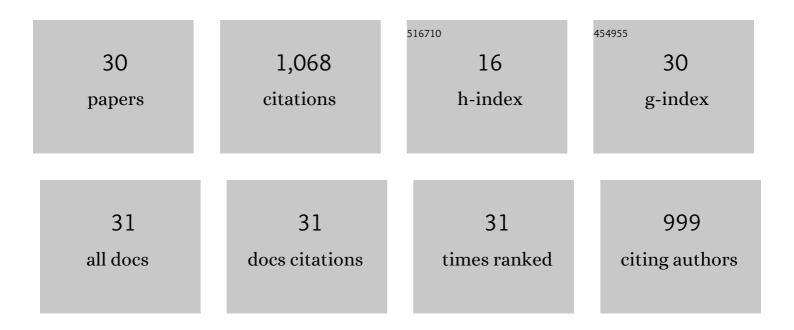
Lorenzo Pezzoli

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/12141636/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Moving forward with an imperfect vaccine. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2021, 21, 1339-1341.	9.1	4
2	Global oral cholera vaccine use, 2013–2018. Vaccine, 2020, 38, A132-A140.	3.8	48
3	The multi-sectorial emergency response to a cholera outbreak in Internally Displaced Persons camps in Borno State, Nigeria, 2017. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002000.	4.7	22
4	Lot quality assurance sampling to assess coverage and compliance following mass drug administration to eliminate lymphatic filariasis in Fiji: A methodological approach. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0238622.	2.5	2
5	The reactive vaccination campaign against cholera emergency in camps for internally displaced persons, Borno, Nigeria, 2017: a two-stage cluster survey. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002431.	4.7	8
6	Successive epidemic waves of cholera in South Sudan between 2014 and 2017: a descriptive epidemiological study. Lancet Planetary Health, The, 2020, 4, e577-e587.	11.4	18
7	Delayed second dose of oral cholera vaccine administered before high-risk period for cholera transmission: Cholera control strategy in Lusaka, 2016. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0219040.	2.5	7
8	Effectiveness of oral cholera vaccine in preventing cholera among fishermen in Lake Chilwa, Malawi: A case-control study. Vaccine, 2019, 37, 3668-3676.	3.8	14
9	Single-Dose Cholera Vaccine in Response to an Outbreak in Zambia. New England Journal of Medicine, 2018, 378, 577-579.	27.0	49
10	Oral cholera vaccine in cholera prevention and control, Malawi. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2018, 96, 428-435.	3.3	19
11	Oral cholera vaccine coverage during a preventive door-to-door mass vaccination campaign in Nampula, Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0198592.	2.5	19
12	Cholera epidemic in Yemen, 2016–18: an analysis of surveillance data. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e680-e690.	6.3	203
13	Implementation research: reactive mass vaccination with single-dose oral cholera vaccine, Zambia. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2018, 96, 86-93.	3.3	32
14	Oral cholera vaccination in hard-to-reach communities, Lake Chilwa, Malawi. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2018, 96, 817-825.	3.3	10
15	Low Level of Hepatitis B Virus Infection in Children 20 Years after Initiation of Infant Vaccination Program in Wallis and Futuna. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2017, 96, 16-0596.	1.4	1
16	Protection against cholera from killed whole-cell oral cholera vaccines: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2017, 17, 1080-1088.	9.1	138
17	Achievements and challenges for the use of killed oral cholera vaccines in the global stockpile era. Human Vaccines and Immunotherapeutics, 2017, 13, 579-587.	3.3	31
18	Feasibility and acceptability of oral cholera vaccine mass vaccination campaign in response to an outbreakand floods in Malawi. Pan African Medical Journal, 2016, 23, 203.	0.8	21

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	A second affordable oral cholera vaccine: implications for the global vaccine stockpile. The Lancet Global Health, 2016, 4, e223-e224.	6.3	45
20	Effectiveness of one dose of oral cholera vaccine in response to an outbreak: a case-cohort study. The Lancet Global Health, 2016, 4, e856-e863.	6.3	114
21	Routine childhood vaccination programme coverage, El Salvador, 2011—In search of timeliness. Vaccine, 2014, 32, 437-444.	3.8	29
22	From Agadez to Zinder: estimating coverage of the MenAfriVacâ"¢ conjugate vaccine against meningococcal serogroup A in Niger, September 2010 – January 2012. Vaccine, 2013, 31, 1597-1603.	3.8	20
23	Monitoring health interventions – who's afraid of LQAS?. Global Health Action, 2013, 6, 21921.	1.9	4
24	Monitoring adverse events following immunization with a new conjugate vaccine against group A meningococcus in Niger, September 2010. Vaccine, 2012, 30, 5229-5234.	3.8	17
25	Intervene before leaving: clustered lot quality assurance sampling to monitor vaccination coverage at health district level before the end of a yellow fever and measles vaccination campaign in Sierra Leone in 2009. BMC Public Health, 2012, 12, 415.	2.9	14
26	Whom and Where Are We Not Vaccinating? Coverage after the Introduction of a New Conjugate Vaccine against Group A Meningococcus in Niger in 2010. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e29116.	2.5	21
27	Clustered lot quality assurance sampling to assess immunisation coverage: increasing rapidity and maintaining precision. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2010, 15, 540-6.	2.3	17
28	Toxoplasmosis in Italian Pregnant Women: Results of a Survey on Perception of Foodborne Risks. Journal of Food Protection, 2009, 72, 680-684.	1.7	8
29	Clusterâ€ s ample surveys and lot quality assurance sampling to evaluate yellow fever immunisation coverage following a national campaign, Bolivia, 2007. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2009, 14, 355-361.	2.3	19
30	Packed with <i>Salmonella</i> —Investigation of an International Outbreak of <i>Salmonella</i> Senftenberg Infection Linked to Contamination of Prepacked Basil in 2007. Foodborne Pathogens and Disease, 2008, 5, 661-668.	1.8	113