

Justin R Hamilton

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

50
papers

1,839
citations

304743

22
h-index

265206

42
g-index

50
all docs

50
docs citations

50
times ranked

2191
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The PAR4 Platelet Thrombin Receptor Variant rs773902 does not Impact the Incidence of Thrombotic or Bleeding Events in a Healthy Older Population. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2022, 122, 1130-1138.	3.4	1
2	An extensional strain sensing mechanosome drives adhesion-independent platelet activation at supraphysiological hemodynamic gradients. <i>BMC Biology</i> , 2022, 20, 73.	3.8	7
3	Neutrophil cathepsin G proteolysis of protease-activated receptor 4 generates a novel, functional tethered ligand. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2022, 6, 2303-2308.	5.2	5
4	Phosphoinositide 3-Kinases as Potential Targets for Thrombosis Prevention. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2022, 23, 4840.	4.1	6
5	Identification of a Distinct Platelet Phenotype in the Elderly: ADP Hypersensitivity Coexists With Platelet PAR (Protease-Activated Receptor)-1 and PAR-4 Mediated Thrombin Resistance. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2022, 42, 960-972.	2.4	4
6	Ionotropic glutamate receptors in platelets: opposing effects and a unifying hypothesis. <i>Platelets</i> , 2021, 32, 998-1008.	2.3	6
7	Proteinase-activated receptors in GtoPdb v.2021.3. IUPHAR/BPS Guide To Pharmacology CITE, 2021, 2021, .	0.2	0
8	Disrupting the platelet internal membrane via PI3KC2Î± inhibition impairs thrombosis independently of canonical platelet activation. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2020, 12, .	12.4	16
9	Determination of PAR4 numbers on the surface of human platelets: no effect of the single nucleotide polymorphism rs773902. <i>Platelets</i> , 2020, 32, 1-4.	2.3	2
10	Analysis of the F2LR3 (PAR4) Single Nucleotide Polymorphism (rs773902) in an Indigenous Australian Population. <i>Frontiers in Genetics</i> , 2020, 11, 432.	2.3	2
11	Shared roles for Scl and Lyl1 in murine platelet production and function. <i>Blood</i> , 2019, 134, 826-835.	1.4	15
12	Illustrated State-of-the-Art Capsules of the ISTH 2019 Congress in Melbourne, Australia. <i>Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2019, 3, 431-497.	2.3	11
13	The mode of anesthesia influences outcome in mouse models of arterial thrombosis. <i>Research and Practice in Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2019, 3, 197-206.	2.3	12
14	Using PAR4 Inhibition as an Anti-Thrombotic Approach: Why, How, and When?. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2019, 20, 5629.	4.1	20
15	The $PI3K\beta$ kinase $PI3KC2\alpha$ regulates mouse platelet membrane structure and function independently of membrane lipid composition. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2019, 593, 88-96.	2.8	12
16	Proteinase-activated receptors (version 2019.4) in the IUPHAR/BPS Guide to Pharmacology Database. IUPHAR/BPS Guide To Pharmacology CITE, 2019, 2019, .	0.2	3
17	Structure and function of the open canalicular system – the platelet’s specialized internal membrane network. <i>Platelets</i> , 2018, 29, 319-325.	2.3	42
18	Perinatal lethality of <i>Par4</i> ^{−/−} mice delivered by primiparous dams reveals spontaneous bleeding in mice without platelet thrombin receptor function. <i>Platelets</i> , 2018, 29, 196-198.	2.3	2

