

Kun Zhu

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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87
papers

5,088
citations

125106

35
h-index

104191

69
g-index

89
all docs

89
docs citations

89
times ranked

8847
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Prospective Associations of Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Consumption During Adolescence with Body Composition and Bone Mass at Early Adulthood. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2022, 152, 399-407.	1.3	3
2	DXA-Derived vs Standard Anthropometric Measures for Predicting Cardiometabolic Risk in Middle-Aged Australian Men and Women. <i>Journal of Clinical Densitometry</i> , 2022, 25, 299-307.	0.5	6
3	Investigating Potential Dose-Response Relationships between Vitamin D Status and Cognitive Performance: A Cross-Sectional Analysis in Middle- to Older-Aged Adults in the Busseton Healthy Ageing Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2022, 19, 450.	1.2	4
4	Abdominal aortic calcification, cardiac troponin I and atherosclerotic vascular disease mortality in older women. <i>Heart</i> , 2022, 108, 1274-1280.	1.2	5
5	Creatinine to Cystatin C Ratio, a Biomarker of Sarcopenia Measures and Falls Risk in Community-Dwelling Older Women. <i>Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences</i> , 2022, 77, 1389-1397.	1.7	9
6	Physical activity estimated by osteogenic potential and energy expenditure has differing associations with bone mass in young adults: the raine study. <i>Archives of Osteoporosis</i> , 2022, 17, 67.	1.0	1
7	Abdominal aortic calcification on lateral spine images captured during bone density testing and late-life dementia risk in older women: A prospective cohort study. <i>The Lancet Regional Health - Western Pacific</i> , 2022, 26, 100502.	1.3	7
8	Time spent outdoors through childhood and adolescence assessed by 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentration and risk of myopia at 20 years. <i>Acta Ophthalmologica</i> , 2021, 99, 679-687.	0.6	10
9	Abdominal aortic calcification is associated with a higher risk of injurious fall-related hospitalizations in older Australian women. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2021, 328, 153-159.	0.4	13
10	Association between vitamin D status and long-term falls-related hospitalization risk in older women. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2021, 69, 3114-3123.	1.3	10
11	Vegetable diversity in relation with subclinical atherosclerosis and 15-year atherosclerotic vascular disease deaths in older adult women. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 59, 217-230.	1.8	12
12	Modification of diet, exercise and lifestyle (MODEL) study: a randomised controlled trial protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020, 10, e036366.	0.8	6
13	Characterisation of genetic regulatory effects for osteoporosis risk variants in human osteoclasts. <i>Genome Biology</i> , 2020, 21, 80.	3.8	36
14	Association Between Abdominal Aortic Calcification, Bone Mineral Density, and Fracture in Older Women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019, 34, 2052-2060.	3.1	43
15	Genetic regulatory mechanisms in human osteoclasts suggest a role for the STMP1 and DCSTAMP genes in Paget's disease of bone. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 1052.	1.6	23
16	Low Vitamin D Status Is Associated With Impaired Bone Quality and Increased Risk of Fracture-Related Hospitalization in Older Australian Women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019, 34, 2019-2027.	3.1	15
17	Dietary nitrate intake is associated with muscle function in older women. <i>Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle</i> , 2019, 10, 601-610.	2.9	25
18	Lower serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D is associated with colorectal and breast cancer, but not overall cancer risk: a 20-year cohort study. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 2019, 67, 100-107.	1.3	14

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19	Relationship Between Vitamin D Status From Childhood to Early Adulthood With Body Composition in Young Australian Adults. <i>Journal of the Endocrine Society</i> , 2019, 3, 563-576.	0.1	2
20	Low 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Concentration Is Not Associated With Refractive Error in Middle-Aged and Older Western Australian Adults. <i>Translational Vision Science and Technology</i> , 2019, 8, 13.	1.1	10
21	Adding Lateral Spine Imaging for Vertebral Fractures to Densitometric Screening: Improving Ascertainment of Patients at High Risk of Incident Osteoporotic Fractures. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019, 34, 282-289.	3.1	28
22	Organized Sport Participation From Childhood to Adolescence Is Associated With Bone Mass in Young Adults From the Raine Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019, 34, 67-74.	3.1	12
23	Expression Quantitative Trait Locus Study of Bone Mineral Density GWAS Variants in Human Osteoclasts. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2018, 33, 1044-1051.	3.1	43
24	Cruciferous and Total Vegetable Intakes Are Inversely Associated With Subclinical Atherosclerosis in Older Adult Women. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2018, 7, .	1.6	31
25	Long-Term Atherosclerotic Vascular Disease Risk and Prognosis in Elderly Women With Abdominal Aortic Calcification on Lateral Spine Images Captured During Bone Density Testing: A Prospective Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2018, 33, 1001-1010.	3.1	45
26	Does vitamin D supplementation improve bone density in vitamin D-deficient children? Protocol for an individual patient data meta-analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e019584.	0.8	5
27	Life-Course Genome-wide Association Study Meta-analysis of Total Body BMD and Assessment of Age-Specific Effects. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2018, 102, 88-102.	2.6	252
28	Serum 25-hydroxyvitamin D as a predictor of mortality and cardiovascular events: A 20-year study of a community-based cohort. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2018, 88, 154-163.	1.2	19
29	Vegetable and fruit intake and injurious falls risk in older women: a prospective cohort study. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2018, 120, 925-934.	1.2	27
30	Tracking of vitamin D status from childhood to early adulthood and its association with peak bone mass. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017, 106, 276-283.	2.2	36
31	Cruciferous and Allium Vegetable Intakes are Inversely Associated With 15-Year Atherosclerotic Vascular Disease Deaths in Older Adult Women. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017, 6, .	1.6	41
32	Association Between High-Sensitivity Cardiac Troponin I and Cardiac Events in Elderly Women. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017, 6, .	1.6	12
33	Vegetable and Fruit Intake and Fracture-Related Hospitalisations: A Prospective Study of Older Women. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2017, 9, 511.	1.7	23
34	Associations between hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenal axis function and peak bone mass at 20 years of age in a birth cohort. <i>Bone</i> , 2016, 85, 37-44.	1.4	7
35	Longitudinal Trajectories of Television Watching Across Childhood and Adolescence Predict Bone Mass at Age 20 Years in the Raine Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2016, 31, 2032-2040.	3.1	24
36	Abdominal Aortic Calcification Identified on Lateral Spine Images From Bone Densitometers Are a Marker of Generalized Atherosclerosis in Elderly Women. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2016, 36, 166-173.	1.1	49

