

Brage Storstein Andresen

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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147
papers

6,605
citations

57719

44
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82499

72
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153
all docs

153
docs citations

153
times ranked

5933
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	ETFDH mutations as a major cause of riboflavin-responsive multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. <i>Brain</i> , 2007, 130, 2045-2054.	3.7	292
2	Clear Correlation of Genotype with Disease Phenotype in Very-Long-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1999, 64, 479-494.	2.6	285
3	Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (MCAD) Mutations Identified by MS/MS-Based Prospective Screening of Newborns Differ from Those Observed in Patients with Clinical Symptoms: Identification and Characterization of a New, Prevalent Mutation That Results in Mild MCAD Deficiency*. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2001, 68, 1408-1418.	2.6	219
4	Clear relationship between ETF/ETFDH genotype and phenotype in patients with multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2003, 22, 12-23.	1.1	196
5	Protein misfolding and degradation in genetic diseases. , 1999, 14, 186-198.		184
6	Mutation analysis in mitochondrial fatty acid oxidation defects: Exemplified by acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiencies, with special focus on genotype-phenotype relationship. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2001, 18, 169-189.	1.1	178
7	Splicing factor 1 modulates dietary restriction and TORC1 pathway longevity in <i>C. elegans</i> . <i>Nature</i> , 2017, 541, 102-106.	13.7	152
8	CUGBP1 and MBNL1 preferentially bind to 3' UTRs and facilitate mRNA decay. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2012, 2, 209.	1.6	150
9	Seemingly Neutral Polymorphic Variants May Confer Immunity to Splicing-Inactivating Mutations: A Synonymous SNP in Exon 5 of MCAD Protects from Deleterious Mutations in a Flanking Exonic Splicing Enhancer. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2007, 80, 416-432.	2.6	140
10	Mitochondrial fatty acid oxidation defects—remaining challenges. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2008, 31, 643-657.	1.7	123
11	The Molecular Basis of Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (MCAD) Deficiency in Compound Heterozygous Patients: Is There Correlation between Genotype and Phenotype?. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 1997, 6, 695-707.	1.4	119
12	Identification of potential hot spots in the carboxy-terminal part of the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) BNLF-1 gene in both malignant and benign EBV-associated diseases: high frequency of a 30-bp deletion in Malaysian and Danish peripheral T-cell lymphomas. <i>Blood</i> , 1994, 84, 4053-4060.	0.6	112
13	Identification of four new mutations in the short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (SCAD) gene in two patients: one of the variant alleles, 511C→T, is present at an unexpectedly high frequency in the general population, as was the case for 625G→A, together conferring susceptibility to ethylmalonic aciduria. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 1998, 7, 619-627.	1.4	109
14	Cloning and characterization of human very-long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase cDNA, chromosomal assignment of the gene and identification in four patients of nine different mutations within the VLCAD gene [published erratum appears in <i>Hum Mol Genet</i> 1996 Sep;5(9):1390]. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 1996, 5, 461-472.	1.4	106
15	The ACADS gene variation spectrum in 114 patients with short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (SCAD) deficiency is dominated by missense variations leading to protein misfolding at the cellular level. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 2008, 124, 43-56.	1.8	101
16	Internalization, lysosomal degradation and new synthesis of surface membrane CD4 in phorbol ester-activated T-lymphocytes and U-937 cells. <i>Experimental Cell Research</i> , 1992, 201, 160-173.	1.2	95
17	VLCAD deficiency: Pitfalls in newborn screening and confirmation of diagnosis by mutation analysis. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2006, 88, 166-170.	0.5	95
18	Ethylmalonic Aciduria Is Associated with an Amino Acid Variant of Short Chain Acyl-Coenzyme A Dehydrogenase. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , 1996, 39, 1059-1066.	1.1	92

