Jarmo Holopainen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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214 papers

10,214 citations

52 h-index 49773 87 g-index

220 all docs

220 docs citations

times ranked

220

7643 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	BVOC Emissions From a Subarctic Ecosystem, as Controlled by Insect Herbivore Pressure and Temperature. Ecosystems, 2022, 25, 872-891.	1.6	5
2	Proteinaceous elicitor from a secretion of eggâ€laying insect herbivore induces plant emission that attracts egg parasitoids. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2022, 45, 1029-1032.	2.8	2
3	Effects of elevated ozone and warming on terpenoid emissions and concentrations of Norway spruce depend on needle phenology and age. Tree Physiology, 2022, , .	1.4	4
4	Potential of Climate Change and Herbivory to Affect the Release and Atmospheric Reactions of BVOCs from Boreal and Subarctic Forests. Molecules, 2021, 26, 2283.	1.7	10
5	Environmentally acquired chemical camouflage affects Pieris brassicae L. host plant selection and orientation behaviour of a larval parasitoid. Arthropod-Plant Interactions, 2021, 15, 299-312.	0.5	4
6	Changes in light spectra modify secondary compound concentrations and BVOC emissions of Norway spruce seedlings. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2021, 51, 1218-1229.	0.8	5
7	Seasonal Volatile Emission Patterns of the Endemic New Zealand Shrub Dracophyllum subulatum on the North Island Central Plateau. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2021, 12, 734531.	1.7	4
8	Herbivory and Attenuated UV Radiation Affect Volatile Emissions of the Invasive Weed Calluna vulgaris. Molecules, 2020, 25, 3200.	1.7	9
9	Effects of Two Invasive Weeds on Arthropod Community Structure on the Central Plateau of New Zealand. Plants, 2020, 9, 919.	1.6	6
10	Seasonal and environmental variation in volatile emissions of the New Zealand native plant Leptospermum scoparium in weed-invaded and non-invaded sites. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 11736.	1.6	11
11	Methyl Salicylate and Sesquiterpene Emissions Are Indicative for Aphid Infestation on Scots Pine. Forests, 2020, 11, 573.	0.9	9
12	Herbivore Gender Effects on Volatile Induction in Aspen and on Olfactory Responses in Leaf Beetles. Forests, 2020, 11, 638.	0.9	4
13	The phytotoxic air-pollutant O3 enhances the emission of herbivore-induced volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and affects the susceptibility of black mustard plants to pest attack. Environmental Pollution, 2020, 265, 115030.	3.7	11
14	Natural Variation in Volatile Emissions of the Invasive Weed Calluna vulgaris in New Zealand. Plants, 2020, 9, 283.	1.6	21
15	Functional Role of Extrafloral Nectar in Boreal Forest Ecosystems under Climate Change. Forests, 2020, 11, 67.	0.9	6
16	Deposition of α-pinene oxidation products on plant surfaces affects plant VOC emission and herbivore feeding and oviposition. Environmental Pollution, 2020, 263, 114437.	3.7	7
17	Tissue Microbiome of Norway Spruce Affected by Heterobasidion-Induced Wood Decay. Microbial Ecology, 2019, 77, 640-650.	1.4	24
18	Secondary Organic Aerosol Formation from Healthy and Aphid-Stressed Scots Pine Emissions. ACS Earth and Space Chemistry, 2019, 3, 1756-1772.	1.2	32

