

Shao-Rui Chen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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137
papers

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36299

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138
times ranked

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cannabinoids suppress inflammatory and neuropathic pain by targeting $\alpha 3$ glycine receptors. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2012, 209, 1121-1134.	8.5	224
2	The $\alpha 2\beta 1$ -NMDA Receptor Complex Is Critically Involved in Neuropathic Pain Development and Gabapentin Therapeutic Actions. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2018, 22, 2307-2321.	6.4	191
3	Cardiac vanilloid receptor $\alpha 1$ -expressing afferent nerves and their role in the cardiogenic sympathetic reflex in rats. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2003, 551, 515-523.	2.9	187
4	Targeting $\alpha 1$ -methyl-D-aspartate receptors for treatment of neuropathic pain. <i>Expert Review of Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2011, 4, 379-388.	3.1	162
5	C9a is essential for epigenetic silencing of K^+ channel genes in acute-to-chronic pain transition. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2015, 18, 1746-1755.	14.8	159
6	Modulation of pain transmission by G-protein-coupled receptors. , 2008, 117, 141-161.		157
7	Angiotensin II Stimulates Spinally Projecting Paraventricular Neurons through Presynaptic Disinhibition. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 5041-5049.	3.6	151
8	Role of Presynaptic Muscarinic and GABA B Receptors in Spinal Glutamate Release and Cholinergic Analgesia in Rats. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2002, 543, 807-818.	2.9	147
9	Hypersensitivity of Spinothalamic Tract Neurons Associated With Diabetic Neuropathic Pain in Rats. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2002, 87, 2726-2733.	1.8	143
10	Resiniferatoxin Induces Paradoxical Changes in Thermal and Mechanical Sensitivities in Rats: Mechanism of Action. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2003, 23, 2911-2919.	3.6	131
11	Opioid-Induced Long-Term Potentiation in the Spinal Cord Is a Presynaptic Event. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2010, 30, 4460-4466.	3.6	122
12	N-Methyl-d-aspartate Receptor- and Calpain-mediated Proteolytic Cleavage of K^+ -Cl $^-$ Cotransporter-2 Impairs Spinal Chloride Homeostasis in Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2012, 287, 33853-33864.	3.4	122
13	Intrathecal Clonidine Alleviates Allodynia in Neuropathic Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 1999, 90, 509-514.	2.5	113
14	Role of protons in activation of cardiac sympathetic C-fibre afferents during ischaemia in cats. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 1999, 518, 857-866.	2.9	111
15	A-Type Voltage-Gated K^+ Currents Influence Firing Properties of Isolectin B4-Positive But Not Isolectin B4-Negative Primary Sensory Neurons. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2005, 93, 3401-3409.	1.8	110
16	Sensing Tissue Ischemia. <i>Circulation</i> , 2004, 110, 1826-1831.	1.6	109
17	Nitric Oxide Inhibits Spinally Projecting Paraventricular Neurons Through Potentiation of Presynaptic GABA Release. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2002, 88, 2664-2674.	1.8	106
18	Transient Receptor Potential Vanilloid Type 1 Activation Down-regulates Voltage-gated Calcium Channels through Calcium-dependent Calcineurin in Sensory Neurons. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2005, 280, 18142-18151.	3.4	104

