Maurizio Massi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hypothalamic CRF1 receptor mechanisms are not sufficient to account for bingeâ€like palatable food consumption in female rats. International Journal of Eating Disorders, 2017, 50, 1194-1204.	4.0	26
2	Role of Bed Nucleus of the Stria Terminalis Corticotrophin-Releasing Factor Receptors in Frustration Stress-Induced Binge-Like Palatable Food Consumption in Female Rats with a History of Food Restriction. Journal of Neuroscience, 2014, 34, 11316-11324.	3.6	69
3	Caloric restriction increases the sensitivity to the hyperphagic effect of nociceptin/orphanin FQ limiting its ability to reduce binge eating in female rats. Psychopharmacology, 2013, 228, 53-63.	3.1	34
4	Reduced limbic metabolism and fronto-cortical volume in rats vulnerable to alcohol addiction. NeuroImage, 2013, 69, 112-119.	4.2	36
5	Binge Eating in Female Rats Induced by Yo-Yo Dieting and Stress. Neuromethods, 2013, , 27-49.	0.3	11
6	A2A adenosine receptor agonists reduce both high-palatability and low-palatability food intake in female rats. Behavioural Pharmacology, 2012, 23, 567-574.	1.7	44
7	Role of Orexin-1 Receptor Mechanisms on Compulsive Food Consumption in a Model of Binge Eating in Female Rats. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2012, 37, 1999-2011.	5.4	128
8	Effect of <i>Hypericum perforatum</i> Extract in an Experimental Model of Binge Eating in Female Rats. Journal of Obesity, 2012, 2012, 1-10.	2.7	27
9	Effects of A2A adenosine receptor blockade or stimulation on alcohol intake in alcohol-preferring rats. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 219, 945-957.	3.1	28
10	Pregabalin reduces alcohol drinking and relapse to alcohol seeking in the rat. Psychopharmacology, 2012, 220, 87-96.	3.1	29
11	Activation of Nuclear PPARÎ ³ Receptors by the Antidiabetic Agent Pioglitazone Suppresses Alcohol Drinking and Relapse to Alcohol Seeking. Biological Psychiatry, 2011, 69, 642-649.	1.3	131
12	Long-term peripheral infusion of nociceptin/orphanin FQ promotes hyperplasia, activation and migration of mucosal mast cells in the rat gastric fundus. Peptides, 2011, 32, 729-736.	2.4	6
13	UFP-112 a Potent and Long-Lasting Agonist Selective for the Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ Receptor. CNS Neuroscience and Therapeutics, 2011, 17, 178-198.	3.9	36
14	Activation of Brain NOP Receptors Attenuates Acute and Protracted Alcohol Withdrawal Symptoms in the Rat. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2011, 35, 747-755.	2.4	63
15	Gender differences in Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ-induced food intake in strains derived from rats prone (WOKW) and resistant (Dark Agouti) to metabolic syndrome: a possible involvement of the cocaine- and amphetamine-regulated transcript system. Genes and Nutrition, 2011, 6, 197-202.	2.5	11
16	Neuropeptide S facilitates cue-induced relapse to cocaine seeking through activation of the hypothalamic hypocretin system. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2010, 107, 19567-19572.	7.1	76
17	Central nociceptin/orphanin FQ system elevates food consumption by both increasing energy intake and reducing aversive responsiveness. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2010, 299, R655-R663.	1.8	29
18	Effect of salidroside, active principle of Rhodiola rosea extract, on binge eating. Physiology and Behavior, 2010, 101, 555-562.	2.1	58

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19	Peripheral infusion of nociceptin/orphanin FQ influences the response of rat gastric and colonic mucosa to repeated stress. Regulatory Peptides, 2010, 160, 49-56.	1.9	7
20	Persistent Increase of Alcohol-Seeking Evoked by Neuropeptide S: an Effect Mediated by the Hypothalamic Hypocretin System. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2009, 34, 2125-2134.	5.4	91
21	A preclinical model of binge eating elicited by yo-yo dieting and stressful exposure to food: effect of sibutramine, fluoxetine, topiramate, and midazolam. Psychopharmacology, 2009, 204, 113-125.	3.1	88