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19	Unravelling the functions of biogenic volatiles in boreal and temperate forest ecosystems. European Journal of Forest Research, 2019, 138, 763-787.	1.1	53
20	Evaluation of potential genetic and chemical markers for Scots pine tolerance against Heterobasidion annosum infection. Planta, 2019, 250, 1881-1895.	1.6	24
21	Dual RNA-seq analysis provides new insights into interactions between Norway spruce and necrotrophic pathogen Heterobasidion annosum s.l BMC Plant Biology, 2019, 19, 2.	1.6	34
22	Potential roles of volatile organic compounds in plant competition. Perspectives in Plant Ecology, Evolution and Systematics, 2019, 38, 58-63.	1.1	46
23	Foliar behaviour of biogenic semi-volatiles: potential applications in sustainable pest management. Arthropod-Plant Interactions, 2019, 13, 193-212.	0.5	38
24	Combined effects of elevated ozone, temperature, and nitrogen on stem phenolic concentrations of Scots pine (<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>) seedlings. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2019, 49, 246-255.	0.8	8
25	Terpene Composition Complexity Controls Secondary Organic Aerosol Yields from Scots Pine Volatile Emissions. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 3053.	1.6	44
26	Covariation and phenotypic integration in chemical communication displays: biosynthetic constraints and ecoâ€evolutionary implications. New Phytologist, 2018, 220, 739-749.	3.5	101
27	New Light for Phytochemicals. Trends in Biotechnology, 2018, 36, 7-10.	4.9	38
28	Understorey Rhododendron tomentosum and Leaf Trichome Density Affect Mountain Birch VOC Emissions in the Subarctic. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 13261.	1.6	17
29	Climate Change Effects on Secondary Compounds of Forest Trees in the Northern Hemisphere. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2018, 9, 1445.	1.7	135
30	Ozone disrupts adsorption of Rhododendron tomentosum volatiles to neighbouring plant surfaces, but does not disturb herbivore repellency. Environmental Pollution, 2018, 240, 775-780.	3.7	11
31	Scots pine provenance affects the emission rate and chemical composition of volatile organic compounds of forest floor. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2018, 48, 1373-1381.	0.8	14
32	Hylobius abietisL. feeding on the novel hostPinus brutiaTen. increases emission of volatile organic compounds. Journal of Applied Entomology, 2017, 141, 133-140.	0.8	9
33	Herbivore-induced BVOC emissions of Scots pine under warming, elevated ozone and increased nitrogen availability in an open-field exposure. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 2017, 242, 21-32.	1.9	33
34	Warming and elevated ozone differently modify needle anatomy of Norway spruce (<i>Picea abies</i>) and Scots pine (<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>). Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2017, 47, 488-499.	0.8	19
35	Passive Adsorption of Volatile Monoterpene in Pest Control: Aided by Proximity and Disrupted by Ozone. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2017, 65, 9579-9586.	2.4	12
36	The responses of shoot-root-rhizosphere continuum to simultaneous fertilizer addition, warming, ozone and herbivory in young Scots pine seedlings in a high latitude field experiment. Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 2017, 114, 279-294.	4.2	29

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37	Plant-derived Secondary Organic Material in the Air and Ecosystems. Trends in Plant Science, 2017, 22, 744-753.	4.3	39
38	Targeted use of LEDs in improvement of production efficiency through phytochemical enrichment. Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture, 2017, 97, 5059-5064.	1.7	39
39	A field study with geometrid moths to test the coevolution hypothesis of red autumn colours in deciduous trees. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2017, 165, 29-37.	0.7	4
40	Elevated Ozone Modulates Herbivore-Induced Volatile Emissions of Brassica nigra and Alters a Tritrophic Interaction. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2016, 42, 368-381.	0.9	22
41	Herbivory by an Outbreaking Moth Increases Emissions of Biogenic Volatiles and Leads to Enhanced Secondary Organic Aerosol Formation Capacity. Environmental Science & Echnology, 2016, 50, 11501-11510.	4.6	34
42	Language of plants: Where is the word?. Journal of Integrative Plant Biology, 2016, 58, 343-349.	4.1	68
43	Atmospheric transformation of plant volatiles disrupts host plant finding. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 33851.	1.6	40
44	Increases in volatile organic compound emissions of Scots pine in response to elevated ozone and warming are modified by herbivory and soil nitrogen availability. European Journal of Forest Research, 2016, 135, 343-360.	1,1	52
45	The effect of warming and enhanced ultraviolet radiation on gender-specific emissions of volatile organic compounds from European aspen. Science of the Total Environment, 2016, 547, 39-47.	3.9	27
46	Effect of bark beetle (Ips typographus L.) attack on bark VOC emissions of Norway spruce (Picea abies) Tj ETQq(0 0 _{1.9} gBT	/Oyerlock 10
47	Biotic stress accelerates formation of climate-relevant aerosols in boreal forests. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2015, 15, 12139-12157.	1.9	48
48	Do Insectivorous Birds use Volatile Organic Compounds from Plants as Olfactory Foraging Cues? Three Experimental Tests. Ethology, 2015, 121, 1131-1144.	0.5	23
49	Ozone affects growth and development of Pieris brassicae on the wild host plant Brassica nigra. Environmental Pollution, 2015, 199, 119-129.	3.7	39
50	Volatile organic compounds emitted from silver birch of different provenances across a latitudinal gradient in Finland. Tree Physiology, 2015, 35, 975-986.	1.4	18
51	Activation of defence pathways in Scots pine bark after feeding by pine weevil (Hylobius abietis). BMC Genomics, 2015, 16, 352.	1.2	31
52	Utilizing associational resistance for biocontrol: impacted by temperature, supported by indirect defence. BMC Ecology, 2015, 15, 16.	3.0	26
53	Contrasting responses of silver birch VOC emissions to short- and long-term herbivory. Tree Physiology, 2014, 34, 241-252.	1.4	33
54	Plant volatiles in polluted atmospheres: stress responses and signal degradation. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2014, 37, 1892-1904.	2.8	150