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19	Reduction in voltage-gated K ⁺ channel activity in primary sensory neurons in painful diabetic neuropathy: role of brain-derived neurotrophic factor. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2010, 114, 1460-1475.	3.9	103
20	Aminopyridines Potentiate Synaptic and Neuromuscular Transmission by Targeting the Voltage-activated Calcium Channel I^2 Subunit. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2009, 284, 36453-36461.	3.4	101
21	Signalling pathway of nitric oxide in synaptic GABA release in the rat paraventricular nucleus. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2004, 554, 100-110.	2.9	97
22	Spinal Endogenous Acetylcholine Contributes to the Analgesic Effect of Systemic Morphine in Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2001, 95, 525-530.	2.5	88
23	Antinociceptive Effect of Morphine, but not $\text{I}^{1/4}$ Opioid Receptor Number, Is Attenuated in the Spinal Cord of Diabetic Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2003, 99, 1409-1414.	2.5	88
24	Hyper-SUMOylation of the Kv7 Potassium Channel Diminishes the M-Current Leading to Seizures and Sudden Death. <i>Neuron</i> , 2014, 83, 1159-1171.	8.1	86
25	Differential Sensitivity of N- and P/Q-Type Ca ²⁺ Channel Currents to a $\text{I}^{1/4}$ Opioid in Isolectin B -Positive and -Negative Dorsal Root Ganglion Neurons. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2004, 311, 939-947.	2.5	85
26	Altered synaptic input and GABA _B receptor function in spinal superficial dorsal horn neurons in rats with diabetic neuropathy. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2007, 579, 849-861.	2.9	84
27	Plasticity and emerging role of BK _{Ca} channels in nociceptive control in neuropathic pain. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2009, 110, 352-362.	3.9	83
28	Pannexin-1 Up-regulation in the Dorsal Root Ganglion Contributes to Neuropathic Pain Development. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 14647-14655.	3.4	83
29	VR1 Receptor Activation Induces Glutamate Release and Postsynaptic Firing in the Paraventricular Nucleus. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2004, 92, 1807-1816.	1.8	82
30	Chronic Opioid Potentiates Presynaptic but Impairs Postsynaptic N-Methyl-d-aspartic Acid Receptor Activity in Spinal Cords. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2012, 287, 25073-25085.	3.4	82
31	Presynaptic NMDA receptors control nociceptive transmission at the spinal cord level in neuropathic pain. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2019, 76, 1889-1899.	5.4	78
32	Functional $\text{I}^{1/4}$ Opioid Receptors Are Reduced in the Spinal Cord Dorsal Horn of Diabetic Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2002, 97, 1602-1608.	2.5	76
33	Antinociceptive effects of chronic administration of uncompetitive NMDA receptor antagonists in a rat model of diabetic neuropathic pain. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2009, 57, 121-126.	4.1	76
34	Chloride Homeostasis Critically Regulates Synaptic NMDA Receptor Activity in Neuropathic Pain. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2016, 15, 1376-1383.	6.4	76
35	Loss of TRPV1-Expressing Sensory Neurons Reduces Spinal $\text{I}^{1/4}$ Opioid Receptors But Paradoxically Potentiates Opioid Analgesia. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2006, 95, 3086-3096.	1.8	75
36	Distinct Roles of Group III Metabotropic Glutamate Receptors in Control of Nociception and Dorsal Horn Neurons in Normal and Nerve-Injured Rats. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2005, 312, 120-126.	2.5	69

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37	Ghrelin receptors mediate ghrelin-induced excitation of agouti-related protein/neuropeptide Y but not pro-opiomelanocortin neurons. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2017, 142, 512-520.	3.9	68
38	Regulation of increased glutamatergic input to spinal dorsal horn neurons by mGluR5 in diabetic neuropathic pain. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2010, 112, 162-172.	3.9	67
39	Calcineurin inhibitor induces pain hypersensitivity by potentiating pre- and postsynaptic NMDA receptor activity in spinal cords. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2014, 592, 215-227.	2.9	67
40	Effect of the μ Opioid on Excitatory and Inhibitory Synaptic Inputs to Periaqueductal Gray-Projecting Neurons in the Amygdala. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2005, 312, 441-448.	2.5	66
41	Nerve Injury-Induced Chronic Pain Is Associated with Persistent DNA Methylation Reprogramming in Dorsal Root Ganglion. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 38, 6090-6101.	3.6	66
42	Role of M ₂ , M ₃ , and M ₄ muscarinic receptor subtypes in the spinal cholinergic control of nociception revealed using siRNA in rats. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2009, 111, 1000-1010.	3.9	65
43	Blocking μ opioid receptors in the spinal cord prevents the analgesic action by subsequent systemic opioids. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2006, 1081, 119-125.	2.2	64
44	Sensing of Blood Pressure Increase by Transient Receptor Potential Vanilloid 1 Receptors on Baroreceptors. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2009, 331, 851-859.	2.5	64
45	Synergistic Effect between Intrathecal Non-NMDA Antagonist and Gabapentin on Allodynia Induced by Spinal Nerve Ligation in Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2000, 92, 500-500.	2.5	63
46	Cardiac interstitial bradykinin release during ischemia is enhanced by ischemic preconditioning. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology</i> , 2000, 279, H116-H121.	3.2	60
47	M2, M3, and M4 Receptor Subtypes Contribute to Muscarinic Potentiation of GABAergic Inputs to Spinal Dorsal Horn Neurons. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2005, 313, 697-704.	2.5	59
48	Increased α -NMDA receptor coupling potentiates glutamatergic input to spinal dorsal horn neurons in chemotherapy-induced neuropathic pain. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2019, 148, 252-274.	3.9	59
49	Role of Spinal NO in Antiallodynic Effect of Intrathecal Clonidine in Neuropathic Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 1998, 89, 1518-1523.	2.5	58
50	Spinal GABAB receptors mediate antinociceptive actions of cholinergic agents in normal and diabetic rats. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2003, 965, 67-74.	2.2	58
51	Nerve injury increases brain-derived neurotrophic factor levels to suppress BK channel activity in primary sensory neurons. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2012, 121, 944-953.	3.9	58
52	Presynaptic glycine receptors as a potential therapeutic target for hyperekplexia disease. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 17, 232-239.	14.8	58
53	Nerve Injury Diminishes Opioid Analgesia through Lysine Methyltransferase-mediated Transcriptional Repression of μ -Opioid Receptors in Primary Sensory Neurons. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 8475-8485.	3.4	56
54	μ -Opioid receptors in primary sensory neurons are essential for opioid analgesic effect on acute and inflammatory pain and opioid-induced hyperalgesia. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2019, 597, 1661-1675.	2.9	56