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19	RNA-sequencing of a mouse-model of spinal muscular atrophy reveals tissue-wide changes in splicing of U12-dependent introns. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2017, 45, 395-416.	6.5	87
20	Sequence Analysis of the Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) Latent Membrane Protein-1 Gene and Promoter Region: Identification of Four Variants Among Wild-Type EBV Isolates. <i>Blood</i> , 1997, 90, 323-330.	0.6	86
21	Genetic defects in fatty acid beta-oxidation and acyl-CoA dehydrogenases. Molecular pathogenesis and genotype-phenotype relationships. <i>FEBS Journal</i> , 2004, 271, 470-482.	0.2	86
22	Mutations in the medium chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) gene. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1992, 1, 271-279.	1.1	85
23	Specific diagnosis of medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency in dried blood spots by a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) assay detecting a point-mutation (G985) in the MCAD gene. <i>Clinica Chimica Acta</i> , 1991, 203, 23-34.	0.5	83
24	Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency: Genotypeâ€biochemical phenotype correlations. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2006, 87, 32-39.	0.5	83
25	Effects of Two Mutations Detected in Medium Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (MCAD)-deficient Patients on Folding, Oligomer Assembly, and Stability of MCAD Enzyme. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1995, 270, 10284-10290.	1.6	79
26	Isolated 2-Methylbutyrylglycinuria Caused by Short/Branched-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency: Identification of a New Enzyme Defect, Resolution of Its Molecular Basis, and Evidence for Distinct Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenases in Isoleucine And Valine Metabolism. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2000, 67, 1095-1103.	2.6	79
27	Diagnostic assessment and long-term follow-up of 13 patients with Very Long-Chain Acyl-Coenzyme A dehydrogenase (VLCAD) deficiency. <i>Neuromuscular Disorders</i> , 2009, 19, 324-329.	0.3	79
28	Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (MCAD) Deficiency: The Prevalent Mutation G985 (K304E) Is Subject to a Strong Founder Effect from Northwestern Europe. <i>Human Heredity</i> , 1993, 43, 342-350.	0.4	75
29	Features of 5â€splice-site efficiency derived from disease-causing mutations and comparative genomics. <i>Genome Research</i> , 2008, 18, 77-87.	2.4	75
30	Genetic Basis for Correction of Very-Long-Chain Acylâ€Coenzyme A Dehydrogenase Deficiency by Bezafibrate in Patient Fibroblasts: Toward a Genotype-Based Therapy. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 2007, 81, 1133-1143.	2.6	69
31	Prospective Diagnosis of 2-Methylbutyryl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency in the Hmong Population by Newborn Screening Using Tandem Mass Spectrometry. <i>Pediatrics</i> , 2003, 112, 74-78.	1.0	67
32	Molecular characterization of medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency: identification of a lys329 to glu mutation in the MCAD gene, and expression of inactive mutant enzyme protein in <i>E. coli</i> . <i>Human Genetics</i> , 1991, 86, 545-51.	1.8	66
33	Very long chain acyl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase deficiency with adult onset. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 1998, 43, 540-544.	2.8	65
34	The role of chaperone-assisted folding and quality control in inborn errors of metabolism: Protein folding disorders. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2001, 24, 189-212.	1.7	65
35	Co-overexpression of bacterial GroESL chaperonins partly overcomes non-productive folding and tetramer assembly of <i>E. coli</i> -expressed human medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) carrying the prevalent disease-causing K304E mutation. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 1993, 1182, 264-274.	1.8	64
36	Biochemical, clinical and molecular findings in LCHAD and general mitochondrial trifunctional protein deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2005, 28, 533-544.	1.7	63

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37	Global identification of hnRNP A1 binding sites for SSO-based splicing modulation. <i>BMC Biology</i> , 2016, 14, 54.	1.7	62
38	Identification of isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase and its deficiency in humans. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2002, 77, 68-79.	0.5	60
39	Identification of Novel and Known Mutations in the Genes for Keratin 5 and 14 in Danish Patients with Epidermolysis Bullosa Simplex: Correlation Between Genotype and Phenotype. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 1999, 112, 184-190.	0.3	58
40	Biochemical screening of 504,049 newborns in Denmark, the Faroe Islands and Greenland – Experience and development of a routine program for expanded newborn screening. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 107, 281-293.	0.5	55
41	DeepCLIP: predicting the effect of mutations on protein-RNA binding with deep learning. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2020, 48, 7099-7118.	6.5	54
42	The deep intronic c.903+469T>C mutation in the <i>MTRR</i> gene creates an SF2/ASF binding exonic splicing enhancer, which leads to pseudoexon activation and causes the cblE type of homocystinuria. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2010, 31, 437-444.	1.1	53
43	Defective folding and rapid degradation of mutant proteins is a common disease mechanism in genetic disorders. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2000, 23, 441-447.	1.7	52
44	Human ClpP protease: cDNA sequence, tissue-specific expression and chromosomal assignment of the gene. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1995, 377, 249-252.	1.3	47
45	Mutation and biochemical analysis in carnitine palmitoyltransferase type II (CPT II) deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2003, 26, 543-557.	1.7	47
46	Identification of Six Novel PTH1R Mutations in Families with a History of Primary Failure of Tooth Eruption. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e74601.	1.1	47
47	2-Methylbutyryl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase deficiency: Functional and molecular studies on a defect in isoleucine catabolism. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2008, 93, 30-35.	0.5	45
48	A comprehensive <i>HADHA</i> c.1528G>C frequency study reveals high prevalence of long-chain 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency in Poland. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2010, 33, 373-377.	1.7	45
49	Structural organization of the human short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase gene. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 1997, 8, 922-926.	1.0	42
50	SMN2 exon 7 splicing is inhibited by binding of hnRNP A1 to a common ESS motif that spans the 5' splice site. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2011, 32, 220-230.	1.1	41
51	An intronic variation in <i>SLC52A1</i> causes exon skipping and transient riboflavin-responsive multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2017, 122, 182-188.	0.5	41
52	Clinical and Molecular Evidence of Abnormal Processing and Trafficking of the Vasopressin Preprohormone in a Large Kindred with Familial Neurohypophyseal Diabetes Insipidus due to A Signal Peptide Mutation. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 1999, 84, 2933-2941.	1.8	41
53	The mutational spectrum in very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 1996, 19, 169-172.	1.7	40
54	Short/branched-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency due to an IVS3+3A>G mutation that causes exon skipping. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 2006, 118, 680-690.	1.8	40

