

Coen Rasch

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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62
papers

5,811
citations

117453

34
h-index

118652

62
g-index

62
all docs

62
docs citations

62
times ranked

4762
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Post-operative re-irradiation with hyperthermia in locoregional breast cancer recurrence: Temperature matters. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2022, 167, 149-157.	0.3	11
2	Two high-resolution thermal monitoring sheets for clinical superficial hyperthermia. <i>Physics in Medicine and Biology</i> , 2020, 65, 175021.	1.6	8
3	Prospective validation of craniocaudal tumour size on MR imaging compared to histoPATHology in patients with uterine cervical cancer: The MPAC study. <i>Clinical and Translational Radiation Oncology</i> , 2019, 18, 9-15.	0.9	5
4	Adaptive Radiotherapy for Anatomical Changes. <i>Seminars in Radiation Oncology</i> , 2019, 29, 245-257.	1.0	152
5	Re-irradiation plus hyperthermia for recurrent pediatric sarcoma; a simulation study to investigate feasibility. <i>International Journal of Oncology</i> , 2018, 54, 209-218.	1.4	1
6	Role of deformable image registration for delivered dose accumulation of adaptive external beam radiation therapy and brachytherapy in cervical cancer. <i>Journal of Contemporary Brachytherapy</i> , 2018, 10, 542-550.	0.4	14
7	Heart volume reduction during radiotherapy involving the thoracic region in children: An unexplained phenomenon. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2018, 128, 214-220.	0.3	1
8	Patterns of care survey: Radiotherapy for women with locally advanced cervical cancer. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2017, 123, 306-311.	0.3	26
9	Thermal Skin Damage During Reirradiation and Hyperthermia Is Time-Temperature Dependent. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2017, 98, 392-399.	0.4	25
10	Magnitude and variability of respiratory-induced diaphragm motion in children during image-guided radiotherapy. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2017, 123, 263-269.	0.3	16
11	Image Distortions on a Plastic Interstitial Computed Tomography/Magnetic Resonance Brachytherapy Applicator at 3T Tesla Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Their Dosimetric Impact. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2017, 99, 710-718.	0.4	4
12	Redistributed versus homogenous radiotherapy dose for head and neck cancer; a treatment planning study. <i>Physics and Imaging in Radiation Oncology</i> , 2017, 3, 17-20.	1.2	1
13	Analysis of GTV reduction during radiotherapy for oropharyngeal cancer: Implications for adaptive radiotherapy. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2017, 122, 224-228.	0.3	19
14	Impact of coronal and sagittal views on lung gross tumor volume delineation. <i>Physica Medica</i> , 2016, 32, 1082-1087.	0.4	2
15	Rib fractures after reirradiation plus hyperthermia for recurrent breast cancer. <i>Strahlentherapie Und Onkologie</i> , 2016, 192, 240-247.	1.0	13
16	Quantification of renal and diaphragmatic interfractional motion in pediatric image-guided radiation therapy: A multicenter study. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2015, 117, 425-431.	0.3	19
17	Craniocaudal tumour extension in uterine cervical cancer on MRI compared to histopathology. <i>European Journal of Radiology Open</i> , 2015, 2, 111-117.	0.7	6
18	Reirradiation and hyperthermia for irresectable locoregional recurrent breast cancer in previously irradiated area: Size matters. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2015, 117, 223-228.	0.3	60

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19	A New Grading System for Ototoxicity in Adults. <i>Annals of Otology, Rhinology and Laryngology</i> , 2014, 123, 711-718.	0.6	21
20	Local interfractional setup reproducibility for 2 individual head and neck supports in head and neck cancer patients. <i>Practical Radiation Oncology</i> , 2014, 4, 448-454.	1.1	4
21	Consequences of anorectal cancer atlas implementation in the cooperative group setting: Radiobiologic analysis of a prospective randomized in silico target delineation study. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2014, 112, 418-424.	0.3	17
22	Adaptive radiotherapy with an average anatomy model: Evaluation and quantification of residual deformations in head and neck cancer patients. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2013, 109, 463-468.	0.3	31
23	Dysphagia and trismus after concomitant chemo-Intensity-Modulated Radiation Therapy (chemo-IMRT) in advanced head and neck cancer; dose-effect relationships for swallowing and mastication structures. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2013, 106, 364-369.	0.3	109
24	Adaptive and innovative Radiation Treatment FOR improving Cancer treatment outcome (ARTFORCE); a randomized controlled phase II trial for individualized treatment of head and neck cancer. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2013, 13, 84.	1.1	113
25	Deviations from the planned dose during 48hours of stepping source prostate brachytherapy caused by anatomical variations. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2013, 107, 106-111.	0.3	12
26	Results of a Multicentric In Silico Clinical Trial (ROCOCO): Comparing Radiotherapy with Photons and Protons for Non-small Cell Lung Cancer. <i>Journal of Thoracic Oncology</i> , 2012, 7, 165-176.	0.5	89
27	Development and validation of a nomogram for prediction of survival and local control in laryngeal carcinoma patients treated with radiotherapy alone: A cohort study based on 994 patients. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2011, 100, 108-115.	0.3	62
28	Reirradiation for Head-and-Neck Cancer: Delicate Balance Between Effectiveness and Toxicity. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2011, 81, e111-e118.	0.4	81
29	Prospective Randomized Double-Blind Pilot Study of Site-Specific Consensus Atlas Implementation for Rectal Cancer Target Volume Delineation in the Cooperative Group Setting. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2011, 79, 481-489.	0.4	79
30	Decreased 3D observer variation with matched CT-MRI, for target delineation in Nasopharynx cancer. <i>Radiation Oncology</i> , 2010, 5, 21.	1.2	67
31	Correction strategies to manage deformations in head-and-neck radiotherapy. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2010, 94, 199-205.	0.3	40
32	First clinical experience with a multiple region of interest registration and correction method in radiotherapy of head-and-neck cancer patients. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2010, 94, 213-217.	0.3	45
33	The European Society of Therapeutic Radiology and Oncology's European Institute of Radiotherapy (ESTRO's EIR) report on 3D CT-based in-room image guidance systems: A practical and technical review and guide. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2010, 94, 129-144.	0.3	168
34	HPV and high-risk gene expression profiles predict response to chemoradiotherapy in head and neck cancer, independent of clinical factors. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2010, 95, 365-370.	0.3	36
35	Design of and technical challenges involved in a framework for multicentric radiotherapy treatment planning studies. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2010, 97, 567-571.	0.3	32
36	Molecular markers predict outcome in squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck after concomitant cisplatin-based chemoradiation. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009, 124, 2643-2650.	2.3	49

