Mirco Montefiori

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11714244/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

19 papers 1,905 citations

16 h-index 19 g-index

20 all docs

20 docs citations

times ranked

20

2085 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Effector loss drives adaptation of Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae biovar 3 to Actinidia arguta. PLoS Pathogens, 2022, 18, e1010542.	4.7	9
2	Real-Time PCR and Droplet Digital PCR Are Accurate and Reliable Methods To Quantify <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>actinidiae</i> Biovar 3 in Kiwifruit Infected Plantlets. Plant Disease, 2021, 105, 1748-1757.	1.4	10
3	Carbon starvation reduces carbohydrate and anthocyanin accumulation in redâ€fleshed fruit via trehalose 6â€phosphate and MYB27. Plant, Cell and Environment, 2020, 43, 819-835.	5.7	33
4	A manually annotated Actinidia chinensis var. chinensis (kiwifruit) genome highlights the challenges associated with draft genomes and gene prediction in plants. BMC Genomics, 2018, 19, 257.	2.8	167
5	A novel hairpin library-based approach to identify NBS–LRR genes required for effector-triggered hypersensitive response in Nicotiana benthamiana. Plant Methods, 2017, 13, 32.	4.3	25
6	Genetics of Pigment Biosynthesis and Degradation. Compendium of Plant Genomes, 2016, , 149-161.	0.5	6
7	Leaves are important to obtain consistent red flesh pigmentation in Actinidia chinensis fruit. Scientia Horticulturae, 2015, 197, 496-503.	3.6	16
8	In the Solanaceae, a hierarchy of bHLHs confer distinct target specificity to the anthocyanin regulatory complex. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2015, 66, 1427-1436.	4.8	117
9	A Conserved Network of Transcriptional Activators and Repressors Regulates Anthocyanin Pigmentation in Eudicots. Plant Cell, 2014, 26, 962-980.	6.6	610
10	An R2R3 MYB transcription factor determines red petal colour in an Actinidia (kiwifruit) hybrid population. BMC Genomics, 2013, 14, 28.	2.8	73
11	Endogenous cytokinin in developing kiwifruit is implicated in maintaining fruit flesh chlorophyll levels. Annals of Botany, 2013, 112, 57-68.	2.9	29
12	The control of chlorophyll levels in maturing kiwifruit. Planta, 2012, 236, 1615-1628.	3.2	55
13	Identification and characterisation of F3GT1 and F3GGT1, two glycosyltransferases responsible for anthocyanin biosynthesis in redâ€fleshed kiwifruit (⟨i⟩Actinidia chinensis⟨/i⟩). Plant Journal, 2011, 65, 106-118.	5.7	164
14	Characterization and Quantification of Anthocyanins in Red Kiwifruit (Actinidia spp.). Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2009, 57, 6856-6861.	5.2	63
15	Changes in pigments and plastid ultrastructure during ripening of green-fleshed and yellow-fleshed kiwifruit. Scientia Horticulturae, 2009, 119, 377-387.	3.6	87
16	Isolation and Structural Identification of the Anthocyanin Components of Red Kiwifruit. Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2009, 57, 2035-2039.	5.2	49
17	The kiwifruit lycopene beta-cyclase plays a significant role in carotenoid accumulation in fruit. Journal of Experimental Botany, 2009, 60, 3765-3779.	4.8	132
18	Analysis of expressed sequence tags from Actinidia: applications of a cross species EST database for gene discovery in the areas of flavor, health, color and ripening. BMC Genomics, 2008, 9, 351.	2.8	178

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Pigments in the Fruit of Red-Fleshed Kiwifruit (Actinidia chinensisandActinidiadeliciosa). Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 2005, 53, 9526-9530.	5.2	81