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55	Newborn screening for medium chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency in England: Prevalence, predictive value and test validity based on 1.5 million screened babies. <i>Journal of Medical Screening</i> , 2011, 18, 173-181.	1.1	40
56	2-Ethylhydracrylic Aciduria in Short/Branched-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency: Application to Diagnosis and Implications for the R-Pathway of Isoleucine Oxidation. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2005, 51, 610-617.	1.5	38
57	Prevalent mutations in fatty acid oxidation disorders: diagnostic considerations. <i>European Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2000, 159, S213-S218.	1.3	37
58	Sequence analysis of the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) latent membrane protein-1 gene and promoter region: identification of four variants among wild-type EBV isolates. <i>Blood</i> , 1997, 90, 323-30.	0.6	37
59	Human and mouse mitochondrial orthologs of bacterial ClpX. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 2000, 11, 899-905.	1.0	36
60	Late-onset form of Î ² -electron transfer flavoprotein deficiency. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2003, 78, 247-249.	0.5	34
61	MCAD deficiency in Denmark. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 106, 175-188.	0.5	33
62	Two Novel Nonradioactive Polymerase Chain Reaction-Based Assays of Dried Blood Spots, Genomic DNA, or Whole Cells for Fast, Reliable Detection of Z and S Mutations in the Î±1-Antitrypsin Gene. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 1992, 38, 2100-2107.	1.5	32
63	Variations in IBD (ACAD8) in Children with Elevated C4-Carnitine Detected by Tandem Mass Spectrometry Newborn Screening. <i>Pediatric Research</i> , 2006, 60, 315-320.	1.1	32
64	The c.158A>G Variation Disrupts the Balanced Interplay of ESE- and ESS-Binding Proteins thereby Causing Missplicing and Multiple Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenation Deficiency. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2014, 35, 86-95.	1.1	32
65	A rare disease-associated mutation in the medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) gene changes a conserved arginine, previously shown to be functionally essential in short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (SCAD). <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1993, 53, 730-9.	2.6	32
66	Mitochondrial trifunctional protein deficiency in human cultured fibroblasts: effects of bezafibrate. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2016, 39, 47-58.	1.7	31
67	Lipid-storage myopathy and respiratory insufficiency due to ETFQO mutations in a patient with late-onset multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2004, 27, 671-678.	1.7	30
68	Urgent metabolic service improves survival in long-chain 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase (LCHAD) deficiency detected by symptomatic identification and pilot newborn screening. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2011, 34, 185-195.	1.7	30
69	Identification of potential hot spots in the carboxy-terminal part of the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) BNLF-1 gene in both malignant and benign EBV-associated diseases: high frequency of a 30-bp deletion in Malaysian and Danish peripheral T-cell lymphomas. <i>Blood</i> , 1994, 84, 4053-60.	0.6	30
70	A common W556S mutation in the LDL receptor gene of Danish patients with familial hypercholesterolemia encodes a transport-defective protein. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 1997, 131, 67-72.	0.4	29
71	A severe genotype with favourable outcome in very long chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2001, 84, 58-60.	1.0	29
72	The Y42H mutation in medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, which is prevalent in babies identified by MS/MS-based newborn screening, is temperature sensitive. <i>FEBS Journal</i> , 2004, 271, 4053-4063.	0.2	29

