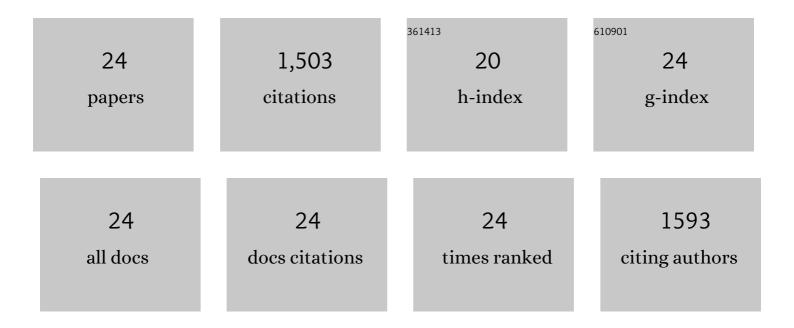
## Ning Pan

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/12054491/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effects of Neurod1 Expression on Mouse and Human Schwannoma Cells. Laryngoscope, 2021, 131, E259-E270.	2.0	18
2	Intestinal Neurod1 expression impairs paneth cell differentiation and promotes enteroendocrine lineage specification. Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 19489.	3.3	19
3	A RNAscope whole mount approach that can be combined with immunofluorescence to quantify differential distribution of mRNA. Cell and Tissue Research, 2018, 374, 251-262.	2.9	36
4	Spiral Ganglion Neuron Projection Development to the Hindbrain in Mice Lacking Peripheral and/or Central Target Differentiation. Frontiers in Neural Circuits, 2017, 11, 25.	2.8	23
5	Expression and Localization of CaBP Ca2+ Binding Proteins in the Mouse Cochlea. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0147495.	2.5	25
6	Organ of Corti and Stria Vascularis: Is there an Interdependence for Survival?. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0168953.	2.5	75
7	Neurotrophic Factor Function During Ear Development: Expression Changes Define Critical Phases for Neuronal Viability. Springer Handbook of Auditory Research, 2016, , 49-84.	0.7	16
8	Opportunities and limits of the one gene approach: the ability of Atoh1 to differentiate and maintain hair cells depends on the molecular context. Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience, 2015, 9, 26.	3.7	29
9	The quest for restoring hearing: Understanding ear development more completely. BioEssays, 2015, 37, 1016-1027.	2.5	58
10	Neurog1 can partially replace Atoh1 to differentiate and maintain hair cells in a disorganized organ of Corti. Development (Cambridge), 2015, 142, 2810-21.	2.5	35
11	Inner ear development: building a spiral ganglion and an organ of Corti out of unspecified ectoderm. Cell and Tissue Research, 2015, 361, 7-24.	2.9	56
12	Evolving gene regulatory networks into cellular networks guiding adaptive behavior: an outline how single cells could have evolved into a centralized neurosensory system. Cell and Tissue Research, 2015, 359, 295-313.	2.9	26
13	Beyond generalized hair cells: Molecular cues for hair cell types. Hearing Research, 2013, 297, 30-41.	2.0	42
14	Evolution and development of the tetrapod auditory system: an organ of Corti entric perspective. Evolution & Development, 2013, 15, 63-79.	2.0	91
15	Understanding the evolution and development of neurosensory transcription factors of the ear to enhance therapeutic translation. Cell and Tissue Research, 2012, 349, 415-432.	2.9	35
16	A Novel Atoh1 "Self-Terminating―Mouse Model Reveals the Necessity of Proper Atoh1 Level and Duration for Hair Cell Differentiation and Viability. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30358.	2.5	116
17	Expression of Neurog1 Instead of Atoh1 Can Partially Rescue Organ of Corti Cell Survival. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30853.	2.5	34
18	Conditional deletion of Atoh1 using Pax2-Cre results in viable mice without differentiated cochlear hair cells that have lost most of the organ of Corti. Hearing Research, 2011, 275, 66-80.	2.0	105

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Dissecting the molecular basis of organ of Corti development: Where are we now?. Hearing Research, 2011, 276, 16-26.	2.0	48
20	The molecular basis of making spiral ganglion neurons and connecting them to hair cells of the organ of Corti. Hearing Research, 2011, 278, 21-33.	2.0	110
21	Neurod1 regulates survival and formation of connections in mouse ear and brain. Cell and Tissue Research, 2010, 341, 95-110.	2.9	87
22	Neurod1 Suppresses Hair Cell Differentiation in Ear Ganglia and Regulates Hair Cell Subtype Development in the Cochlea. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e11661.	2.5	124
23	Pancreatic β Cells Require NeuroD to Achieve and Maintain Functional Maturity. Cell Metabolism, 2010, 11, 298-310.	16.2	223
24	Defects in the cerebella of conditional Neurod1 null mice correlate with effective Tg(Atoh1-cre) recombination and granule cell requirements for Neurod1 for differentiation. Cell and Tissue Research, 2009, 337, 407-428.	2.9	72