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55	δ Opioid Receptor Activation Inhibits GABAergic Inputs to Basolateral Amygdala Neurons Through Kv1.1/1.2 Channels. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2006, 95, 2032-2041.	1.8	54
56	Casein Kinase II Regulates N-Methyl-d-Aspartate Receptor Activity in Spinal Cords and Pain Hypersensitivity Induced by Nerve Injury. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2014, 350, 301-312.	2.5	53
57	Effect of 2-(Phosphono-methyl)-pentanedioic Acid on Allodynia and Afferent Ectopic Discharges in a Rat Model of Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2002, 300, 662-667.	2.5	52
58	Myocardial Ischemia Recruits Mechanically Insensitive Cardiac Sympathetic Afferents in Cats. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2002, 87, 660-668.	1.8	52
59	Presynaptic N-Methyl-d-aspartate (NMDA) Receptor Activity Is Increased Through Protein Kinase C in Paclitaxel-induced Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2016, 291, 19364-19373.	3.4	50
60	Antiallodynic Effect of Intrathecal Neostigmine Is Mediated by Spinal Nitric Oxide in a Rat Model of Diabetic Neuropathic Pain. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2001, 95, 1007-1012.	2.5	48
61	The glutamatergic nature of TRPV1-expressing neurons in the spinal dorsal horn. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2009, 108, 305-318.	3.9	48
62	Focal Cerebral Ischemia and Reperfusion Induce Brain Injury Through α -Bound NMDA Receptors. <i>Stroke</i> , 2018, 49, 2464-2472.	2.0	47
63	Up-Regulation of Spinal Muscarinic Receptors and Increased Antinociceptive Effect of Intrathecal Muscarine in Diabetic Rats. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2003, 307, 676-681.	2.5	46
64	Bortezomib induces neuropathic pain through protein kinase C-mediated activation of presynaptic NMDA receptors in the spinal cord. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2017, 123, 477-487.	4.1	46
65	Diabetic neuropathy enhances voltage-activated Ca^{2+} channel activity and its control by M_4 muscarinic receptors in primary sensory neurons. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2011, 119, 594-603.	3.9	45
66	Role of spinal muscarinic and nicotinic receptors in clonidine-induced nitric oxide release in a rat model of neuropathic pain. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2000, 861, 390-398.	2.2	44
67	Activation of δ -Opioid Receptors Excites Spinally Projecting Locus Coeruleus Neurons Through Inhibition of GABAergic Inputs. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2002, 88, 2675-2683.	1.8	44
68	Activation of δ -opioid receptors excites a population of locus coeruleus-spinal neurons through presynaptic disinhibition. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2004, 997, 67-78.	2.2	44
69	Presynaptic mGluR5 receptor controls glutamatergic input through protein kinase C-NMDA receptors in paclitaxel-induced neuropathic pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2017, 292, 20644-20654.	3.4	44
70	Functional Activity of the M2 and M4 Receptor Subtypes in the Spinal Cord Studied with Muscarinic Acetylcholine Receptor Knockout Mice. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2005, 313, 765-770.	2.5	43
71	Regulation of Glutamate Release From Primary Afferents and Interneurons in the Spinal Cord by Muscarinic Receptor Subtypes. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2007, 97, 102-109.	1.8	43
72	Increased Spinal Cord $Na^+K^+-2Cl^-$ Cotransporter-1 (NKCC1) Activity Contributes to Impairment of Synaptic Inhibition in Paclitaxel-induced Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2014, 289, 31111-31120.	3.4	43