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73	A pathogenic haplotype, common in Europeans, causes autosomal recessive albinism and uncovers missing heritability in OCA1. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 645.	1.6	29
74	Splice-shifting oligonucleotide (SSO) mediated blocking of an exonic splicing enhancer (ESE) created by the prevalent c.903+469T>C MTRR mutation corrects splicing and restores enzyme activity in patient cells. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015, 43, 4627-4639.	6.5	28
75	VLCAD deficiency: Follow-up and outcome of patients diagnosed through newborn screening in Victoria. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2016, 118, 282-287.	0.5	28
76	2-methylbutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency associated with autism and mental retardation: a case report. <i>Journal of Medical Case Reports</i> , 2007, 1, 98.	0.4	27
77	Expression of wild-type and mutant medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) cDNA in eucaryotic cells. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta - Molecular Basis of Disease</i> , 1992, 1180, 65-72.	1.8	26
78	Intronic PAH gene mutations cause a splicing defect by a novel mechanism involving U1snRNP binding downstream of the 5â€™ splice site. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2018, 14, e1007360.	1.5	26
79	Characterization of a disease-causing Glu119-Lys mutation in the low-density lipoprotein receptor gene in two Danish families with heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1994, 4, 102-113.	1.1	25
80	Myopathy in very-long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency: clinical and biochemical differences with the fatal cardiac phenotype. <i>Neuromuscular Disorders</i> , 1999, 9, 313-319.	0.3	25
81	Homozygosity for a severe novel medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) mutation IVS3-1G>C that leads to introduction of a premature termination codon by complete missplicing of the MCAD mRNA and is associated with phenotypic diversity ranging from sudden neonatal death to asymptomatic status. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2004, 82, 121-129.	0.5	25
82	Prenatal diagnosis of medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency in a family with a previous fatal case of sudden unexpected death in childhood. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 1995, 15, 82-86.	1.1	24
83	Splicing of phenylalanine hydroxylase (PAH) exon 11 is vulnerable: Molecular pathology of mutations in PAH exon 11. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 106, 403-411.	0.5	24
84	Two mutations in the same low-density lipoprotein receptor allele act in synergy to reduce receptor function in heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1997, 9, 437-444.	1.1	23
85	The phenylalanine hydroxylase c.30C>G synonymous variation (p.G10G) creates a common exonic splicing silencer. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2010, 100, 316-323.	0.5	23
86	The prevalent deep intronic c. 639 + 919 G > A GLA mutation causes pseudoexon activation and Fabry disease by abolishing the binding of hnRNPA1 and hnRNP A2/B1 to a splicing silencer. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2016, 119, 258-269.	0.5	23
87	Adolescent myopathic presentation in two sisters with very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 1999, 22, 802-810.	1.7	22
88	TAT gene mutation analysis in three Palestinian kindreds with oculocutaneous tyrosinaemia type II; characterization of a silent exonic transversion that causes complete missplicing by exon 11 skipping. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2006, 29, 620-626.	1.7	22
89	A synonymous polymorphic variation in ACADM exon 11 affects splicing efficiency and may affect fatty acid oxidation. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2013, 110, 122-128.	0.5	22
90	Sequence Analysis of the Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) Latent Membrane Protein-1 Gene and Promoter Region: Identification of Four Variants Among Wild-Type EBV Isolates. <i>Blood</i> , 1997, 90, 323-330.	0.6	22