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55	Induced defenses of Veronica spicata: Variability in herbivore-induced volatile organic compounds. Phytochemistry Letters, 2013, 6, 653-656.	0.6	18
56	Needle Removal by Pine Sawfly Larvae Increases Branch-Level VOC Emissions and Reduces Below-Ground Emissions of Scots Pine. Environmental Science & Environmental Science & 2013, 47, 4325-4332.	4.6	33
57	Ecological Functions of Terpenoids in Changing Climates. , 2013, , 2913-2940.		14
58	Pre-exposure to nitric oxide modulates the effect of ozone on oxidative defenses and volatile emissions in lima bean. Environmental Pollution, 2013, 179, 111-119.	3.7	23
59	Loss of isoprene-emitting capacity: deleterious for trees?. Tree Physiology, 2013, 33, 559-561.	1.4	2
60	Plant–animal communication. Annals of Botany, 2013, 111, vii-vii.	1.4	1
61	Where do herbivore-induced plant volatiles go?. Frontiers in Plant Science, 2013, 4, 185.	1.7	120
62	Multitrophic Signalling in Polluted Atmospheres. Tree Physiology, 2013, , 285-314.	0.9	16
63	Molecular Plant Volatile Communication. Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology, 2012, 739, 17-31.	0.8	75
64	Genotypic variation in yellow autumn leaf colours explains aphid load in silver birch. New Phytologist, 2012, 195, 461-469.	3.5	65
65	Influence of tree provenance on biogenic VOC emissions of Scots pine (Pinus sylvestris) stumps. Atmospheric Environment, 2012, 60, 477-485.	1.9	32
66	Spring versus autumn leaf colours: Evidence for different selective agents and evolution in various species and floras. Flora: Morphology, Distribution, Functional Ecology of Plants, 2012, 207, 80-85.	0.6	28
67	Herbivoreâ€induced aspen volatiles temporally regulate two different indirect defences in neighbouring plants. Functional Ecology, 2012, 26, 1176-1185.	1.7	40
68	Manipulation of VOC emissions with methyl jasmonate and carrageenan in the evergreen conifer <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> and evergreen broadleaf <i>Quercus ilex</i> . Plant Biology, 2012, 14, 57-65.	1.8	24
69	Mass yields of secondary organic aerosols from the oxidation of \hat{l} ±-pinene and real plant emissions. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2011, 11, 1367-1378.	1.9	68
70	Bounce behavior of freshly nucleated biogenic secondary organic aerosol particles. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2011, 11, 8759-8766.	1.9	92
71	Cordeauxia edulis and Rhododendron tomentosum extracts disturb orientation and feeding behavior of Hylobius abietis and Phyllodecta laticollis. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2011, 138, 162-174.	0.7	30
72	Few long-term effects of simulated climate change on volatile organic compound emissions and leaf chemistry of three subarctic dwarf shrubs. Environmental and Experimental Botany, 2011, 72, 377-386.	2.0	36