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73	Regulation of Synaptic Inputs to Paraventricular-Spinal Output Neurons by α_2 Adrenergic Receptors. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2005, 93, 393-402.	1.8	42
74	Increased Presynaptic and Postsynaptic α_2 -Adrenoceptor Activity in the Spinal Dorsal Horn in Painful Diabetic Neuropathy. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2011, 337, 285-292.	2.5	42
75	The α_1 -NMDA receptor coupling is essential for corticostriatal long-term potentiation and is involved in learning and memory. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2018, 293, 19354-19364.	3.4	42
76	Mastering tricyclic ring systems for desirable functional cannabinoid activity. <i>European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry</i> , 2013, 69, 881-907.	5.5	39
77	Dynamic regulation of glycinergic input to spinal dorsal horn neurones by muscarinic receptor subtypes in rats. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2006, 571, 403-413.	2.9	38
78	Nerve Injury Increases GluA2-Lacking AMPA Receptor Prevalence in Spinal Cords: Functional Significance and Signaling Mechanisms. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2013, 347, 765-772.	2.5	38
79	Effect of systemic and intrathecal gabapentin on allodynia in a new rat model of postherpetic neuralgia. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2005, 1042, 108-113.	2.2	37
80	Activation of μ -Opioid Receptors Inhibits Synaptic Inputs to Spinally Projecting Rostral Ventromedial Medulla Neurons. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2004, 309, 476-483.	2.5	36
81	Endogenous transient receptor potential ankyrin 1 and vanilloid 1 activity potentiates glutamatergic input to spinal lamina I neurons in inflammatory pain. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2019, 149, 381-398.	3.9	36
82	Increased Nociceptive Input Rapidly Modulates Spinal GABAergic Transmission Through Endogenously Released Glutamate. <i>Journal of Neurophysiology</i> , 2007, 97, 871-882.	1.8	35
83	α_1 couples to NMDA receptors in the hypothalamus to sustain sympathetic vasomotor activity in hypertension. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2018, 596, 4269-4283.	2.9	34
84	α_1 Is Essential for Sympathetic Output and NMDA Receptor Activity Potentiated by Angiotensin II in the Hypothalamus. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2018, 38, 6388-6398.	3.6	34
85	LRRc8A-dependent volume-regulated anion channels contribute to ischemia-induced brain injury and glutamatergic input to hippocampal neurons. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2020, 332, 113391.	4.1	34
86	Functional Plasticity of Group II Metabotropic Glutamate Receptors in Regulating Spinal Excitatory and Inhibitory Synaptic Input in Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2011, 336, 254-264.	2.5	33
87	Up-regulation of Cav3 Subunit in Primary Sensory Neurons Increases Voltage-activated Ca ²⁺ Channel Activity and Nociceptive Input in Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2012, 287, 6002-6013.	3.4	33
88	RE1-silencing transcription factor controls the acute-to-chronic neuropathic pain transition and Chrm2 receptor gene expression in primary sensory neurons. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2018, 293, 19078-19091.	3.4	33
89	Nitric Oxide Inhibits Nociceptive Transmission by Differentially Regulating Glutamate and Glycine Release to Spinal Dorsal Horn Neurons. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2011, 286, 33190-33202.	3.4	31
90	Regulating nociceptive transmission by VGluT2-expressing spinal dorsal horn neurons. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2018, 147, 526-540.	3.9	31

