## **Thomas W Schoener**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/12174775/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effects of size selection versus density dependence on life histories: A first experimental probe. Ecology Letters, 2021, 24, 1467-1473.	6.4	2
2	Pulsed seaweed subsidies drive sequential shifts in the effects of lizard predators on island food webs. Ecology Letters, 2019, 22, 1850-1859.	6.4	27
3	Predator-induced collapse of niche structure and species coexistence. Nature, 2019, 570, 58-64.	27.8	109
4	Predator-driven natural selection on risk-taking behavior in anole lizards. Science, 2018, 360, 1017-1020.	12.6	107
5	Recovery of food webs following natural physical disturbances. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2018, 1429, 100-117.	3.8	13
6	Hurricane-induced selection on the morphology of an island lizard. Nature, 2018, 560, 88-91.	27.8	108
7	Lizards on newly created islands independently and rapidly adapt in morphology and diet. Proceedings of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 8812-8816.	7.1	91
8	Marine subsidies change shortâ€ŧerm foraging activity and habitat utilization of terrestrial lizards. Ecology and Evolution, 2017, 7, 10701-10709.	1.9	13
9	The effect of lizards on spiders and wasps: variation with island size and marine subsidy. Ecosphere, 2017, 8, e01909.	2.2	12
10	Predators suppress herbivore outbreaks and enhance plant recovery following hurricanes. Ecology, 2016, 97, 2540-2546.	3.2	11
11	Variation in ecological interaction strength with island area: theory and data from the <scp>B</scp> ahamian archipelago. Global Ecology and Biogeography, 2016, 25, 891-899.	5.8	17
12	Predation-associated modulation of movement-based signals by a Bahamian lizard. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2014, 111, 9187-9192.	7.1	43
13	Pulses of marine subsidies amplify reproductive potential of lizards by increasing individual growth rate. Oikos, 2013, 122, 1496-1504.	2.7	24
14	Predators determine how weather affects the spatial niche of lizard prey: exploring niche dynamics at a fine scale. Ecology, 2012, 93, 2512-2518.	3.2	24
15	Founder Effects Persist Despite Adaptive Differentiation: A Field Experiment with Lizards. Science, 2012, 335, 1086-1089.	12.6	127
16	The Newest Synthesis: Understanding the Interplay of Evolutionary and Ecological Dynamics. Science, 2011, 331, 426-429.	12.6	832
17	Trophic Downgrading of Planet Earth. Science, 2011, 333, 301-306.	12.6	3,030
18	Evolution in ecological field experiments: implications for effect size. Ecology Letters, 2008, 11, 199-207.	6.4	66

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Nonsynchronous recovery of community characteristics in island spiders after a catastrophic hurricane. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2006, 103, 2220-2225.	7.1	46
20	Island Biogeography of Populations: An Introduced Species Transforms Survival Patterns. Science, 2005, 310, 1807-1809.	12.6	31
21	Variable ecological effects of hurricanes: The importance of seasonal timing for survival of lizards on Bahamian islands. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2004, 101, 177-181.	7.1	63
22	Lifeâ€History Models of Extinction: A Test with Island Spiders. American Naturalist, 2003, 162, 558-573.	2.1	22
23	PREDATION ON A COMMON ANOLIS LIZARD: CAN THE FOOD-WEB EFFECTS OF A DEVASTATING PREDATOR BE REVERSED?. Ecological Monographs, 2002, 72, 383-407.	5.4	67
24	Predation on a Common Anolis Lizard: Can the Food-Web Effects of a Devastating Predator Be Reversed?. Ecological Monographs, 2002, 72, 383.	5.4	6
25	AN EXPERIMENTAL TEST FOR PREDATOR-MEDIATED INTERACTIONS AMONG SPIDER SPECIES. Ecology, 2001, 82, 1560-1570.	3.2	19
26	Experimental studies of adaptive differentiation in Bahamian Anolis lizards. Genetica, 2001, 112/113, 399-415.	1.1	67
27	Predators increase the risk of catastrophic extinction of prey populations. Nature, 2001, 412, 183-186.	27.8	125
28	Experimental studies of adaptive differentiation in Bahamian Anolis lizards. Contemporary Issues in Genetics and Evolution, 2001, , 399-415.	0.9	17
29	THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SEXUAL SIZE DIMORPHISM AND HABITAT USE IN GREATER ANTILLEANANOLISLIZARDS. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2000, 54, 259-272.	2.3	80
30	THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SEXUAL SIZE DIMORPHISM AND HABITAT USE IN GREATER ANTILLEAN ANOLIS LIZARDS. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 2000, 54, 259.	2.3	21
31	Indirect Effects in an Experimentally Staged Invasion by a Major Predator. American Naturalist, 1999, 153, 347-358.	2.1	56
32	LIZARDS REDUCE SPIDER SPECIES RICHNESS BY EXCLUDING RARE SPECIES. Ecology, 1998, 79, 503-516.	3.2	90
33	Adaptive differentiation following experimental island colonization in Anolis lizards. Nature, 1997, 387, 70-73.	27.8	421
34	Devastation of prey diversity by experimentally introduced predators in the field. Nature, 1996, 381, 691-694.	27.8	105
35	Food-Web Dynamics on Some Small Subtropical Islands: Effects of Top and Intermediate Predators. , 1996, , 160-169.		20
36	Long-term variation in the effect of lizards on spider density is linked to rainfall. Oecologia, 1995, 103, 133-139.	2.0	33