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73	Feeding of large pine weevil on Scots pine stem triggers localised bark and systemic shoot emission of volatile organic compounds. Environmental and Experimental Botany, 2011, 71, 390-390.	2.0	50
74	Non-methane biogenic volatile organic compound emissions from boreal peatland microcosms under warming and water table drawdown. Biogeochemistry, 2011, 106, 503-516.	1.7	22
75	Air pollution impedes plant-to-plant communication, but what is the signal?. Plant Signaling and Behavior, 2011, 6, 1016-1018.	1.2	4
76	How red is the red autumn leaf herring and did it lose its red color?. Plant Signaling and Behavior, 2011, 6, 1879-1880.	1.2	5
77	Can forest trees compensate for stress-generated growth losses by induced production of volatile compounds?. Tree Physiology, 2011, 31, 1356-1377.	1.4	71
78	Non-Methane Biogenic Volatile Organic Compound Emissions from a Subarctic Peatland Under Enhanced UV-B Radiation. Ecosystems, 2010, 13, 860-873.	1.6	25
79	Yeheb (Cordeauxia edulis) extract deters feeding and oviposition of Plutella xylostella and attracts its natural enemy. BioControl, 2010, 55, 613-624.	0.9	18
80	Plant Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Ozone (O3) Polluted Atmospheres: The Ecological Effects. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2010, 36, 22-34.	0.9	148
81	Leaf Volatile Emissions of Betula pendula during Autumn Coloration and Leaf Fall. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2010, 36, 1068-1075.	0.9	33
82	Effect of vegetation removal and water table drawdown on the non-methane biogenic volatile organic compound emissions in boreal peatland microcosms. Atmospheric Environment, 2010, 44, 4432-4439.	1.9	21
83	Abiotic stress and transgenics: Implications for reproductive success and crop-to-wild gene flow in Brassicas. Basic and Applied Ecology, 2010, 11, 513-521.	1.2	6
84	Diversity of volatile organic compound emissions from flowering and vegetative branches of Yeheb, <i>Cordeauxia edulis</i> (Caesalpiniaceae), a threatened evergreen desert shrub. Flavour and Fragrance Journal, 2010, 25, 83-92.	1.2	17
85	Birch (<i>Betula</i> spp.) leaves adsorb and reâ€release volatiles specific to neighbouring plants – a mechanism for associational herbivore resistance?. New Phytologist, 2010, 186, 722-732.	3.5	165
86	Doubled volatile organic compound emissions from subarctic tundra under simulated climate warming. New Phytologist, 2010, 187, 199-208.	3.5	78
87	Wood borer performance and wood characteristics of droughtâ€stressed Scots pine seedlings. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2010, 137, 105-110.	0.7	10
88	Do elevated atmospheric CO ₂ and O ₃ affect food quality and performance of folivorous insects on silver birch?. Global Change Biology, 2010, 16, 918-935.	4.2	25
89	An amorphous solid state of biogenic secondary organic aerosol particles. Nature, 2010, 467, 824-827.	13.7	719
90	Realâ€time monitoring of herbivore induced volatile emissions in the field. Physiologia Plantarum, 2010, 138, 123-133.	2.6	93