22	Chronic treatment with the selective NOP receptor antagonist [Nphe1,Arg14,Lys15]N/OFQ-NH2 (UFP-101) reverses the behavioural and biochemical effects of unpredictable chronic mild stress in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2009, 207, 173-189.	3.1	66
23	RESEARCH FOCUS ON COMPULSIVE BEHAVIOUR IN ANIMALS: Preâ€exposure to environmental cues predictive of food availability elicits hypothalamic–pituitary–adrenal axis activation and increases operant responding for food in female rats. Addiction Biology, 2009, 14, 397-407.	2.6	10
24	The paraventricular nucleus of the hypothalamus is a neuroanatomical substrate for the inhibition of palatable food intake by neuropeptide S. European Journal of Neuroscience, 2009, 30, 1594-1602.	2.6	38
25	Stress-related neuropeptides and alcoholism: CRH, NPY, and beyond. Alcohol, 2009, 43, 491-498.	1.7	52
26	Nociceptin/orphanin FQ-induced food intake and cocaine amphetamine regulated transcript gene expression in strains derived from rats prone (WOKW) and resistant (Dark Agouti) to metabolic syndrome. Peptides, 2009, 30, 727-734.	2.4	6
27	Functional antagonism between nociceptin/orphanin FQ (N/OFQ) and corticotropin-releasing factor (CRF) in the rat brain: evidence for involvement of the bed nucleus of the stria terminalis. Psychopharmacology, 2008, 196, 523-531.	3.1	64
28	Dysregulation of Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ Activity in the Amygdala Is Linked to Excessive Alcohol Drinking in the Rat. Biological Psychiatry, 2008, 64, 211-218.	1.3	115
29	Nociceptin/orphanin FQ prevents gastric damage induced by cold-restraint stress in the rat by acting in the periphery. Peptides, 2007, 28, 1572-1579.	2.4	17
30	Involvement of cocaine–amphetamine regulated transcript in the differential feeding responses to nociceptin/orphanin FQ in dark agouti and Wistar Ottawa Karlsburg W rats. Peptides, 2007, 28, 1966-1973.	2.4	13
31	Buprenorphine Reduces Alcohol Drinking Through Activation of the Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ-NOP Receptor System. Biological Psychiatry, 2007, 61, 4-12.	1.3	85
32	Effect of novel NOP receptor ligands on food intake in rats. Peptides, 2006, 27, 775-783.	2.4	36
33	Anxiolytic-like effects of nociceptin/orphanin FQ in the elevated plus maze and in the conditioned defensive burying test in rats. Peptides, 2006, 27, 2193-2200.	2.4	62
34	Chronic intracerebroventricular infusion of nociceptin/orphanin FQ increases food and ethanol intake in alcohol-preferring rats. Peptides, 2006, 27, 2803-2810.	2.4	13
35	Activation of the Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ system is unable to reverse CRF2 receptor mediated anorexia in the rat. Peptides, 2006, 27, 3284-3291.	2.4	6
36	Genetically selected Marchigian Sardinian alcohol-preferring (msP) rats: an animal model to study the neurobiology of alcoholism. Addiction Biology, 2006, 11, 339-355.	2.6	157

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37	Effect of the cannabinoid CB1 receptor antagonist SR-141716A on ethanol self-administration and ethanol-seeking behaviour in rats. Psychopharmacology, 2006, 183, 394-403.	3.1	151
38	EFFECT OF HYPERICUM PERFORATUM CO2 EXTRACT ON THE MOTIVATIONAL PROPERTIES OF ETHANOL IN ALCOHOL-PREFERRING RATS. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2005, 40, 291-296.	1.6	17
39	Reduction of ethanol intake by chronic treatment with Hypericum perforatum, alone or combined with naltrexone in rats. Journal of Psychopharmacology, 2005, 19, 448-454.	4.0	20
40	Peripheral Mechanisms Involved in Gastric Mucosal Protection by Intracerebroventricular and Intraperitoneal Nociceptin in Rats. Endocrinology, 2005, 146, 3861-3867.	2.8	23
41	Nociceptin/orphanin FQ prevents ethanol-induced gastric lesions in the rat. Regulatory Peptides, 2005, 124, 203-207.	1.9	21
42	Attenuation of ethanol self-administration and of conditioned reinstatement of alcohol-seeking behaviour by the antiopioid peptide nociceptin/orphanin FQ in alcohol-preferring rats. Psychopharmacology, 2004, 172, 170-178.	3.1	156
43	Nociceptin/orphanin FQ acts as a functional antagonist of corticotropin-releasing factor to inhibit its anorectic effect. Physiology and Behavior, 2004, 82, 63-68.	2.1	67
