on small RNA sequencing. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2015 , 16, 393 | 4.5 | 42 |
| 28 | A Grapevine Anthocyanin Acyltransferase, Transcriptionally Regulated by VvMYBA, Can Produce Most Acylated Anthocyanins Present in Grape Skins. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2015 , 169, 1897-916 | 6.6 | 78 |
| 27 | Towards a scientific interpretation of the terroir concept: plasticity of the grape berry metabolome. <i>BMC Plant Biology</i> , 2015 , 15, 191 | 5.3 | 70 |
| 26 | The phenylpropanoid pathway is controlled at different branches by a set of R2R3-MYB C2 repressors in grapevine. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2015 , 167, 1448-70 | 6.6 | 167 |
| 25 | Genome-wide analysis and expression profile of the bZIP transcription factor gene family in grapevine (Vitis vinifera). <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2014 , 15, 281 | 4.5 | 129 |
| 24 | Functional diversification of grapevine MYB5a and MYB5b in the control of flavonoid biosynthesis in a petunia anthocyanin regulatory mutant. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , 2014 , 55, 517-34 | 4.9 | 50 |
| 23 | Genome and transcriptome analysis of the grapevine (Vitis vinifera L.) WRKY gene family. <i>Horticulture Research</i> , 2014 , 1, 14016 | 7.7 | 124 |
| 22 | Validation by isolation and expression analyses of the mitogen-activated protein kinase gene family in the grapevine (Vitis vinifera L.). <i>Australian Journal of Grape and Wine Research</i> , 2014 , 20, 255-262 | 2.4 | 11 |

| 21 | Inspection of the grapevine BURP superfamily highlights an expansion of RD22 genes with distinctive expression features in berry development and ABA-mediated stress responses. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e110372 | 3.7 | 31 |
|----|--|----------------------|-----|
| 20 | The plasticity of the grapevine berry transcriptome. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2013 , 14, r54 | 18.3 | 119 |
| 19 | Selective defoliation affects plant growth, fruit transcriptional ripening program and flavonoid metabolism in grapevine. <i>BMC Plant Biology</i> , 2013 , 13, 30 | 5.3 | 79 |
| 18 | De novo transcriptome characterization of Vitis vinifera cv. Corvina unveils varietal diversity. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2013 , 14, 41 | 4.5 | 82 |
| 17 | Skin pectin metabolism during the postharvest dehydration of berries from three distinct grapevine cultivars. <i>Australian Journal of Grape and Wine Research</i> , 2013 , 19, 171-179 | 2.4 | 38 |
| 16 | Genome-wide analysis of the expansin gene superfamily reveals grapevine-specific structural and functional characteristics. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e62206 | 3.7 | 79 |
| 15 | The evolutionary history and diverse physiological roles of the grapevine calcium-dependent protein kinase gene family. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013 , 8, e80818 | 3.7 | 44 |
| 14 | The grapevine expression atlas reveals a deep transcriptome shift driving the entire plant into a maturation program. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2012 , 24, 3489-505 | 11.6 | 252 |
| 13 | Transcriptomics and Metabolomics for the Analysis of Grape Berry Development 2012 , 218-240 | | 4 |
| 12 | Revealing impaired pathways in the an11 mutant by high-throughput characterization of Petunia axillaris and Petunia inflata transcriptomes. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2011 , 68, 11-27 | 6.9 | 31 |
| 11 | Overexpression of PhEXPA1 increases cell size, modifies cell wall polymer composition and affects the timing of axillary meristem development in Petunia hybrida. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2011 , 191, 662-677 | 9.8 | 48 |
| 10 | Increasing the source/sink ratio in Vitis vinifera (cv Sangiovese) induces extensive transcriptome reprogramming and modifies berry ripening. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2011 , 12, 631 | 4.5 | 58 |
| 9 | PhEXPA1, a Petunia hybrida expansin, is involved in cell wall metabolism and in plant architecture specification. <i>Plant Signaling and Behavior</i> , 2011 , 6, 2031-4 | 2.5 | 9 |
| 8 | Molecular analysis of post-harvest withering in grape by AFLP transcriptional profiling. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2008 , 59, 4145-59 | 7 | 73 |
| 7 | Effect of various thermo-hygrometric conditions on the withering kinetics of grapes used for the production of Amaroneland Reciotolwines. <i>Journal of Food Engineering</i> , 2008 , 85, 350-358 | 6 | 40 |
| 6 | Downregulation of the Petunia hybrida alpha-expansin gene PhEXP1 reduces the amount of crystalline cellulose in cell walls and leads to phenotypic changes in petal limbs. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2004 , 16, 29 | 5 ⁻¹ 3108 | 121 |
| 5 | Expression of rolB in tobacco flowers affects the coordinated processes of anther dehiscence and style elongation. <i>Plant Journal</i> , 2004 , 38, 512-25 | 6.9 | 57 |
| 4 | Improved in planta expression of the human islet autoantigen glutamic acid decarboxylase (GAD65). <i>Transgenic Research</i> , 2003 , 12, 203-12 | 3.3 | 26 |

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

| 3 | Toward the analysis of the petunia MADS box gene family by reverse and forward transposon insertion mutagenesis approaches: B, C, and D floral organ identity functions require SEPALLATA-like MADS box genes in petunia. <i>Plant Cell</i> , 2003 , 15, 2680-93 | 11.6 | 140 |
|---|---|------|-----|
| 2 | Stilbene compounds and stilbene synthase expression during ripening, wilting, and UV treatment in grape cv. Corvina. <i>Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry</i> , 2001 , 49, 5531-6 | 5.7 | 142 |
| 1 | Ethylene Evolution and 1-Aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylate Oxidase Gene Expression during Early Development and Ripening of Peach Fruit. <i>Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science</i> , 1997 , 122, 642-647 | 2.3 | 82 |