

# John Olav Roaldset

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

18  
papers

233  
citations

1040056

9  
h-index

996975

15  
g-index

18  
all docs

18  
docs citations

18  
times ranked

278  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	SYMPOSIUM 10: violence risk assessment in clinical psychiatry. <i>Nordic Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2022, , 1-1.	1.3	0
2	Mid-Pregnancy Insomnia and its Association with Perinatal Depressive Symptoms: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>Behavioral Sleep Medicine</i> , 2021, 19, 285-302.	2.1	22
3	The Safe pilot study: A prospective naturalistic study with repeated measures design to test the psychosis - violence link in and after discharge from forensic facilities. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2021, 298, 113793.	3.3	2
4	Risk assessment of imminent violence in acute psychiatry: a step towards an extended model. <i>Journal of Forensic Psychiatry and Psychology</i> , 2020, 31, 41-63.	1.0	7
5	Response to Ghosh et al. <i>International Journal of Mental Health Nursing</i> , 2020, 29, 544-545.	3.8	0
6	Mid-pregnancy insomnia is associated with concurrent and postpartum maternal anxiety and obsessive-compulsive symptoms: A prospective cohort study. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2020, 266, 319-326.	4.1	23
7	Insomnia late in pregnancy is associated with perinatal anxiety: A longitudinal cohort study. <i>Journal of Affective Disorders</i> , 2019, 248, 155-165.	4.1	38
8	Predictive validity and gender differences in a biopsychosocial model of violence risk assessment in acute psychiatry. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2018, 264, 270-280.	3.3	6
9	Screening for risk of violence using service users' self-perceptions: A prospective study from an acute mental health unit. <i>International Journal of Mental Health Nursing</i> , 2018, 27, 1055-1065.	3.8	10
10	Low cholesterol level as a risk marker of inpatient and post-discharge violence in acute psychiatry – A prospective study with a focus on gender differences. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2017, 255, 1-7.	3.3	20
11	Gender Differences in the Predictive Validity of a Violence Risk Screening Tool: A Prospective Study in an Acute Psychiatric Ward. <i>International Journal of Forensic Mental Health</i> , 2016, 15, 186-197.	1.0	12
12	Comparison of patients who were violent, victimized and violent-victimized during the first year after discharge from emergency psychiatry. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2015, 230, 978-981.	3.3	7
13	Norwegian Developments and Perspectives on Violence Risk Assessment. <i>Criminal Justice and Behavior</i> , 2014, 41, 1384-1397.	1.8	7
14	Can lipid analysis help identify repeatedly violent patients after discharge from acute psychiatry?. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2013, 210, 371-373.	3.3	2
15	A multifaceted model for risk assessment of violent behaviour in acutely admitted psychiatric patients. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2012, 200, 773-778.	3.3	10
16	Patients' own statements of their future risk for violent and self-harm behaviour: A prospective inpatient and post-discharge follow-up study in an acute psychiatric unit. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2010, 178, 153-159.	3.3	25
17	Psychometric examination and normative data for the Narcissistic Personality Inventory 29 item version. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Psychology</i> , 2009, 50, 151-159.	1.5	16
18	Narcissism in patients admitted to psychiatric acute wards: its relation to violence, suicidality and other psychopathology. <i>BMC Psychiatry</i> , 2008, 8, 13.	2.6	26