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	ADAPTATION AND CONSTRAINT IN THE EVOLUTION OF SPECIALIZATION OF BAHAMIAN <i>ANOLIS</i> LIZARDS. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 1994, 48, 1786-1798.	2.3	108
38	Habitat use and ecological interactions of an introduced and a native species of Anolis lizard on Grand Cayman, with a review of the outcomes of anole introductions. Oecologia, 1993, 95, 525-532.	2.0	108
39	Stabilimenta characteristics of the spider Argiope argentata on small islands: support of the predator-defense hypothesis. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 1992, 31, 309.	1.4	57
40	A terrestrial field experiment showing the impact of eliminating top predators on foliage damage. Nature, 1990, 347, 469-472.	27.8	154
41	Lizards reduce food consumption by spiders: mechanisms and consequences. Oecologia, 1990, 83, 150-161.	2.0	66
42	The geographical distribution of rarity: misinterpretation of atlas methods affects some empirical conclusions. Oecologia, 1990, 82, 567-568.	2.0	7
43	Food Webs From the Small to the Large: The Robert H. MacArthur Award Lecture. Ecology, 1989, 70, 1559-1589.	3.2	527
44	Testing for non-randomness in sizes and habitats of West Indian lizards: choice of species pool affects conclusions from null models. Evolutionary Ecology, 1988, 2, 1-26.	1.2	25
45	An Experimental Study of the Effect of Lizards on Webâ€ <del>S</del> pider Communities. Ecological Monographs, 1988, 58, 57-77.	5.4	95
46	High population persistence in a system with high turnover. Nature, 1987, 330, 474-477.	27.8	185
47	A Brief History of Optimal Foraging Ecology. , 1987, , 5-67.		90
48	Mechanistic Approaches to Community Ecology: A New Reductionism. American Zoologist, 1986, 26, 81-106.	0.7	315
49	When Should a Field Experiment Be Counted?: A Reply to Galindo and Krebs. Oikos, 1986, 46, 119.	2.7	4
50	On the degree of consistency expected when different methods are used to estimate competition coefficients from census data. Oecologia, 1985, 67, 591-592.	2.0	16
51	Experiments on dispersal: Short-term floatation of insular anoles, with a review of similar abilities in other terrestrial animals. Oecologia, 1984, 63, 289-294.	2.0	40
52	The time to extinction of a colonizing propagule of lizards increases with island area. Nature, 1983, 302, 332-334.	27.8	96
53	Field Experiments on Interspecific Competition. American Naturalist, 1983, 122, 240-285.	2.1	2,039
54	Diet and sexual dimorphism in the very catholic lizard genus, Leiocephalus of the Bahamas. Oecologia, 1982, 53, 160-169.	2.0	131

4

THOMAS W SCHOENER

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	An empirically based estimate of home range. Theoretical Population Biology, 1981, 20, 281-325.	1.1	291
56	The Dynamics of the Species-Area Relation in Marine Fouling Systems: 1. Biological Correlates of Changes in the Species-Area Slope. American Naturalist, 1981, 118, 339-360.	2.1	77
57	Length-Weight Regressions in Tropical and Temperate Forest-Understory Insects. Annals of the Entomological Society of America, 1980, 73, 106-109.	2.5	116
58	Densities, Sex Ratios, and Population Structure in Four Species of Bahamian Anolis Lizards. Journal of Animal Ecology, 1980, 49, 19.	2.8	161
59	Generality of the Size-Distance Relation in Models of Optimal Feeding. American Naturalist, 1979, 114, 902-914.	2.1	280
60	Inverse relation of survival of lizards with island size and avifaunal richness. Nature, 1978, 274, 685-687.	27.8	55
61	The Ecological Context of Female Pattern Polymorphism in the Lizard Anolis sagrei. Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 1976, 30, 650.	2.3	14
62	THE ECOLOGICAL CONTEXT OF FEMALE PATTERN POLYMORPHISM IN THE LIZARD <i>ANOLIS SAGREI</i> . Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution, 1976, 30, 650-658.	2.3	39
63	Presence and Absence of Habitat Shift in Some Widespread Lizard Species. Ecological Monographs, 1975, 45, 233-258.	5.4	159
64	Competition and the form of habitat shift. Theoretical Population Biology, 1974, 6, 265-307.	1.1	215
65	Population growth regulated by intraspecific competition for energy or time: Some simple representations. Theoretical Population Biology, 1973, 4, 56-84.	1.1	170
66	Large-Billed Insectivorous Birds: A Precipitous Diversity Gradient. Condor, 1971, 73, 154-161.	1.6	62
67	Nonsynchronous Spatial Overlap of Lizards in Patchy Habitats. Ecology, 1970, 51, 408-418.	3.2	1,303
68	Models of Optimal Size for Solitary Predators. American Naturalist, 1969, 103, 277-313.	2.1	392
69	Sizes of Feeding Territories among Birds. Ecology, 1968, 49, 123-141.	3.2	537
70	Differences in Insect Abundance and Diversity Between Wetter and Drier Sites During a Tropical Dry Season. Ecology, 1968, 49, 96-110.	3.2	374
71	The Anolis Lizards of Bimini: Resource Partitioning in a Complex Fauna. Ecology, 1968, 49, 704-726.	3.2	1,587