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91	Air pollution impedes plantâ€toâ€plant communication by volatiles. Ecology Letters, 2010, 13, 1172-1181.	3.0	83
92	Foliar methyl salicylate emissions indicate prolonged aphid infestation on silver birch and black alder. Tree Physiology, 2010, 30, 404-416.	1.4	64
93	Elevation of night-time temperature increases terpenoid emissions from Betula pendula and Populus tremula. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2010, 61, 1583-1595.	2.4	56
94	Plant-emitted semi-volatiles shape the infochemical environment and herbivore resistance of heterospecific neighbors. Plant Signaling and Behavior, 2010, 5, 1234-1236.	1.2	7
95	Human Urine and Wood Ash as Plant Nutrients for Red Beet (<i>Beta vulgaris</i>) Cultivation: Impacts on Yield Quality. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2010, 58, 2034-2039.	2.4	42
96	Multiple stress factors and the emission of plant VOCs. Trends in Plant Science, 2010, 15, 176-184.	4.3	715
97	Interactions of ectomycorrhizas and above-ground insect herbivores on silver birch. Plant Signaling and Behavior, 2009, 4, 355-357.	1.2	3
98	Degree of herbivore feeding damage as an important contributor to multitrophic plant-parasitoid signaling under climate change. Plant Signaling and Behavior, 2009, 4, 249-251.	1.2	4
99	Contribution of vegetation and water table on isoprene emission from boreal peatland microcosms. Atmospheric Environment, 2009, 43, 5469-5475.	1.9	27
100	Effects of elevated carbon dioxide and ozone on volatile terpenoid emissions and multitrophic communication of transgenic insecticidal oilseed rape (<i>Brassica napus</i>). New Phytologist, 2009, 181, 174-186.	3.5	94
101	Why redâ€dominated autumn leaves in America and yellowâ€dominated autumn leaves in Northern Europe?. New Phytologist, 2009, 183, 506-512.	3.5	57
102	Elevated atmospheric ozone increases concentration of insecticidal Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) Cry1Ac protein in Bt Brassica napus and reduces feeding of a Bt target herbivore on the non-transgenic parent. Environmental Pollution, 2009, 157, 181-185.	3.7	11
103	Pine weevil feeding on Norway spruce bark has a stronger impact on needle VOC emissions than enhanced ultraviolet-B radiation. Environmental Pollution, 2009, 157, 174-180.	3.7	60
104	Smelling global climate change: mitigation of function for plant volatile organic compounds. Trends in Ecology and Evolution, 2009, 24, 323-331.	4.2	192
105	Stored Human Urine Supplemented with Wood Ash as Fertilizer in Tomato (Solanum lycopersicum) Cultivation and Its Impacts on Fruit Yield and Quality. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2009, 57, 7612-7617.	2.4	56
106	Rising Atmospheric CO2Concentration Partially Masks the Negative Effects of Elevated O3in Silver Birch (Betula pendula Roth). Ambio, 2009, 38, 418-424.	2.8	17
107	Life-history strategies affect aphid preference for yellowing leaves. Biology Letters, 2009, 5, 603-605.	1.0	61
108	New particle formation from the oxidation of direct emissions of pine seedlings. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2009, 9, 8121-8137.	1.9	64

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109	Potential for the Use of Exogenous Chemical Elicitors in Disease and Insect Pest Management of Conifer Seedling Production. The Open Forest Science Journal, 2009, 2, 17-24.	0.9	40
110	Effect of Long-Term Forest Fertilization on Scots Pine Xylem Quality and Wood Borer Performance. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2008, 34, 26-31.	0.9	8
111	The Significance of Ectomycorrhizas in Chemical Quality of Silver Birch Foliage and Above-Ground Insect Herbivore Performance. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2008, 34, 1322-1330.	0.9	13
112	Constitutive and herbivore-inducible glucosinolate concentrations in oilseed rape (Brassica napus) leaves are not affected by Bt Cry1Ac insertion but change under elevated atmospheric CO2 and O3. Planta, 2008, 227, 427-37.	1.6	45
113	Importance of olfactory and visual signals of autumn leaves in the coevolution of aphids and trees. BioEssays, 2008, 30, 889-896.	1.2	27
114	Elevated ozone modifies the feeding behaviour of the common leaf weevil on hybrid aspen through shifts in developmental, chemical, and structural properties of leaves. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2008, 128, 66-72.	0.7	21
115	Longâ€term effects of exogenous methyl jasmonate application on Scots pine (Pinus sylvestris) needle chemical defence and diprionid sawfly performance. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2008, 128, 162-171.	0.7	40
116	Climatic warming increases isoprene emission from a subarctic heath. New Phytologist, 2008, 180, 853-863.	3.5	74
117	The influence of different nutrient levels on insectâ€induced plant volatiles in Bt and conventional oilseed rape plants. Plant Biology, 2008, 10, 97-107.	1.8	40
118	Interactions of elevated carbon dioxide and temperature with aphid feeding on transgenic oilseed rape: Are <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> (Bt) plants more susceptible to nontarget herbivores in future climate?. Global Change Biology, 2008, 14, 1437-1454.	4.2	45
119	Host location behavior of Cotesia plutellae Kurdjumov (Hymenoptera: Braconidae) in ambient and moderately elevated ozone in field conditions. Environmental Pollution, 2008, 156, 227-231.	3.7	26
120	From Plants to Birds: Higher Avian Predation Rates in Trees Responding to Insect Herbivory. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e2832.	1.1	128
121	Use of Human Urine Fertilizer in Cultivation of Cabbage (⟨i⟩⟨i⟩Brassica oleracea⟨ i⟩⟨ i⟩)⟨b⟩––Impacts on Chemical, Microbial, and Flavor Quality⟨ b⟩. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2007, 55, 8657-8663.	2.4	76
122	Presence of Lythrum salicariaenhances the bodyguard effects of the parasitoid Asecodes mentofor Filipendula ulmaria. Oikos, 2007, 116, 482-490.	1.2	43
123	Emission of herbivore-induced volatile terpenoids from two hybrid aspen (Populus tremula \tilde{A} —) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784 Biology, 2007, 13, 2538-2550.	314 rgBT 4.2	Overlock 10 98
124	Isoprene emission from a subarctic peatland under enhanced UVâ€B radiation. New Phytologist, 2007, 176, 346-355.	3.5	81
125	Short feeding period of carrot psyllid (TriozaÂapicalis) females at early growth stages of carrot reduces yield and causes leaf discolouration. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2007, 125, 277-283.	0.7	30
126	Isoprene emissions from boreal peatland microcosms; effects of elevated ozone concentration in an open field experiment. Atmospheric Environment, 2007, 41, 3819-3828.	1.9	24