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91	Mitogen-activated protein kinase signaling mediates opioid-induced presynaptic NMDA receptor activation and analgesic tolerance. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2019, 148, 275-290.	3.9	29
92	δ -opioid Receptors Mediate Morphine-induced Hyperalgesia and Analgesic Tolerance by Potentiating Glutamatergic Input in Rodents. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2019, 130, 804-819.	2.5	29
93	Effect of Morphine on Deep Dorsal Horn Projection Neurons Depends on Spinal GABAergic and Glycinergic Tone: Implications for Reduced Opioid Effect in Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2005, 315, 696-703.	2.5	27
94	Opposing Functions of Spinal M2, M3, and M4 Receptor Subtypes in Regulation of GABAergic Inputs to Dorsal Horn Neurons Revealed by Muscarinic Receptor Knockout Mice. <i>Molecular Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 69, 1048-1055.	2.3	27
95	Calcineurin Inhibition Causes δ -Mediated Tonic Activation of Synaptic NMDA Receptors and Pain Hypersensitivity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2020, 40, 3707-3719.	3.6	27
96	Systemic Morphine Inhibits Dorsal Horn Projection Neurons through Spinal Cholinergic System Independent of Descending Pathways. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2005, 314, 611-617.	2.5	26
97	δ -1 Upregulation in Primary Sensory Neurons Promotes NMDA Receptor-Mediated Glutamatergic Input in Resiniferatoxin-Induced Neuropathy. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 41, 5963-5978.	3.6	26
98	Spinal Nitric Oxide Contributes to the Analgesic Effect of Intrathecal [D-Pen2,D-Pen5]-Enkephalin in Normal and Diabetic Rats. <i>Anesthesiology</i> , 2003, 98, 217-222.	2.5	25
99	Increased C-Fiber Nociceptive Input Potentiates Inhibitory Glycinergic Transmission in the Spinal Dorsal Horn. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2008, 324, 1000-1010.	2.5	25
100	Adenosine inhibits paraventricular pre-sympathetic neurons through ATP-dependent potassium channels. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2010, 113, 530-542.	3.9	25
101	Protein Kinase C-Mediated Phosphorylation and δ -1 Interdependently Regulate NMDA Receptor Trafficking and Activity. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 41, 6415-6429.	3.6	25
102	Upregulation of Nuclear Factor of Activated T-Cells by Nerve Injury Contributes to Development of Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2013, 345, 161-168.	2.5	24
103	δ -Opioid receptors in primary sensory neurons are involved in supraspinal opioid analgesia. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2020, 1729, 146623.	2.2	24
104	Sustained Inhibition of Neurotransmitter Release from Nontransient Receptor Potential Vanilloid Type 1-Expressing Primary Afferents by δ -Opioid Receptor Activation-Enkephalin in the Spinal Cord. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2008, 327, 375-382.	2.5	21
105	Endogenous AT1 receptor protein kinase C activity in the hypothalamus augments glutamatergic input and sympathetic outflow in hypertension. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2019, 597, 4325-4340.	2.9	21
106	Control of Glycinergic Input to Spinal Dorsal Horn Neurons by Distinct Muscarinic Receptor Subtypes Revealed Using Knockout Mice. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2007, 323, 963-971.	2.5	19
107	Protein kinase CK2 contributes to diminished small conductance Ca^{2+} -activated K^{+} channel activity of hypothalamic pre-sympathetic neurons in hypertension. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2014, 130, 657-667.	3.9	19
108	Differential Regulation of Primary Afferent Input to Spinal Cord by Muscarinic Receptor Subtypes Delineated Using Knockout Mice. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2014, 289, 14321-14330.	3.4	19