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19	A function-blocking PAR4 antibody is markedly antithrombotic in the face of a hyperreactive PAR4 variant. <i>Blood Advances</i> , 2018, 2, 1283-1293.	5.2	24
20	Inhibition of NMDA receptor function with an anti-GluN1-S2 antibody impairs human platelet function and thrombosis. <i>Platelets</i> , 2017, 28, 799-811.	2.3	18
21	Challenges and Opportunities in Protease-Activated Receptor Drug Development. <i>Annual Review of Pharmacology and Toxicology</i> , 2017, 57, 349-373.	9.4	50
22	Class II Phosphoinositide 3-Kinases as Novel Drug Targets. <i>Journal of Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2017, 60, 47-65.	6.4	26
23	Drugs targeting protease-activated receptor-4 improve the anti-thrombotic therapeutic window. <i>Annals of Translational Medicine</i> , 2017, 5, 464-464.	1.7	7
24	Inhibition of protease-activated receptor 4 impairs platelet procoagulant activity during thrombus formation in human blood. <i>Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2016, 14, 1642-1654.	3.8	42
25	Protease-activated receptor 4: from structure to function and back again. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2016, 173, 2952-2965.	5.4	42
26	Discovery and antiplatelet activity of a selective PI3K β inhibitor (MIPS-9922). <i>European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2016, 122, 339-351.	5.5	31
27	Combined deficiency of PI3KC2 α and PI3KC2 β reveals a nonredundant role for PI3KC2 α in regulating mouse platelet structure and thrombus stability. <i>Platelets</i> , 2016, 27, 402-409.	2.3	15
28	Humanizing the Protease-Activated Receptor (PAR) Expression Profile in Mouse Platelets by Knocking PAR1 into the Par3 Locus Reveals PAR1 Expression Is Not Tolerated in Mouse Platelets. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016, 11, e0165565.	2.5	16
29	Thrombin-induced reactive oxygen species generation in platelets: A novel role for protease-activated receptor 4 and GPIb α . <i>Redox Biology</i> , 2015, 6, 640-647.	9.0	59
30	The class II PI 3-kinase, PI3KC2 α , links platelet internal membrane structure to shear-dependent adhesive function. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2015, 6, 6535.	12.8	67
31	Approval of the first protease-activated receptor antagonist: Rationale, development, significance, and considerations of a novel anti-platelet agent. <i>Blood Reviews</i> , 2015, 29, 179-189.	5.7	43
32	Differential Signaling by Protease-Activated Receptors: Implications for Therapeutic Targeting. <i>International Journal of Molecular Sciences</i> , 2014, 15, 6169-6183.	4.1	34
33	The PAR1 antagonist, SCH79797, alters platelet morphology and function independently of PARs. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2013, 109, 164-167.	3.4	10
34	Safety and efficacy of targeting platelet proteinase-activated receptors in combination with existing anti-platelet drugs as antithrombotics in mice. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2012, 166, 2188-2197.	5.4	18
35	The contribution of thrombin-induced platelet activation to thrombus growth is diminished under pathological blood shear conditions. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2012, 107, 328-337.	3.4	21
36	Physiology, pharmacology, and therapeutic potential of protease-activated receptors in vascular disease. , 2012, 134, 246-259.		28

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37	Protease-activated receptors as targets for antiplatelet therapy. <i>Blood Reviews</i> , 2009, 23, 61-65.	5.7	33
38	Essential role of platelet activation via protease activated receptor 4 in tissue factor-initiated inflammation. <i>Arthritis Research and Therapy</i> , 2008, 10, R42.	3.5	35
39	Identification of a fibrin-independent platelet contractile mechanism regulating primary hemostasis and thrombus growth. <i>Blood</i> , 2008, 112, 90-99.	1.4	123
40	Par4 is required for platelet thrombus propagation but not fibrin generation in a mouse model of thrombosis. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2007, 104, 288-292.	7.1	198
41	Combined deficiency of protease-activated receptor-4 and fibrinogen recapitulates the hemostatic defect but not the embryonic lethality of prothrombin deficiency. <i>Blood</i> , 2004, 103, 152-154.	1.4	40
42	Protease-activated receptors 1 and 4 mediate thrombin signaling in endothelial cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2003, 102, 3224-3231.	1.4	166
43	Protection against thrombosis in mice lacking PAR3. <i>Blood</i> , 2002, 100, 3240-3244.	1.4	178
44	Enzymatic activation of endothelial protease-activated receptors is dependent on artery diameter in human and porcine isolated coronary arteries. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 136, 492-501.	5.4	21
45	Protease-Activated Receptor (PAR) 1 but Not PAR2 or PAR4 Mediates Endothelium-Dependent Relaxation to Thrombin and Trypsin in Human Pulmonary Arteries. <i>Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology</i> , 2001, 38, 108-119.	1.9	52
46	Increased Expression of Protease-Activated Receptor-2 (PAR2) and PAR4 in Human Coronary Artery by Inflammatory Stimuli Unveils Endothelium-Dependent Relaxations to PAR2 and PAR4 Agonists. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2001, 89, 92-98.	4.5	138
47	Heterogeneous mechanisms of endothelium-dependent relaxation for thrombin and peptide activators of protease-activated receptor-1 in porcine isolated coronary artery. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2000, 130, 181-188.	5.4	46
48	Protease-activated receptor-2 turnover stimulated independently of receptor activation in porcine coronary endothelial cells. <i>British Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 127, 617-622.	5.4	16
49	Atypical Protease-Activated Receptor Mediates Endothelium-Dependent Relaxation of Human Coronary Arteries. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 1998, 82, 1306-1311.	4.5	73
50	Degranulation enhances release of a stable contractile factor from rabbit polymorphonuclear leukocytes. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 1998, 274, H1545-H1551.	3.2	3