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37	Lifestyle and Osteoporosis. <i>Current Osteoporosis Reports</i> , 2015, 13, 52-59.	1.5	68
38	Associations between body mass index, lean and fat body mass and bone mineral density in middle-aged Australians: The Busselton Healthy Ageing Study. <i>Bone</i> , 2015, 74, 146-152.	1.4	60
39	Dietary saturated fat intake and atherosclerotic vascular disease mortality in elderly women: a prospective cohort study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 101, 1263-1268.	2.2	29
40	Two-Year Whey Protein Supplementation Did Not Enhance Muscle Mass and Physical Function in Well-Nourished Healthy Older Postmenopausal Women. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2015, 145, 2520-2526.	1.3	79
41	Identification of a dietary pattern prospectively associated with bone mass in Australian young adults. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015, 102, 1035-1043.	2.2	25
42	Vitamin D in Fetal Development: Findings From a Birth Cohort Study. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2015, 135, e167-e173.	1.0	93
43	Elevated Circulating Osteoprotegerin and Renal Dysfunction Predict 15-Year Cardiovascular and All-Cause Mortality: A Prospective Study of Elderly Women. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0134266.	1.1	13
44	A genome-wide copy number association study of osteoporotic fractures points to the 6p25.1 locus. <i>Journal of Medical Genetics</i> , 2014, 51, 122-131.	1.5	36
45	Elevated Osteoprotegerin Predicts Declining Renal Function in Elderly Women: A 10-Year Prospective Cohort Study. <i>American Journal of Nephrology</i> , 2014, 39, 66-74.	1.4	25
46	Dairy Food Intake, Peripheral Bone Structure, and Muscle Mass in Elderly Ambulatory Women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2014, 29, 1691-1700.	3.1	50
47	Genetic determinants of heel bone properties: genome-wide association meta-analysis and replication in the GEFOS/GENOMOS consortium. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2014, 23, 3054-3068.	1.4	90
48	The Effects of 3 Years of Calcium Supplementation on Common Carotid Artery Intimal Medial Thickness and Carotid Atherosclerosis in Older Women: An Ancillary Study of the CAIFOS Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2014, 29, 534-541.	3.1	33
49	Genome-wide association study for radiographic vertebral fractures: A potential role for the 16q24 BMD locus. <i>Bone</i> , 2014, 59, 20-27.	1.4	32
50	Maternal Vitamin D Status During Pregnancy and Bone Mass in Offspring at 20 Years of Age: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2014, 29, 1088-1095.	3.1	119
51	Long-Term Proton Pump Inhibitor Therapy and Falls and Fractures in Elderly Women: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2014, 29, 2489-2497.	3.1	87
52	Genome-wide association study for radiographic vertebral fractures: a potential role for the 16q24 BMD locus. <i>Bone</i> , 2014, 59, 20-7.	1.4	17
53	Association of Dairy Intake with Body Composition and Physical Function in Older Community-Dwelling Women. <i>Journal of the Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics</i> , 2013, 113, 1669-1674.	0.4	54
54	Long-term effects of a protein-enriched diet on blood pressure in older women. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2012, 107, 1664-1672.	1.2	24