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109	Endogenous nitric oxide inhibits spinal NMDA receptor activity and pain hypersensitivity induced by nerve injury. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2017, 125, 156-165.	4.1	19
110	$\hat{I}\pm 2\hat{I}^{-1}$ switches the phenotype of synaptic AMPA receptors by physically disrupting heteromeric subunit assembly. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2021, 36, 109396.	6.4	19
111	Potential of spinal $\hat{I}\pm 2$ -adrenoceptor analgesia in rats deficient in TRPV1-expressing afferent neurons. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2007, 52, 1624-1630.	4.1	18
112	Histone methyltransferase G9a diminishes expression of cannabinoid CB1 receptors in primary sensory neurons in neuropathic pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2020, 295, 3553-3562.	3.4	18
113	Theta-Burst Stimulation of Primary Afferents Drives Long-Term Potentiation in the Spinal Cord and Persistent Pain via $\hat{I}\pm 2\hat{I}^{-1}$ -Bound NMDA Receptors. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2022, 42, 513-527.	3.6	18
114	Removing TRPV1-expressing primary afferent neurons potentiates the spinal analgesic effect of \hat{I} -opioid agonists on mechano-nociception. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2008, 55, 215-222.	4.1	17
115	Potential of High Voltage-Activated Calcium Channels by 4-Aminopyridine Depends on Subunit Composition. <i>Molecular Pharmacology</i> , 2014, 86, 760-772.	2.3	16
116	Streptozotocin-Induced Diabetic Neuropathic Pain Is Associated with Potentiated Calcium-Permeable AMPA Receptor Activity in the Spinal Cord. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2019, 371, 242-249.	2.5	16
117	$\hat{I}\pm 2\hat{I}^{-1}$ -Dependent NMDA Receptor Activity in the Hypothalamus Is an Effector of Genetic-Environment Interactions That Drive Persistent Hypertension. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 41, 6551-6563.	3.6	15
118	Cannabinoid CB2 receptors are upregulated via bivalent histone modifications and control primary afferent input to the spinal cord in neuropathic pain. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2022, 298, 101999.	3.4	15
119	Role of Spinal Nitric Oxide in the Inhibitory Effect of [d-Pen2,d-Pen5]-Enkephalin on Ascending Dorsal Horn Neurons in Normal and Diabetic Rats. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2002, 303, 1021-1028.	2.5	13
120	Dynamic Control of Glutamatergic Synaptic Input in the Spinal Cord by Muscarinic Receptor Subtypes Defined Using Knockout Mice. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2010, 285, 40427-40437.	3.4	12
121	Casein Kinase II Inhibition Reverses Pain Hypersensitivity and Potentiated Spinal \hat{I} -Methyl-d-aspartate Receptor Activity Caused by Calcineurin Inhibitor. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2014, 349, 239-247.	2.5	12
122	Muscarinic receptor subtypes differentially control synaptic input and excitability of cerebellum-projecting medial vestibular nucleus neurons. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2016, 137, 226-239.	3.9	11
123	Calcineurin Controls Hypothalamic NMDA Receptor Activity and Sympathetic Outflow. <i>Circulation Research</i> , 2022, 131, 345-360.	4.5	11
124	Calcineurin Regulates Synaptic Plasticity and Nociceptive Transmission at the Spinal Cord Level. <i>Neuroscientist</i> , 2022, 28, 628-638.	3.5	10
125	Distinct intrinsic and synaptic properties of pre-sympathetic and pre-parasympathetic output neurons in Barrington's nucleus. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2013, 126, 338-348.	3.9	9
126	Group III metabotropic glutamate receptors regulate hypothalamic presympathetic neurons through opposing presynaptic and postsynaptic actions in hypertension. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 2020, 174, 108159.	4.1	9

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127	Regulation of Nociceptive Transduction and Transmission by Nitric Oxide. Vitamins and Hormones, 2014, 96, 1-18.	1.7	8
128	NMDA Receptors and Signaling in Chronic Neuropathic Pain. , 2017, , 103-119.		6
129	Nitric oxide stimulates glutamatergic synaptic inputs to baroreceptor neurons through potentiation of Cav2.2-mediated Ca ²⁺ currents. Neuroscience Letters, 2014, 567, 57-62.	2.1	5
130	Î±2Î± protein promotes synaptic expression of Ca ²⁺ permeable AMPA receptors by inhibiting GluA1/GluA2 heteromeric assembly in the hypothalamus in hypertension. Journal of Neurochemistry, 2022, 161, 40-52.	3.9	5
131	Reply to Meriney and Lacomis: Comment on direct aminopyridine effects on voltage-gated Ca ²⁺ channels. Journal of Biological Chemistry, 2018, 293, 16101.	3.4	1
132	Gene therapy approaches to restore chloride homeostasis for treating neuropathic pain. , 2020, , 687-700.		0
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