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127	The effects of increasing atmospheric ozone on biogenic monoterpene profiles and the formation of secondary aerosols. Atmospheric Environment, 2007, 41, 4877-4887.	1.9	51
128	Variation in needle terpenoids among Pinus sylvestris L. (Pinaceae) provenances from Turkey. Biochemical Systematics and Ecology, 2007, 35, 652-661.	0.6	45
129	Effects of elevated CO2 and O3 on leaf litter phenolics and subsequent performance of litter-feeding soil macrofauna. Plant and Soil, 2007, 292, 25-43.	1.8	43
130	Ozone Degrades Common Herbivore-Induced Plant Volatiles: Does This Affect Herbivore Prey Location by Predators and Parasitoids?. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2007, 33, 683-694.	0.9	128
131	The Role of Ozone-reactive Compounds, Terpenes, and Green Leaf Volatiles (GLVs), in the Orientation of Cotesia plutellae. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2007, 33, 2218-2228.	0.9	69
132	Epirrita autumnata induced VOC emission of silver birch differ from emission induced by leaf fungal pathogen. Arthropod-Plant Interactions, 2007, 1, 159-165.	0.5	72
133	Long-term exposure to enhanced UV-B radiation has no significant effects on growth or secondary compounds of outdoor-grown Scots pine and Norway spruce seedlings. Environmental Pollution, 2006, 144, 166-171.	3.7	33
134	Effects of elevated carbon dioxide and ozone on aphid oviposition preference and birch bud exudate phenolics. Global Change Biology, 2006, 12, 1670-1679.	4.2	40
135	The influence of exogenous monoterpene treatment and elevated temperature on growth, physiology, chemical content and headspace volatiles of two carrot cultivars (Daucus carota L.). Environmental and Experimental Botany, 2006, 56, 95-107.	2.0	20
136	Nanoparticle formation by ozonolysis of inducible plant volatiles. Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics, 2005, 5, 1489-1495.	1.9	94
137	Application of methyl jasmonate reduces growth but increases chemical defence and resistance against Hylobius abietis in Scots pine seedlings. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2005, 115, 117-124.	0.7	110
138	Emission of non-methane volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from boreal peatland microcosmsâ€"effects of ozone exposure. Atmospheric Environment, 2005, 39, 921-930.	1.9	34
139	Emission of volatile organic compounds from two silver birch (Roth) clones grown under ambient and elevated CO and different O concentrations. Atmospheric Environment, 2005, 39, 1185-1197.	1.9	87
140	Resistance of Scots pine wood to Brown-rot fungi after long-term forest fertilization. Trees - Structure and Function, 2005, 19, 729-735.	0.9	11
141	Response of Plutella xylostella and its Parasitoid Cotesia plutellae to Volatile Compounds. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2005, 31, 1969-1984.	0.9	46
142	Influence of Carrot Psyllid (Trioza apicalis) Feeding or Exogenous Limonene or Methyl Jasmonate Treatment on Composition of Carrot (Daucus carota) Leaf Essential Oil and Headspace Volatiles. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2005, 53, 8631-8638.	2.4	31
143	Effects of Cyclamen Mite (Phytonemus pallidus) and Leaf Beetle (Galerucella tenella) Damage on Volatile Emission from Strawberry (Fragaria—ananassaDuch.) Plants and Orientation of Predatory Mites (Neoseiulus cucumeris,N. californicus,andEuseius finlandicus). Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2005, 53, 8624-8630.	2.4	21
144	Emission of Plutella xylostella-Induced Compounds from Cabbages Grown at Elevated CO2 and Orientation Behavior of the Natural Enemies. Plant Physiology, 2004, 135, 1984-1992.	2.3	157