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37	Pretreatment organ function in patients with advanced head and neck cancer: clinical outcome measures and patients' views. <i>BMC Ear, Nose and Throat Disorders</i> , 2009, 9, 10.	2.6	83
38	Setup Uncertainties of Anatomical Sub-Regions in Head-and-Neck Cancer Patients After Offline CBCT Guidance. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2009, 73, 1566-1573.	0.4	152
39	Breast-Conserving Therapy: Radiotherapy Margins for Breast Tumor Bed Boost. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2008, 72, 941-948.	0.4	38
40	Impact of Anatomical Location on Value of CTâ€“PET Co-Registration for Delineation of Lung Tumors. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2008, 70, 1403-1407.	0.4	198
41	Hearing loss due to concurrent daily low-dose cisplatin chemoradiation for locally advanced head and neck cancer. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2008, 89, 38-43.	0.3	44
42	Genetic Abnormalities Associated with Chemoradiation Resistance of Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2007, 13, 4386-4391.	3.2	27
43	Retrospective attenuation correction of PET data for radiotherapy planning using a free breathing CT. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2007, 83, 42-48.	0.3	9
44	Concurrent chemoradiation with daily low dose cisplatin for advanced stage head and neck carcinoma. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2007, 85, 42-47.	0.3	20
45	Gene Expression Profiling to Predict Outcome After Chemoradiation in Head and Neck Cancer. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2007, 69, 1544-1552.	0.4	65
46	Relationship between clinical factors and the incidence of toxicity after intra-arterial chemoradiation for head and neck cancer. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2006, 81, 143-150.	0.3	32
47	Reduction of observer variation using matched CT-PET for lung cancer delineation: A three-dimensional analysis. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2006, 64, 435-448.	0.4	289
48	Quantification of shape variation of prostate and seminal vesicles during external beam radiotherapy. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2005, 61, 228-238.	0.4	327
49	Target Definition in Prostate, Head, and Neck. <i>Seminars in Radiation Oncology</i> , 2005, 15, 136-145.	1.0	184
50	Observer variation in target volume delineation of lung cancer related to radiation oncologistâ€“computer interaction: A â€“Big Brotherâ€™ evaluation. <i>Radiotherapy and Oncology</i> , 2005, 77, 182-190.	0.3	145
51	Impact of knee support and shape of tabletop on rectum and prostate position. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2004, 60, 1364-1372.	0.4	22
52	The prevention and treatment of radiotherapy-induced xerostomia. <i>Seminars in Radiation Oncology</i> , 2003, 13, 302-308.	1.0	24
53	How should we measure and report radiotherapy-induced xerostomia?. <i>Seminars in Radiation Oncology</i> , 2003, 13, 226-234.	1.0	135
54	Three-dimensional analysis of delineation errors, setup errors, and organ motion during radiotherapy of bladder cancer. <i>International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics</i> , 2003, 55, 1277-1287.	0.4	142

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55	Reduction of dose delivered to the rectum and bulb of the penis using MRI delineation for radiotherapy of the prostate. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2003, 57, 1269-1279.	0.4	95
56	Irradiation of paranasal sinus tumors, a delineation and dose comparison study. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2002, 52, 120-127.	0.4	46
57	The probability of correct target dosage: dose-population histograms for deriving treatment margins in radiotherapy. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 2000, 47, 1121-1135.	0.4	1,443
58	A general methodology for three-dimensional analysis of variation in target volume delineation. Medical Physics, 1999, 26, 931-940.	1.6	86
59	Definition of the prostate in CT and MRI: a multi-observer study. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 1999, 43, 57-66.	0.4	524
60	Comparison of prostate cancer treatment in two institutions: a quality control study. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 1999, 45, 1055-1062.	0.4	38
61	Automatic registration of pelvic computed tomography data and magnetic resonance scans including a full circle method for quantitative accuracy evaluation. Medical Physics, 1998, 25, 2054-2067.	1.6	48
62	The potential impact of CT-MRI matching on tumor volume delineation in advanced head and neck cancer. International Journal of Radiation Oncology Biology Physics, 1997, 39, 841-848.	0.4	157