Junaid Iqbal

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Enteroinvasive Escherichia coli O96:H19 is an Emergent Biofilm-Forming Pathogen. Journal of Bacteriology, 2022, 204, e0056221.	2.2	2
2	Etiology of acute gastroenteritis among children less than 5 years of age in Bucaramanga, Colombia: A case-control study. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0008375.	3.0	25
3	Murine immunization with CS21 pili or LngA major subunit of enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli (ETEC) elicits systemic and mucosal immune responses and inhibits ETEC gut colonization. Veterinary Microbiology, 2017, 202, 90-100.	1.9	8
4	Case-Control Pilot Study on Acute Diarrheal Disease in a Geographically Defined Pediatric Population in a Middle Income Country. International Journal of Pediatrics (United Kingdom), 2017, 2017, 1-10.	0.8	6
5	Effect of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs on biological properties of Acanthamoeba castellanii belonging to the T4 genotype. Experimental Parasitology, 2016, 168, 45-50.	1.2	6
6	Lethal neonatal meningoencephalitis caused by multi-drug resistant, highly virulent <i>Escherichia coli</i> . Infectious Diseases, 2016, 48, 461-466.	2.8	19
7	Highly differentiated human airway epithelial cells: a model to study host cell–parasite interactions in pertussis. Infectious Diseases, 2016, 48, 177-188.	2.8	20
8	Enteropathogenic and enteroaggregative E. coli in stools of children with acute gastroenteritis in Davidson County, Tennessee. Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease, 2015, 83, 319-324.	1.8	34
9	Peritoneal tuberculosis presenting as recurrent peritonitis secondary to treatment with intravesical Bacillus Calmette-Guerin in a patient receiving peritoneal dialysis. CKJ: Clinical Kidney Journal, 2015, 8, 107-108.	2.9	9
10	Black cobra (<i>Naja naja karachiensis</i>) lysates exhibit broad-spectrum antimicrobial activities. Pathogens and Global Health, 2014, 108, 129-136.	2.3	14
11	Acanthamoeba and bacteria produce antimicrobials to target their counterpart. Parasites and Vectors, 2014, 7, 56.	2.5	22
12	In vitro inhibition of protease-activated receptors 1, 2 and 4 demonstrates that these receptors are not involved in an Acanthamoeba castellanii keratitis isolate-mediated disruption of the human brain microvascular endothelial cells. Experimental Parasitology, 2014, 145, S78-S83.	1.2	3
13	Neuropathogenic Escherichia coli K1 does not exhibit proteolytic activities to exert its pathogenicity. Journal of Negative Results in BioMedicine, 2013, 12, 8.	1.4	4
14	Acanthamoeba can propagate on thermophilic Sulfolobus spp Parasitology Research, 2013, 112, 879-881.	1.6	5
15	<i>In Vitro</i> Efficacies of Clinically Available Drugs against Growth and Viability of an Acanthamoeba castellanii Keratitis Isolate Belonging to the T4 Genotype. Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy, 2013, 57, 3561-3567.	3.2	50
16	Selective Depletion of <i>Sulfolobus solfataricus</i> Transcription Factor E under Heat Shock Conditions. Journal of Bacteriology, 2010, 192, 2887-2891.	2.2	7