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91	The most common mutation causing medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency is strongly associated with a particular haplotype in the region of the gene. <i>Human Genetics</i> , 1991, 87, 425-8.	1.8	21
92	Comparison between medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase mutant proteins overexpressed in bacterial and mammalian cells. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1995, 6, 226-231.	1.1	21
93	A Polymorphic Variant in the Human Electron Transfer Flavoprotein $\hat{\pm}$ -Chain ($\hat{\pm}$ -T171) Displays Decreased Thermal Stability and Is Overrepresented in Very-Long-Chain acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase-Deficient Patients with Mild Childhood Presentation. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 1999, 67, 138-147.	0.5	21
94	Newborn Screening for MCAD Deficiency. <i>Canadian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2008, 99, 276-280.	1.1	21
95	Disease-causing mutations in exon 11 of the medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase gene. <i>American Journal of Human Genetics</i> , 1994, 54, 975-88.	2.6	21
96	Surface membrane CD4 turnover in phorbol ester stimulated T-lymphocytes. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 1990, 276, 59-62.	1.3	19
97	Amino acid polymorphism (Gly209Ser) in the ACADS gene. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 1994, 3, 1711-1711.	1.4	19
98	Ethnicity of children with homozygous c.985A>G medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency: findings from screening approximately 1.1 million newborn infants. <i>Journal of Medical Screening</i> , 2008, 15, 112-117.	1.1	18
99	The Splicing Efficiency of Activating HRAS Mutations Can Determine Costello Syndrome Phenotype and Frequency in Cancer. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2016, 12, e1006039.	1.5	18
100	Pseudoexon activation in disease by non-splice site deep intronic sequence variation " wild type pseudoexons constitute high-risk sites in the human genome. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2022, 43, 103-127.	1.1	17
101	Next generation sequencing of RNA reveals novel targets of resveratrol with possible implications for Canavan disease. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2019, 126, 64-76.	0.5	16
102	Blocking of an intronic splicing silencer completely rescues IKBKAP exon 20 splicing in familial dysautonomia patient cells. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2018, 46, 7938-7952.	6.5	15
103	Identification of SRSF10 as a regulator of <i>SMN2</i> ISS $\hat{\pm}$ 1. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2021, 42, 246-260.	1.1	15
104	Analysis of the Epstein-Barr virus (EBV) latent membrane protein 1 (LMP-1) gene and promoter in Hodgkin's disease isolates: selection against EBV variants with mutations in the LMP-1 promoter ATF-1/CREB-1 binding site. <i>Journal of Clinical Pathology</i> , 2000, 53, 280-288.	2.1	14
105	Functional testing of keratin 14 mutant proteins associated with the three major subtypes of epidermolysis bullosa simplex. <i>Experimental Dermatology</i> , 2003, 12, 472-479.	1.4	14
106	A novel mutation of the ACADM gene (c.145C>G) associated with the common c.985A>G mutation on the other ACADM allele causes mild MCAD deficiency: a case report. <i>Orphanet Journal of Rare Diseases</i> , 2010, 5, 26.	1.2	14
107	Long-term outcome of isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency diagnosed following an episode of ketotic hypoglycaemia. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism Reports</i> , 2017, 10, 28-30.	0.4	14
108	Neurodevelopmental profiles of children with very long chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency diagnosed by newborn screening. <i>Molecular Genetics and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 113, 278-282.	0.5	13

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109	Mutation analysis in mitochondrial fatty acid oxidation defects: Exemplified by acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiencies, with special focus on genotype-phenotype relationship. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2001, 18, 169.	1.1	13
110	Two novel nonradioactive polymerase chain reaction-based assays of dried blood spots, genomic DNA, or whole cells for fast, reliable detection of Z and S mutations in the alpha 1-antitrypsin gene. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 1992, 38, 2100-7.	1.5	13
111	Characterization of Wild-Type Human Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (MCAD) and Mutant Enzymes Present in MCAD-Deficient Patients by Two-Dimensional Gel Electrophoresis: Evidence for Posttranslational Modification of the Enzyme. <i>Biochemical Medicine and Metabolic Biology</i> , 1994, 52, 36-44.	0.7	12
112	Impaired Folding and Subunit Assembly as Disease Mechanism: The Example of Medium-Chain acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency. <i>Progress in Molecular Biology and Translational Science</i> , 1997, 58, 301-337.	1.9	12
113	Use of Molecular Genetic Analyses in Danish Routine Newborn Screening. <i>International Journal of Neonatal Screening</i> , 2021, 7, 50.	1.2	12
114	Characterization of a disease-causing Lys329 to Glu mutation in 16 patients with medium-chain Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 1991, 14, 314-316.	1.7	11
115	Molecular genetic characterization and urinary excretion pattern of metabolites in two families with MCAD deficiency due to compound heterozygosity with a 13 base pair insertion in one allele. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 1994, 17, 169-184.	1.7	11
116	Very-long-chain acyl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase (VLCAD) deficiency: monitoring of treatment by carnitine/acylcarnitine analysis in blood spots. <i>Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics</i> , 2000, 89, 492-495.	0.7	11
117	Interstitial deletion of 1p22.2p31.1 and medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency in a patient with global developmental delay. <i>American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A</i> , 2008, 146A, 1581-1586.	0.7	11
118	Vulnerable exons, like <i>ACADM</i> exon 5, are highly dependent on maintaining a correct balance between splicing enhancers and silencers. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2022, 43, 253-265.	1.1	11
119	DNA-based prenatal diagnosis for very-long- chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 1999, 22, 281-285.	1.7	10
120	DNA-based prenatal diagnosis for severe and variant forms of multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency. <i>Prenatal Diagnosis</i> , 2005, 25, 60-64.	1.1	10
121	High-resolution melting analysis, a simple and effective method for reliable mutation scanning and frequency studies in the <i>ACADVL</i> gene. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 2010, 33, 247-260.	1.7	10
122	A silent A to G mutation in exon 11 of the medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) gene. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 1993, 2, 488-488.	1.4	9
123	Normal Levels of Plasma Free Carnitine and Acylcarnitines in Follow-Up Samples from a Presymptomatic Case of Carnitine Palmitoyl Transferase 1 (CPT1) Deficiency Detected Through Newborn Screening in Denmark. <i>JIMD Reports</i> , 2011, 3, 11-15.	0.7	9
124	Topoisomerase 1 inhibits <i>MYC</i> promoter activity by inducing G-quadruplex formation. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2022, 50, 6332-6342.	6.5	9
125	Two novel variants of human medium chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD). K364R, a folding mutation, and R256T, a catalytic-site mutation resulting in a well-folded but totally inactive protein. <i>FEBS Journal</i> , 2005, 272, 4549-4557.	2.2	7
126	Abnormal Newborn Screening in a Healthy Infant of a Mother with Undiagnosed Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency. <i>JIMD Reports</i> , 2015, 23, 67-70.	0.7	7

