Stephanie A Richard

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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430874 713466 2,515 21 18 21 citations g-index h-index papers 21 21 21 3273 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Pathogen-specific burdens of community diarrhoea in developing countries: a multisite birth cohort study (MAL-ED). The Lancet Global Health, 2015, 3, e564-e575.	6.3	725
2	Use of quantitative molecular diagnostic methods to investigate the effect of enteropathogen infections on linear growth in children in low-resource settings: longitudinal analysis of results from the MAL-ED cohort study. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e1319-e1328.	6.3	280
3	Use of quantitative molecular diagnostic methods to assess the aetiology, burden, and clinical characteristics of diarrhoea in children in low-resource settings: a reanalysis of the MAL-ED cohort study. The Lancet Global Health, 2018, 6, e1309-e1318.	6.3	251
4	Causal Pathways from Enteropathogens to Environmental Enteropathy: Findings from the MAL-ED Birth Cohort Study. EBioMedicine, 2017, 18, 109-117.	6.1	183
5	Epidemiology and Impact of <i> Campylobacter </i> Infection in Children in 8 Low-Resource Settings: Results From the MAL-ED Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2016, 63, ciw542.	5.8	163
6	ZINC AND IRON SUPPLEMENTATION AND MALARIA, DIARRHEA, AND RESPIRATORY INFECTIONS IN CHILDREN IN THE PERUVIAN AMAZON. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2006, 75, 126-132.	1.4	121
7	Diarrhea in Early Childhood: Short-term Association With Weight and Long-term Association With Length. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 178, 1129-1138.	3.4	120
8	The relationship between wasting and stunting: a retrospective cohort analysis of longitudinal data in Gambian children from 1976 to 2016. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 498-507.	4.7	111
9	Wasting Is Associated with Stunting in Early Childhood. Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 142, 1291-1296.	2.9	97
10	Zinc supplementation for the prevention of acute lower respiratory infection in children in developing countries: meta-analysis and meta-regression of randomized trials. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 39, 795-808.	1.9	96
11	Disease Surveillance Methods Used in the 8-Site MAL-ED Cohort Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, S220-S224.	5.8	84
12	Catch-Up Growth Occurs after Diarrhea in Early Childhood. Journal of Nutrition, 2014, 144, 965-971.	2.9	49
13	Enteric dysfunction and other factors associated with attained size at 5 years: MAL-ED birth cohort study findings. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 131-138.	4.7	47
14	Revisiting the Relationship of Weight and Height in Early Childhood. Advances in Nutrition, 2012, 3, 250-254.	6.4	40
15	Modeling Environmental Influences on Child Growth in the MAL-ED Cohort Study: Opportunities and Challenges. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, S255-S260.	5.8	39
16	A Comparison of Diarrheal Severity Scores in the MALâ€ED Multisite Communityâ€Based Cohort Study. Journal of Pediatric Gastroenterology and Nutrition, 2016, 63, 466-473.	1.8	27
17	Intestinal permeability and inflammation mediate the association between nutrient density of complementary foods and biochemical measures of micronutrient status in young children: results from the MAL-ED study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 110, 1015-1025.	4.7	27
18	Early Life Experiences and Trajectories of Cognitive Development. Pediatrics, 2020, 146, .	2.1	21

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Early Life Child Micronutrient Status, Maternal Reasoning, and a Nurturing Household Environment have Persistent Influences on Child Cognitive Development at Age 5 years: Results from MAL-ED. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 1460-1469.	2.9	20
20	Full breastfeeding protection against common enteric bacteria and viruses: results from the MAL-ED cohort study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 759-769.	4.7	13
21	Influences on catch-up growth using relative versus absolute metrics: evidence from the MAL-ED cohort study. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 1246.	2.9	1