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145	Monoterpene and herbivore-induced emissions from cabbage plants grown at elevated atmospheric CO2 concentration. Atmospheric Environment, 2004, 38, 675-682.	1.9	78
146	Significance of Wood Terpenoids in the Resistance of Scots Pine Provenances Against the Old House Borer, Hylotrupes bajulus, and Brown-Rot Fungus, Coniophora puteana. Journal of Chemical Ecology, 2004, 30, 125-141.	0.9	27
147	Effects of limonene on the growth and physiology of cabbage(Brassica oleracea L) and carrot(Daucus) Tj ETQq1 1	0.78431 1.7	4 rgBT /Over
148	Reproductive capacity of the grey pine aphid and allocation response of Scots pine seedlings across temperature gradients: a test of hypotheses predicting outcomes of global warming. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2004, 34, 94-102.	0.8	19
149	Elevated Atmospheric CO2 Affects the Chemical Quality of Brassica Plants and the Growth Rate of the Specialist, Plutella xylostella, but Not the Generalist, Spodoptera littoralis. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2004, 52, 4185-4191.	2.4	38
150	Chemical Changes Induced by Methyl Jasmonate in Oilseed Rape Grown in the Laboratory and in the Field. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2004, 52, 7607-7613.	2.4	55
151	Ozone exposure triggers the emission of herbivore-induced plant volatiles, but does not disturb tritrophic signalling. Environmental Pollution, 2004, 131, 305-311.	3.7	99
152	Multiple functions of inducible plant volatiles. Trends in Plant Science, 2004, 9, 529-533.	4.3	325
153	Decomposition of secondary compounds from needle litter of Scots pine grown under elevated CO2 and O3. Global Change Biology, 2003, 9, 295-304.	4.2	40
154	Contrasting effects of elevated carbon dioxide concentration and temperature on Rubisco activity, chlorophyll fluorescence, needle ultrastructure and secondary metabolites in conifer seedlings. Tree Physiology, 2003, 23, 97-108.	1.4	144
155	Secondary Metabolite Concentrations and Terpene Emissions of Scots Pine Xylem after Longâ€√erm Forest Fertilization. Journal of Environmental Quality, 2002, 31, 1694-1701.	1.0	31
156	Concentrations of secondary compounds in Scots pine needles at different stages of decomposition. Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 2002, 34, 37-42.	4.2	109
157	Comparing the VOC emissions between air-dried and heat-treated Scots pine wood. Atmospheric Environment, 2002, 36, 1763-1768.	1.9	164
158	Bright autumn colours of deciduous trees attract aphids: nutrient retranslocation hypothesis. Oikos, 2002, 99, 184-188.	1.2	102
159	Aphid response to elevated ozone and CO 2. Entomologia Experimentalis Et Applicata, 2002, 104, 137-142.	0.7	47
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