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
127	Antisense Oligonucleotide Rescue of Deep-Intronic Variants Activating Pseudoexons in the 6-Pyruvoyl-Tetrahydropterin Synthase Gene. <i>Nucleic Acid Therapeutics</i> , 2022, 32, 378-390.	2.0	7
128	Fibroblast Fatty-Acid Oxidation Flux Assays Stratify Risk in Newborns with Presumptive-Positive Results on Screening for Very-Long Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency. <i>International Journal of Neonatal Screening</i> , 2017, 3, 2.	1.2	6
129	Very-long-chain acyl-coenzyme A dehydrogenase (VLCAD) deficiency: monitoring of treatment by carnitine/acylcarnitine analysis in blood spots. <i>Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics</i> , 2000, 89, 492-495.	0.7	6
130	VEGFA-targeting miR-agshRNAs combine efficacy with specificity and safety for retinal gene therapy. <i>Molecular Therapy - Nucleic Acids</i> , 2022, 28, 58-76.	2.3	6
131	Characterization of mouse Clpp protease cDNA, gene, and protein. <i>Mammalian Genome</i> , 2000, 11, 275-280.	1.0	5
132	Down-regulation of CK2 \pm correlates with decreased expression levels of DNA replication minichromosome maintenance protein complex (MCM) genes. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 14581.	1.6	5
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134	Down-Regulation of CK2 \pm Leads to Up-Regulation of the Cyclin-Dependent Kinase Inhibitor p27KIP1 in Conditions Unfavorable for the Growth of Myoblast Cells. <i>Cellular Physiology and Biochemistry</i> , 2020, 54, 1177-1198.	1.1	3
135	Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency due to heterozygosity for the common mutation and an allele resulting in low levels of MCAD mRNA. <i>Journal of Inherited Metabolic Disease</i> , 1994, 17, 275-278.	1.7	2
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137	Essential role of CK2 \pm for the interaction and stability of replication fork factors during DNA synthesis and activation of the S-phase checkpoint. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2022, 79, .	2.4	2
138	77 Mutations of Human Medium-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase. <i>Biochemical Society Transactions</i> , 1998, 26, S65-S65.	1.6	1
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140	A Large Intragenic Deletion in the ACADM Gene Can Cause MCAD Deficiency but is not Detected on Routine Sequencing. <i>JIMD Reports</i> , 2013, 11, 13-16.	0.7	1
141	Two mutations in the same low-density lipoprotein receptor allele act in synergy to reduce receptor function in heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 1997, 9, 437-444.	1.1	1
142	Molecular analysis of medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency: a diagnostic approach. <i>Progress in Clinical and Biological Research</i> , 1992, 375, 441-52.	0.2	1
143	Molecular diagnosis and characterization of medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Clinical and Laboratory Investigation, Supplement</i> , 1995, 220, 9-25.	2.7	1
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146	Vascular Cognitive Impairment. , 2009, , 2172-2172.		0
147	Reading through nonsense as therapy for propionic acidemia?. Human Mutation, 2012, 33, v-v.	1.1	0