

Stephen Sidney

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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61
papers

6,340
citations

147566

31
h-index

143772

57
g-index

61
all docs

61
docs citations

61
times ranked

9407
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Twenty-Five-Year Change in Cardiac Structure and Function and Midlife Cognition. <i>Neurology</i> , 2022, 98, .	1.5	3
2	Joint associations between neighborhood walkability, greenness, and particulate air pollution on cardiovascular mortality among adults with a history of stroke or acute myocardial infarction. <i>Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2022, 6, e200.	1.4	5
3	The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2022, 135, 871-878.e14.	0.6	1
4	Association between marijuana use and electrocardiographic abnormalities by middle age: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2021, 116, 583-595.	1.7	5
5	Long-Term PM _{2.5} Exposure and Risks of Ischemic Heart Disease and Stroke Events: Review and Meta-Analysis. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2021, 10, e016890.	1.6	131
6	Bending the Curve in Cardiovascular Disease Mortality. <i>Circulation</i> , 2021, 143, 837-851.	1.6	35
7	Particulate Matter and Cardiovascular Risk in Adults with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2021, 204, 159-167.	2.5	24
8	Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease and cognitive function in middle-aged adults: the CARDIA study. <i>BMC Gastroenterology</i> , 2021, 21, 96.	0.8	26
9	Temporal trends in heart failure mortality in an integrated healthcare delivery system, California, and the US, 2001-2017. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2021, 21, 261.	0.7	0
10	Particulate Air Pollution and Risk of Cardiovascular Events Among Adults With a History of Stroke or Acute Myocardial Infarction. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2021, 10, e019758.	1.6	24
11	Cumulative Marijuana Use and Carotid Intima-Media Thickness at Middle Age: The CARDIA Study. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2021, 134, 777-787.e9.	0.6	7
12	The Coronary Artery Risk Development In Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2021, 78, 260-277.	1.2	28
13	National and Global Trends of Cardiovascular Disease Mortality, Morbidity, and Risk. <i>Contemporary Cardiology</i> , 2021, , 17-33.	0.0	2
14	Cardiovascular risk factors and accelerated cognitive decline in midlife. <i>Neurology</i> , 2020, 95, e839-e846.	1.5	62
15	Author response: Dietary patterns during adulthood and cognitive performance in midlife: The CARDIA study. <i>Neurology</i> , 2020, 94, 636-636.	1.5	0
16	Decline in kidney function over the course of adulthood and cognitive function in midlife. <i>Neurology</i> , 2020, 95, e2389-e2397.	1.5	7
17	Heterogeneous trends in burden of heart disease mortality by subtypes in the United States, 1999-2018: observational analysis of vital statistics. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2020, 370, m2688.	3.0	59
18	Cumulative Adherence to Secondary Prevention Guidelines and Mortality After Acute Myocardial Infarction. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2020, 9, e014415.	1.6	32

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19	Recommendations for Cardiovascular Health and Disease Surveillance for 2030 and Beyond: A Policy Statement From the American Heart Association. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 141, e104-e119.	1.6	58
20	Association Between Aging of the US Population and Heart Disease Mortality From 2011 to 2017. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2019, 4, 1280.	3.0	101
21	Dietary patterns during adulthood and cognitive performance in midlife. <i>Neurology</i> , 2019, 92, e1589-e1599.	1.5	53
22	Comparative Trends in Heart Disease, Stroke, and All-Cause Mortality in the United States and a Large Integrated Healthcare Delivery System. <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2018, 131, 829-836.e1.	0.6	32
23	Lifetime marijuana use and subclinical atherosclerosis: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2018, 113, 845-856.	1.7	31
24	Association Between Bariatric Surgery and Macrovascular Disease Outcomes in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes and Severe Obesity. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2018, 320, 1570.	3.8	195
25	Microvascular Outcomes in Patients With Diabetes After Bariatric Surgery Versus Usual Care. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2018, 169, 300-310.	2.0	129
26	Reis et al. Respond. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018, 108, e12-e12.	1.5	2
27	Cumulative Lifetime Marijuana Use and Incident Cardiovascular Disease in Middle Age: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 107, 601-606.	1.5	81
28	Visit-to-Visit Blood Pressure Variability in Young Adulthood and Hippocampal Volume and Integrity at Middle Age. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017, 70, 1091-1098.	1.3	30
29	Cardiovascular health in young adulthood and structural brain MRI in midlife. <i>Neurology</i> , 2017, 89, 680-686.	1.5	25
30	Population-based study of ischemic stroke risk after trauma in children and young adults. <i>Neurology</i> , 2017, 89, 2310-2316.	1.5	16
31	Trends in Incidence of Hospitalized Acute Myocardial Infarction in the Cardiovascular Research Network (CVRN). <i>American Journal of Medicine</i> , 2017, 130, 317-327.	0.6	64
32	Heterogeneity in national U.S. mortality trends within heart disease subgroups, 2000-2015. <i>BMC Cardiovascular Disorders</i> , 2017, 17, 192.	0.7	46
33	Recent Trends in Cardiovascular Mortality in the United States and Public Health Goals. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2016, 1, 594.	3.0	405
34	Hostile attitudes and effortful coping in young adulthood predict cognition 25 years later. <i>Neurology</i> , 2016, 86, 1227-1234.	1.5	10
35	Neonatal seizures triple the risk of a remote seizure after perinatal ischemic stroke. <i>Neurology</i> , 2016, 86, 2179-2186.	1.5	55
36	Marijuana Use and Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus: a Review. <i>Current Diabetes Reports</i> , 2016, 16, 117.	1.7	33

