

# Carlos Cabido

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/12179572/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11  
papers

156  
citations

1307594

7  
h-index

1372567

10  
g-index

11  
all docs

11  
docs citations

11  
times ranked

227  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Natural toxins leached from <i>Eucalyptus globulus</i> plantations affect the development and life history of anuran tadpoles. <i>Freshwater Biology</i> , 2022, 67, 378-388.	2.4	10
2	Increased temperature disrupts chemical communication in some species but not others: The importance of local adaptation and distribution. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 8, 1031-1042.	1.9	6
3	Eucalypt leaf litter impairs growth and development of amphibian larvae, inhibits their antipredator responses and alters their physiology. , 2018, 6, coy066.		18
4	Effect of an immune challenge on the anti-predator response of the green Iberian frog ( <i>Pelophylax</i> )	1.6	6
5	Leaf extracts from an exotic tree affect responses to chemical cues in the palmate newt, <i>Lissotriton helveticus</i> . <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2017, 127, 243-251.	1.9	9
6	Urban habitats can affect body size and body condition but not immune response in amphibians. <i>Urban Ecosystems</i> , 2017, 20, 1331-1338.	2.4	28
7	Condition-dependent trade-offs between sexual traits, body condition and immunity: the effect of novel habitats. <i>BMC Evolutionary Biology</i> , 2016, 16, 135.	3.2	10
8	Habitat dependent effects of experimental immune challenge on lizard anti-predator responses. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2016, 70, 1931-1939.	1.4	10
9	Conspecific alarm cues, but not predator cues alone, determine antipredator behavior of larval southern marbled newts, <i>Triturus pygmaeus</i> . <i>Acta Ethologica</i> , 2012, 15, 211-216.	0.9	11
10	Conspicuousness-dependent antipredatory behavior may counteract coloration differences in Iberian rock lizards. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2009, 20, 362-370.	2.2	32
11	Chemosensory predator recognition induces defensive behavior in the slow-worm ( <i>Anguis fragilis</i> ). <i>Canadian Journal of Zoology</i> , 2004, 82, 510-515.	1.0	16