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55	Calcium and bone. <i>Clinical Biochemistry</i> , 2012, 45, 936-942.	0.8	120
56	Genome-wide meta-analysis identifies 56 bone mineral density loci and reveals 14 loci associated with risk of fracture. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2012, 44, 491-501.	9.4	1,100
57	Assessment of gene-by-sex interaction effect on bone mineral density. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2012, 27, 2051-2064.	3.1	47
58	Estimated glomerular filtration rate as an independent predictor of atherosclerotic vascular disease in older women. <i>BMC Nephrology</i> , 2012, 13, 58.	0.8	31
59	Adverse events from calcium supplementation: Relationship to errors in myocardial infarction self-reporting in randomized controlled trials of calcium supplementation. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2012, 27, 719-722.	3.1	106
60	Response to misclassification does not explain increased cardiovascular risks of calcium supplements. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2012, 27, 960-961.	3.1	3
61	Effects of three-monthly oral 150,000 IU cholecalciferol supplementation on falls, mobility, and muscle strength in older postmenopausal women: A randomized controlled trial. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2012, 27, 170-176.	3.1	120
62	Growth and Bone Mineral Accretion During Puberty in Chinese Girls: A Focus on Calcium Retention and the Role of Calcium. , 2012, , 1611-1619.		0
63	Association between yogurt, milk, and cheese consumption and common carotid artery intima-media thickness and cardiovascular disease risk factors in elderly women. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011, 94, 234-239.	2.2	86
64	RESPONSE LETTER TO DRS. KALOOSTIAN AND SHIL. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2011, 59, 771-772.	1.3	0
65	Calcium supplementation and the risks of atherosclerotic vascular disease in older women: Results of a 5-year RCT and a 4.5-year follow-up. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2011, 26, 35-41.	3.1	176
66	Response to calcium supplements and cardiovascular risk. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2011, 26, 900-901.	3.1	5
67	The effects of a two-year randomized, controlled trial of whey protein supplementation on bone structure, IGF-1, and urinary calcium excretion in older postmenopausal women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2011, 26, 2298-2306.	3.1	81
68	Timed Up and Go Test and Bone Mineral Density Measurement for Fracture Prediction. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2011, 171, 1655.	4.3	58
69	Evidence of harm is unconvincing. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2011, 342, d3541-d3541.	2.4	9
70	Vitamin D Effects on Bone Structure in Childhood and Aging. , 2011, , 127-134.		0
71	A Randomized Controlled Trial of the Effects of Vitamin D on Muscle Strength and Mobility in Older Women with Vitamin D Insufficiency. <i>Journal of the American Geriatrics Society</i> , 2010, 58, 2063-2068.	1.3	137
72	Calcium Intake in Elderly Australian Women Is Inadequate. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2010, 2, 1036-1043.	1.7	8

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73	The association between dietary protein intake and bone mass accretion in pubertal girls with low calcium intakes. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2010, 103, 714-723.	1.2	28
74	A cohort study of the effects of serum osteoprotegerin and osteoprotegerin gene polymorphisms on cardiovascular mortality in elderly women. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2009, 71, 828-833.	1.2	15
75	A 5-Year Cohort Study of the Effects of High Protein Intake on Lean Mass and BMC in Elderly Postmenopausal Women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2009, 24, 1827-1834.	3.1	103
76	Low Vitamin D Status Has an Adverse Influence on Bone Mass, Bone Turnover, and Muscle Strength in Chinese Adolescent Girls. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2009, 139, 1002-1007.	1.3	138
77	Growth and Bone Mineral Accretion During Puberty in Chinese Girls: A Five-Year Longitudinal Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2008, 23, 167-172.	3.1	37
78	Randomized Controlled Trial of the Effects of Calcium With or Without Vitamin D on Bone Structure and Bone-Related Chemistry in Elderly Women With Vitamin D Insufficiency. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2008, 23, 1343-1348.	3.1	82
79	Effects of Ergocalciferol Added to Calcium on the Risk of Falls in Elderly High-Risk Women. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2008, 168, 103.	4.3	186
80	Whole-Body Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry Comes of Age: Bone Structural Measures and Their Physiological Determinants in Anorexia Nervosa. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2008, 93, 1178-1180.	1.8	1
81	Effects of Calcium and Vitamin D Supplementation on Hip Bone Mineral Density and Calcium-Related Analytes in Elderly Ambulatory Australian Women: A Five-Year Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2008, 93, 743-749.	1.8	107
82	Influence of body composition, muscle strength, diet and physical activity on total body and forearm bone mass in Chinese adolescent girls. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2007, 98, 1281-1287.	1.2	52
83	Growth, bone mass, and vitamin D status of Chinese adolescent girls 3 y after withdrawal of milk supplementation. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2006, 83, 714-721.	2.2	68
84	Effects of school milk intervention on cortical bone accretion and indicators relevant to bone metabolism in Chinese girls aged 10-12 y in Beijing. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2005, 81, 1168-1175.	2.2	73
85	Effects of school-milk intervention on growth and bone mineral accretion in Chinese girls aged 10-12 years: accounting for cluster randomisation. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2005, 94, 1038-1039.	1.2	24
86	School-milk intervention trial enhances growth and bone mineral accretion in Chinese girls aged 10-12 years in Beijing. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2004, 92, 159-168.	1.2	217
87	Bone mass in Chinese premenarcheal girls: the roles of body composition, calcium intake and physical activity. <i>British Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2004, 92, 985-993.	1.2	24