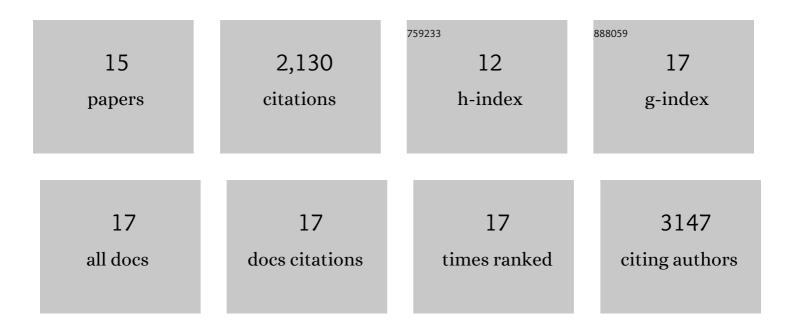
## **Christian Munk**

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/118925/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The G protein database, GproteinDb. Nucleic Acids Research, 2022, 50, D518-D525.	14.5	49
2	GPCRdb in 2021: integrating GPCR sequence, structure and function. Nucleic Acids Research, 2021, 49, D335-D343.	14.5	254
3	GPCR activation mechanisms across classes and macro/microscales. Nature Structural and Molecular Biology, 2021, 28, 879-888.	8.2	98
4	An online GPCR structure analysis platform. Nature Structural and Molecular Biology, 2021, 28, 875-878.	8.2	16
5	Methylation of CpG 5962 in L1 of the human papillomavirus 16 genome as a potential predictive marker for viral persistence: A prospective large cohort study using cervical swab samples. Cancer Medicine, 2020, 9, 1058-1068.	2.8	7
6	Combinatorial expression of GPCR isoforms affects signalling and drug responses. Nature, 2020, 587, 650-656.	27.8	87
7	An online resource for GPCR structure determination and analysis. Nature Methods, 2019, 16, 151-162.	19.0	108
8	GPCRdb in 2018: adding GPCR structure models and ligands. Nucleic Acids Research, 2018, 46, D440-D446.	14.5	421
9	HPV16 viral load and physical state measurement as a potential immediate triage strategy for HR-HPV-infected women: a study in 644 women with single HPV16 infections. American Journal of Cancer Research, 2018, 8, 715-722.	1.4	8
10	Structural insight to mutation effects uncover a common allosteric site in class C GPCRs. Bioinformatics, 2017, 33, 1116-1120.	4.1	9
11	Integrating structural and mutagenesis data to elucidate GPCR ligand binding. Current Opinion in Pharmacology, 2016, 30, 51-58.	3.5	52
12	GPCRdb: an information system for G protein-coupled receptors. Nucleic Acids Research, 2016, 44, D356-D364.	14.5	472
13	TMEM45A, SERPINB5 and p16INK4A transcript levels are predictive for development of high-grade cervical lesions. American Journal of Cancer Research, 2016, 6, 1524-36.	1.4	13
14	Physical state and viral load as predictive biomarkersfor persistence and progression of HPV16-positive cervical lesions: results from a population based long-term prospective cohort study. American Journal of Cancer Research, 2012, 2, 192-203.	1.4	8
15	Long-term Absolute Risk of Cervical Intraepithelial Neoplasia Grade 3 or Worse Following Human Papillomavirus Infection: Role of Persistence. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2010, 102, 1478-1488.	6.3	485