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37	Association Between Lifetime Marijuana Use and Cognitive Function in Middle Age. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2016, 176, 352.	2.6	110
38	Effect of Early Adult Patterns of Physical Activity and Television Viewing on Midlife Cognitive Function. JAMA Psychiatry, 2016, 73, 73.	6.0	70
39	Determinants of Aortic Root Dilatation and Reference Values Among Young Adults Over a 20-Year Period. Hypertension, 2015, 66, 23-29.	1.3	35
40	Intima-Media Thickness and Cognitive Function in Stroke-Free Middle-Aged Adults. Stroke, 2015, 46, 2190-2196.	1.0	34
41	Cardiorespiratory fitness and brain volume and white matter integrity. Neurology, 2015, 84, 2347-2353.	1.5	49
42	Susceptibility Loci for Clinical Coronary Artery Disease and Subclinical Coronary Atherosclerosis Throughout the Life-Course. Circulation: Cardiovascular Genetics, 2015, 8, 803-811.	5.1	36
43	Team-Based Care. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2015, 49, e81-e82.	1.6	5
44	Marijuana use and risk of prediabetes and diabetes by middle adulthood: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study. Diabetologia, 2015, 58, 2736-2744.	2.9	34
45	Early Adult to Midlife Cardiovascular Risk Factors and Cognitive Function. Circulation, 2014, 129, 1560-1567.	1.6	234
46	Timing and number of minor infections as risk factors for childhood arterial ischemic stroke. Neurology, 2014, 83, 890-897.	1.5	30
47	The Kaiser Permanente Northern California Hypertension Project 2001-2012: How an integrated care delivery system increased and maintained blood pressure control rates from 44% to 86% in 11 years. Journal of the American Society of Hypertension, 2014, 8, e11.	2.3	1
48	Healthy Lifestyle Change and Subclinical Atherosclerosis in Young Adults. Circulation, 2014, 130, 10-17.	1.6	164
49	Improved Blood Pressure Control Associated With a Large-Scale Hypertension Program. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2013, 310, 699.	3.8	392
50	Recent combined hormonal contraceptives (CHCs) and the risk of thromboembolism and other cardiovascular events in new users. Contraception, 2013, 87, 93-100.	0.8	104
51	Response to the letter from Dr. Szarewski. Contraception, 2013, 87, 506-507.	0.8	0
52	Cardiovascular health through young adulthood and cognitive functioning in midlife. Annals of Neurology, 2013, 73, 170-179.	2.8	127
53	Association Between Marijuana Exposure and Pulmonary Function Over 20 Years. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2012, 307, 173.	3.8	184
54	Population Trends in the Incidence and Outcomes of Acute Myocardial Infarction. New England Journal of Medicine, 2010, 362, 2155-2165.	13.9	1,444

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55	Marijuana Use, Diet, Body Mass Index, and Cardiovascular Risk Factors (from the CARDIA Study). American Journal of Cardiology, 2006, 98, 478-484.	0.7	176
56	COPD and Incident Cardiovascular Disease Hospitalizations and Mortality: Kaiser Permanente Medical Care Program. Chest, 2005, 128, 2068-2075.	0.4	451
57	Cardiovascular Consequences of Marijuana Use. Journal of Clinical Pharmacology, 2002, 42, 64S-70S.	1.0	188
58	The association between asthma, asthma therapeutic classes and hepatic enzyme elevation among adult HMO members. Comprehensive Therapy, 2001, 27, 133-139.	0.2	2
59	The Safety of Transurethral Prostatectomy: A Cohort Study of Mortality in 9,416 Men. Journal of Urology, 1997, 158, 102-104.	0.2	27
60	Comparison of Two Methods of Assessing Physical Activity in the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 1991, 133, 1231-1245.	1.6	187
61	Validity and Reliability of Short Physical Activity History. Journal of Cardiopulmonary Rehabilitation and Prevention, 1989, 9, 448-459.	0.5	439