

Marek Sammul

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

27
papers

660
citations

567281

15
h-index

580821

25
g-index

27
all docs

27
docs citations

27
times ranked

994
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	On the indices of plant-plant competition and their pitfalls. <i>Oikos</i> , 2006, 112, 149-155.	2.7	74
2	Palynological richness and pollen sample evenness in relation to local floristic diversity in southern Estonia. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2011, 166, 344-351.	1.5	66
3	Classifying clonal growth forms based on vegetative mobility and ramet longevity: a whole community analysis. <i>Evolutionary Ecology</i> , 2001, 15, 383-401.	1.2	60
4	Clonal growth in a species-rich grassland: Results of a 20-year fertilization experiment. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 2003, 38, 1-20.	0.9	45
5	The potential of Estonian semi-natural grasslands for bioenergy production. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2010, 137, 86-92.	5.3	45
6	The role of landscape structure in determining palynological and floristic richness. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2013, 22, 39-49.	2.1	44
7	Evolutionary and organismic constraints on the relationship between spacer length and environmental conditions in clonal plants. <i>Oikos</i> , 2011, 120, 1110-1120.	2.7	36
8	Determination of national conservation responsibilities for species conservation in regions with multiple political jurisdictions. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, 17, 3607-3622.	2.6	33
9	A comparison of plant communities on the basis of their clonal growth patterns. <i>Evolutionary Ecology</i> , 2004, 18, 443-467.	1.2	29
10	Regional effects on competition-productivity relationship: a set of field experiments in two distant regions. <i>Oikos</i> , 2006, 112, 138-148.	2.7	27
11	Genetic variability, population size and reproduction potential in <i>Ligularia sibirica</i> (L.) populations in Estonia. <i>Conservation Genetics</i> , 2013, 14, 661-669.	1.5	24
12	Necessity and reality of monitoring threatened European vascular plants. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, 17, 3383-3402.	2.6	23
13	Reviving wood-pastures for biodiversity and people: A case study from western Estonia. <i>Ambio</i> , 2016, 45, 185-195.	5.5	20
14	Biomass accumulation during reed encroachment reduces efficiency of restoration of Baltic coastal grasslands. <i>Applied Vegetation Science</i> , 2012, 15, 219-230.	1.9	18
15	Habitat preferences and distribution characteristics are indicative of species long-term persistence in the Estonian flora. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, 17, 3531-3550.	2.6	17
16	Determination of conservation priorities in regions with multiple political jurisdictions. <i>Biodiversity and Conservation</i> , 2008, 17, 3623-3630.	2.6	15
17	Post Hoc Assessment of Stand Structure Across European Wood-Pastures: Implications for Land Use Policy. <i>Rangeland Ecology and Management</i> , 2018, 71, 526-535.	2.3	15
18	Benefits of clonal propagation: impact of imported assimilates from connected ramets. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2016, 217, 315-329.	1.6	13

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19	Length of the Spacer Rather than its Plasticity Relates to Species Distribution in Various Natural Habitats. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 2011, 46, 137-153.	0.9	12
20	Trait-based analysis of decline in plant species ranges during the 20th century: a regional comparison between the UK and Estonia. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2015, 21, 2726-2738.	9.5	11
21	The long-term recovery of a moderately fertilised semi-natural grassland. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2020, 289, 106744.	5.3	11
22	Clonal ability, height and growth form explain species' response to habitat deterioration in Fennoscandian wooded meadows. <i>Plant Ecology</i> , 2014, 215, 953-962.	1.6	7
23	The impact of timing of resource availability on clonal propagation of species with different growth forms. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 2017, 52, 411-422.	0.9	4
24	Generality, specificity and diversity of clonal plant research. <i>Evolutionary Ecology</i> , 2008, 22, 273-277.	1.2	3
25	Reduced light availability and increased competition diminish the reproductive success of wet forest sedge <i>Carex loliacea</i> L.. <i>Plant Species Biology</i> , 2011, 26, 84-92.	1.0	3
26	The Survival of Transplants of Rare <i>Ligularia sibirica</i> is Enhanced by Neighbouring Plants. <i>Folia Geobotanica</i> , 2014, 49, 163-173.	0.9	3
27	Change in Species Composition during 55 Years: A Re-Sampling Study of Species-Rich Meadows in Estonia. <i>Annales Botanici Fennici</i> , 2015, 52, 419-431.	0.1	2