44	Plant derivatives in the treatment of alcohol dependency. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 2003, 75, 593-606.	2.9	77
45	Hypericum perforatum CO2 Extract and Opioid Receptor Antagonists Act Synergistically to Reduce Ethanol Intake in Alcohol-Preferring Rats. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2003, 27, 1554-1562.	2.4	25
46	Leptin fails to reduce ethanol intake in Marchigian Sardinian alcohol-preferring rats. Peptides, 2003, 24, 1441-1444.	2.4	5
47	The nociceptin/orphanin FQ/NOP receptor system as a target for treatment of alcohol abuse: a review of recent work in alcohol-preferring rats. Physiology and Behavior, 2003, 79, 121-128.	2.1	74
48	The Bed Nucleus Is a Neuroanatomical Substrate for the Anorectic Effect of Corticotropin-Releasing Factor and for Its Reversal by Nociceptin/Orphanin FQ. Journal of Neuroscience, 2003, 23, 9445-9451.	3.6	128
49	BLOCKADE OF gamma-AMINOBUTYRIC ACID RECEPTORS DOES NOT MODIFY THE INHIBITION OF ETHANOL INTAKE INDUCED BY HYPERICUM PERFORATUM IN RATS. Alcohol and Alcoholism, 2002, 37, 540-546.	1.6	26
50	Pharmacological characterization of the nociceptin receptor which mediates reduction of alcohol drinking in rats. Peptides, 2002, 23, 117-125.	2.4	44
51	Pro-nociceptin/orphanin FQ and NOP receptor mRNA levels in the forebrain of food deprived rats. Brain Research, 2002, 957, 354-361.	2.2	32
52	Pharmacological characterisation of [(pX)Phe 4]nociceptin(1-13)NH 2 analogues. Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology, 2002, 365, 450-456.	3.0	27
53	Reversal of stress- and CRF-induced anorexia in rats by the synthetic nociceptin/orphanin FQ receptor agonist, Ro 64-6198. Psychopharmacology, 2002, 161, 113-119.	3.1	66
54	Nociceptin/orphanin FQ inhibits stress- and CRF-induced anorexia in rats. NeuroReport, 2001, 12, 1145-1149.	1.2	72

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55	Nociceptin prevents stress-induced ethanol-but not cocaine-seeking behavior in rats. NeuroReport, 2000, 11, 1939-1943.	1.2	161
56	Effect of nociceptin/orphanin FQ on the rewarding properties of morphine. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2000, 404, 153-159.	3.5	126
57	The hyperphagic effect of nociceptin/orphanin FQ in rats Peptides, 2000, 21, 1051-1062.	2.4	97
58	Nociceptin/orphanin FQ and drugs of abuse. Peptides, 2000, 21, 1071-1080.	2.4	87
59	The psychopharmacology of tachykinin NK-3 receptors in laboratory animals. Peptides, 2000, 21, 1597-1609.	2.4	60
60	Neuropeptide Y receptor(s) mediating feeding in the rat: characterization with antagonists. Peptides, 2000, 21, 29-35.	2.4	65
61	Autoradiographic analysis of 5-HT2A binding sites in the brain of Sardinian alcohol-preferring and nonpreferring rats. European Journal of Pharmacology, 1999, 373, 13-19.	3.5	24
62	Mechanism of Action for Reduction of Ethanol Intake in Rats by the Tachykinin NK-3 Receptor Agonist Aminosenktide. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1998, 61, 459-464.	2.9	26
63	Effect of Pueraria lobata (wild) on ethanol intake of alcoholâ€preferring rats. Phytotherapy Research, 1998, 12, S35-S38.	5.8	1
64	Further Evidence that Central Tachykinin NK-1 Receptors Mediate the Inhibitory Effect of Tachykinins on Angiotensin-Induced Drinking in Rats. Peptides, 1998, 19, 149-155.	2.4	12
65	Sensitivity of Brain Sites to the Inhibitory Effect on Alcohol Intake of the Tachykinin Aminosenktide. Peptides, 1998, 19, 897-905.	2.4	14
66	Application of taste reactivity to study the mechanism of alcohol intake inhibition by the tachykinin aminosenktide. Peptides, 1998, 19, 1557-1564.	2.4	11
67	Further Evidence That The Tachykinin PG-KII Is A Potent Agonist at Central NK-3, But Not NK-1, Receptors. Peptides, 1997, 18, 825-833.	2.4	14
68	Stimulation of Tachykinin NK-3 Receptors in the Nucleus Basalis Magnocellularis Reduces Alcohol Intake in Rats. Peptides, 1997, 18, 1349-1355.	2.4	21
69	Possible mechanism of action for the attenuation of ethanol intake induced by ritanserin in rats. Psychopharmacology, 1996, 128, 181-190.	3.1	6
70	Subcutaneous injections of the tachykinin senktide reduce alcohol intake in alcohol-preferring rats. Peptides, 1995, 16, 533-537.	2.4	21
