## **Christian Sengstag**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Expression of Human Microsomal Epoxide Hydrolase in Saccharomyces cerevisiae Reveals a Functional Role in Aflatoxin B1 Detoxification. Toxicological Sciences, 2002, 65, 35-42.	3.1	35
2	Heterocyclic aromatic amines efficiently induce mitotic recombination in metabolically competent Saccharomyces cerevisiae strains. Carcinogenesis, 1999, 20, 2143-2152.	2.8	12
3	Codon 249 of the human TP53 tumor suppressor gene is no hot spot for aflatoxin B1 in a heterologous background. Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis, 1999, 430, 131-144.	1.0	7
4	The Sge1 protein ofSaccharomyces cerevisiae is a membrane-associated multidrug transporter. , 1998, 14, 49-65.		27
5	A genetic system to detect mitotic recombination between repeated chromosomal sequences in Drosophila Schneider line 2 cells. Mutation Research - Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis, 1997, 395, 9-27.	1.7	6
6	Genotoxicity of ethyl carbamate (urethane) in Salmonella, yeast and human lymphoblastoid cells. Mutation Research - Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis, 1997, 390, 11-19.	1.7	34
7	The molecular mechanism of aflatoxin B1–induced liver cancer: Is mitotic recombination involved?. Molecular Carcinogenesis, 1997, 19, 147-152.	2.7	15
8	Metabolism of promutagens catalyzed byDrosophila melanogaster CYP6A2 enzyme inSaccharomyces cerevisiae. Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis, 1996, 27, 46-58.	2.2	100
9	Targeting of heterologous membrane proteins into proliferated internal membranes inSaccharomyces cerevisiae. Yeast, 1995, 11, 913-928.	1.7	3
10	Functional Expression of Fused Enzymes Between Human Cytochrome P4501A1 and Human NADPH-Cytochrome P450 Oxidoreductase in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> . DNA and Cell Biology, 1995, 14, 273-283.	1.9	20
11	High promutagen activating capacity of yeast microsomes containing human cytochrome P-450 1A and human NADPH-cytochrome P-450 reductase. Carcinogenesis, 1994, 15, 837-843.	2.8	41
12	The Saccharomyces cerevisiae SGE1 gene product: a novel drug-resistance protein within the major facilitator superfamily. Molecular Genetics and Genomics, 1994, 244, 287-294.	2.4	47
13	DNA recombination induced by aflatoxin B1 activated by cytochrome P450 1A enzymes. Molecular Carcinogenesis, 1994, 11, 227-235.	2.7	33
14	Reciprocal mitotic recombination is the predominant mechanism for the loss of a heterozygous gene insaccharomyces cerevisiae. Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis, 1994, 24, 307-316.	2.2	12
15	The Role of Mitotic Recombination in Carcinogenesis. Critical Reviews in Toxicology, 1994, 24, 323-353.	3.9	71
16	Characterization of the trp5–27 allele used to monitor drug-induced mitotic gene conversion in the Saccharomyces cerevisiae tester strain D7. Mutagenesis, 1994, 9, 377-381.	2.6	1
17	Saccharomyces cerevisiae: An alternative source for human microsomal liver enzymes and its use in drug interaction studies. Toxicology, 1993, 82, 61-73.	4.2	21
18	The sequence of Saccharomyces cerevisiae cloning vector pCS19 allowing direct selection for DNA inserts. Gene, 1993, 124, 141-142.	2.2	7

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Functional co-expression of human oxidoreductase and cytochrome P450 1A1 in Saccharomyces cerevisiae results in increased erod activity. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1992, 185, 641-647.	2.1	30
20	Heterologous expression of human microsomal epoxide hydrolase in saccharomyces cerevisiae. Biochemical Pharmacology, 1991, 42, 1367-1372.	4.4	24
21	Constitutive and inducible expression of human cytochrome P450IA1 in yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae: An alternative enzyme source for in vitro studies. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 1990, 172, 737-744.	2.1	48
22	A 28-bp segment of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae PHO5 upstream activator sequence confers phosphate control to the CYC1-lacZ gene fusion. Gene, 1988, 67, 223-228.	2.2	47
23	The sequence of theSaccharomyces cerevisiaegenePH02codes for a regulatory protein with unusual aminoacid composition. Nucleic Acids Research, 1987, 15, 233-246.	14.5	147