## Michael C Costanza

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Transcranial Doppler Versus Angiography in Patients With Vasospasm due to a Ruptured Cerebral Aneurysm. Stroke, 2001, 32, 2292-2298.	1.0	418
2	Breast Self-Examination Practices and Breast-Cancer Stage. New England Journal of Medicine, 1978, 299, 265-270.	13.9	246
3	Adverse relationship between blood transfusions and survival after colectomy for colon cancer. Cancer, 1985, 55, 1195-1201.	2.0	236
4	International Variability in Ages at Menarche, First Livebirth, and Menopause. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1998, 148, 1195-1205.	1.6	232
5	Blood transfusions and survival after lung cancer resection. American Journal of Surgery, 1985, 149, 502-507.	0.9	180
6	Breast self-examination practices and breast cancer survival. Cancer, 1984, 53, 999-1005.	2.0	167
7	Comparison of Stopping Rules in Forward Stepwise Discriminant Analysis. Journal of the American Statistical Association, 1979, 74, 777-785.	1.8	145
8	Physical Activity May Modulate Effects ofApoEGenotype on Lipid Profile. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 2002, 22, 133-140.	1.1	82
9	A community-wide program in breast self-examination training and maintenance. Preventive Medicine, 1990, 19, 254-269.	1.6	44
10	Comparison of Stopping Rules in Forward Stepwise Discriminant Analysis. , 0, .		41
11	Clinical breast examination and breast self-examination. Past and present effect on breast cancer survival. Cancer, 1992, 69, 1992-1998.	2.0	38
12	Breast self-examination practices and attitudes of women with and without a history of breast cancer. Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 1987, 10, 337-350.	1.1	36
13	Relative Contributions of Genes, Environment, and Interactions to Blood Lipid Concentrations in a General Adult Population. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2005, 161, 714-724.	1.6	35
14	Content and context in health education: Persuading women to perform breast self-examination. Preventive Medicine, 1983, 12, 331-339.	1.6	34
15	Association of extreme blood lipid profile phenotypic variation with 11 reverse cholesterol transport genes and 10 non-genetic cardiovascular disease risk factors. Human Molecular Genetics, 2003, 12, 2733-2743.	1.4	34
16	Association between lipoprotein lipase (LPL) gene and blood lipids: A common variant for a common trait?. Genetic Epidemiology, 2003, 24, 309-321.	0.6	25
17	Gender differentials in the evolution of cigarette smoking habits in a general European adult population from 1993–2003. BMC Public Health, 2006, 6, 130.	1.2	24
18	Binary classification of dyslipidemia from the waist-to-hip ratio and body mass index: a comparison of linear, logistic, and CART models. BMC Medical Research Methodology, 2004, 4, 7.	1.4	22

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19	No Physical Activity ?? CETP 1b629 Interaction Effects on Lipid Profile. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2003, 35, 1124-1129.	0.2	17
20	Consistency between cross-sectional and longitudinal SNP: blood lipid associations. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 27, 131-138.	2.5	16
21	Clinical breast examination and breast self-examination. Past and present effect on breast cancer survival. Cancer, 1992, 69, 1992-1998.	2.0	15
22	Achieving Energy Balance at the Population Level Through Increases in Physical Activity. American Journal of Public Health, 2007, 97, 520-525.	1.5	9
23	Reproductive factors and incidence of breast cancer: An international ecological study. International Journal of Public Health, 2000, 45, 247-257.	2.7	8
24	Estimating and approximating prevalence trends. International Journal of Public Health, 2004, 49, 224-226.	2.7	6
25	Review of the 4-hexylresorcinol procedure for acrolein analysis. AIHA Journal, 1980, 41, 305-308.	0.4	5
26	Using percentiles to summarise data instead of means and standard deviations. International Journal of Public Health, 2002, 47, 427-429.	2.7	2
27	In a quasi-simultaneous assessment, imprecise cholesterol monitoring and screening tests were improved. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2005, 58, 841-848.e1.	2.4	2