71	The 5-HT4 receptor antagonist, GR113808, reduces ethanol intake in alcohol-preferring rats. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1995, 52, 255-259.	2.9	33
72	Effects of Banana Feeding on Deoxycorticosterone-Induced Hypertension and Salt Consumption in Rats. International Journal of Pharmacognosy, 1994, 32, 115-125.	0.2	4

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73	Inhibition of isotonic sodium chloride intake in the rat by selective tachykinin agonists. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1994, 47, 609-615.	2.9	9
74	5-HT2 receptor antagonists do not reduce ethanol preference in Sardinian alcohol-preferring (sP) rats. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1993, 46, 853-856.	2.9	30
75	The nucleus accumbens is a site of action for the inhibitory effect of ritanserin on ethanol intake in rats. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1993, 46, 857-862.	2.9	19
76	Structure-activity relationships in prazosin-related compounds. 2. Role of the piperazine ring on .alphablocking activity. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 1993, 36, 690-698.	6.4	52
77	Suppression of alcohol preference in rats induced by risperidone, a serotonin 5-HT2 and dopamine D2 receptor antagonist. Brain Research Bulletin, 1993, 31, 595-599.	3.0	31
78	Long-lasting suppression of alcohol preference in rats following serotonin receptor blockade by ritanserin. Brain Research Bulletin, 1992, 28, 493-496.	3.0	57
79	Inhibition of cell dehydration-induced drinking by tachykinins: Evaluation of possible renal effects accounting for the long-lasting inhibition. Physiology and Behavior, 1992, 52, 153-158.	2.1	1
80	Central tachykinin injection potently suppresses the need-free salt intake of the female rat. Brain Research, 1992, 584, 77-82.	2.2	10
81	Bed nucleus of the stria terminalis: Site for the antinatriorexic action of tachykinins in the rat. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1991, 40, 977-981.	2.9	26
82	Effect of capsaicin neonatal treatment on the salt intake of the adult rat. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1991, 40, 163-168.	2.9	6
83	Sodium and water intake of sheep, rabbits and cattle during ICV infusion of eledoisin. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1990, 35, 823-828.	2.9	8
84	Inhibition of salt appetite in the rat following injection of tachykinins into the medial amygdala. Brain Research, 1990, 513, 1-7.	2.2	33
85	Sensitivity of spontaneously hypertensive and of Wistar Kyoto rats to the antidipsogenic action of eledoisin. Regulatory Peptides, 1990, 28, 119-129.	1.9	4
86	Structure-activity relationships in prazosin-related compounds. Effect of replacing a piperazine ring with an alkanediamine moiety on .alpha.1-adrenoreceptor blocking activity. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, 1989, 32, 50-55.	6.4	35
87	Suppression of salt intake in the rat by neurokinin A: comparison with the effect of kassinin. Regulatory Peptides, 1989, 24, 233-244.	1.9	21
88	The tachykinin NH2-senktide, a selective neurokinin B receptor agonist, is a very potent inhibitor of salt appetite in the rat. Neuroscience Letters, 1988, 92, 341-346.	2.1	46
89	Mapping of brain sites sensitive to the antidipsogenic effect of tachykinins. Peptides, 1988, 9, 347-356.	2.4	24
90	The apparent dependence of salt appetite in the pigeon on endogenous angiotensin II. Physiology and Behavior, 1987, 41, 155-162.	2.1	7

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91	Effect of kassinin, neurokinin A and neurokinin B on drinking behaviour in the pigeon. Regulatory Peptides, 1987, 17, 85-97.	1.9	7
92	Effect of the 5HT2 antagonist ritanserin on food intake and on 5HT-induced anorexia in the rat. Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior, 1987, 26, 333-340.	2.9	50
93	The role of the subfornical organ in the drinking behavior of the pigeon. Brain Research, 1986, 381, 289-299.	2.2	17
94	Modifications of drinking behaviour and of arterial blood pressure induced by tachykinins in rats and pigeons. Psychopharmacology, 1980, 68, 243-247.	3.1	26