

William M Perlstein

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

41
papers

5,269
citations

201674

27
h-index

276875

41
g-index

41
all docs

41
docs citations

41
times ranked

6113
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The influence of traumatic brain injury on the allocation of vertical spatial attention. <i>Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology</i> , 2020, 42, 101-110.	1.3	5
2	Prevalence and correlates of psychological distress among retired elite athletes: A systematic review. <i>International Review of Sport and Exercise Psychology</i> , 2019, 12, 265-294.	5.7	29
3	Gray Matter Changes Following Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Patients With Comorbid Fibromyalgia and Insomnia: A Pilot Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Sleep Medicine</i> , 2018, 14, 1595-1603.	2.6	18
4	An Event-Related Potential Investigation of the Effects of Age on Alerting, Orienting, and Executive Function. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2016, 8, 99.	3.4	39
5	Apathy, Novelty Processing, and the P3 Potential in Parkinson's Disease. <i>Frontiers in Neurology</i> , 2016, 7, 95.	2.4	12
6	Sleep is associated with task-negative brain activity in fibromyalgia participants with comorbid chronic insomnia. <i>Journal of Pain Research</i> , 2015, 8, 819.	2.0	4
7	Fibromyalgia patients have reduced hippocampal volume compared with healthy controls. <i>Journal of Pain Research</i> , 2015, 8, 47.	2.0	43
8	Visuospatial attention after traumatic brain injury: The role of hemispheric specialization. <i>Brain Injury</i> , 2015, 29, 1617-1629.	1.2	10
9	Immediate Changes After Manual Therapy in Resting-State Functional Connectivity as Measured by Functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging in Participants With Induced Low Back Pain. <i>Journal of Manipulative and Physiological Therapeutics</i> , 2014, 37, 614-627.	0.9	61
10	Functional Connectivity of the Default Mode Network and Its Association With Pain Networks in Irritable Bowel Patients Assessed via Lidocaine Treatment. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2013, 14, 1077-1087.	1.4	32
11	Structural and Functional Changes of the Cingulate Gyrus following Traumatic Brain Injury: Relation to Attention and Executive Skills. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2013, 19, 899-910.	1.8	26
12	Effective Connectivity Among Brain Regions Associated With Slow Temporal Summation of C-Fiber-Evoked Pain in Fibromyalgia Patients and Healthy Controls. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2012, 13, 390-400.	1.4	42
13	Predictors of performance monitoring abilities following traumatic brain injury: The influence of negative affect and cognitive sequelae. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2011, 82, 61-68.	1.0	9
14	Error-related processing following severe traumatic brain injury: An event-related functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI) study. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2011, 82, 97-106.	1.0	24
15	Psychophysiology and brain imaging of cognition and affect following traumatic brain injury: An overview of the special issue. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2011, 82, 1-3.	1.0	1
16	Gray Matter Volumes of Pain-Related Brain Areas Are Decreased in Fibromyalgia Syndrome. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2011, 12, 436-443.	1.4	146
17	Conflict adaptation and cognitive control adjustments following traumatic brain injury. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2009, 15, 927-937.	1.8	38
18	Neural time course of conflict adaptation effects on the Stroop task. <i>Neuropsychologia</i> , 2009, 47, 663-670.	1.6	180

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19	Widespread hyperalgesia in irritable bowel syndrome is dynamically maintained by tonic visceral impulse input and placebo/nocebo factors: Evidence from human psychophysics, animal models, and neuroimaging. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2009, 47, 995-1001.	4.2	83
20	Awareness of deficits and error processing after traumatic brain injury. <i>NeuroReport</i> , 2009, 20, 1486-1490.	1.2	26
21	Neural substrates of object identification: Functional magnetic resonance imaging evidence that category and visual attribute contribute to semantic knowledge. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2009, 15, 169-181.	1.8	19
22	Double jeopardy! The additive consequences of negative affect on performance-monitoring decrements following traumatic brain injury.. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2009, 23, 433-444.	1.3	23
23	Brain activity associated with slow temporal summation of C-fiber evoked pain in fibromyalgia patients and healthy controls. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2008, 12, 1078-1089.	2.8	152
24	Age-related changes in word retrieval: Role of bilateral frontal and subcortical networks. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2008, 29, 436-451.	3.1	161
25	The dynamic mechanisms of placebo induced analgesia: Evidence of sustained and transient regional involvement. <i>Pain</i> , 2008, 139, 660-669.	4.2	58
26	Performance monitoring, error processing, and evaluative control following severe TBI. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2007, 13, 961-971.	1.8	45
27	Reward context sensitivity impairment following severe TBI: An event-related potential investigation. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2007, 13, 615-25.	1.8	31
28	Placebo analgesia is accompanied by large reductions in pain-related brain activity in irritable bowel syndrome patients. <i>Pain</i> , 2007, 127, 63-72.	4.2	235
29	Brain activity related to temporal summation of C-fiber evoked pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2007, 129, 130-142.	4.2	186
30	Functional brain interactions that serve cognitive-affective processing during pain and placebo analgesia. <i>NeuroImage</i> , 2007, 38, 720-729.	4.2	122
31	Cognitive Control Impairments in Traumatic Brain Injury. <i>Journal of Clinical and Experimental Neuropsychology</i> , 2006, 28, 968-986.	1.3	45
32	Temporal dissociation of components of cognitive control dysfunction in severe TBI: ERPs and the cued-Stroop task. <i>Neuropsychologia</i> , 2006, 44, 260-274.	1.6	71
33	Cognitive Control in Closed Head Injury: Context Maintenance Dysfunction or Prepotent Response Inhibition Deficit?. <i>Neuropsychology</i> , 2005, 19, 578-590.	1.3	27
34	Parametric manipulation of working memory load in traumatic brain injury: Behavioral and neural correlates. <i>Journal of the International Neuropsychological Society</i> , 2004, 10, 724-741.	1.8	150
35	Prefrontal cortex dysfunction mediates deficits in working memory and prepotent responding in schizophrenia. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2003, 53, 25-38.	1.3	258
36	Steady-state visual evoked potentials reveal frontally-mediated working memory activity in humans. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2003, 342, 191-195.	2.1	81

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37	Functional Neuroimaging of "Executive" Dysfunction in Traumatic Brain Injury: A Cognitive Neuroscience Perspective. Perspectives on Neurophysiology and Neurogenic Speech and Language Disorders, 2003, 13, 20-29.	0.3	1
38	Dissociation in human prefrontal cortex of affective influences on working memory-related activity. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2002, 99, 1736-1741.	7.1	199
39	Relation of Prefrontal Cortex Dysfunction to Working Memory and Symptoms in Schizophrenia. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2001, 158, 1105-1113.	7.2	555
40	The Stroop task and attention deficits in schizophrenia: A critical evaluation of card and single-trial Stroop methodologies.. Neuropsychology, 1998, 12, 414-425.	1.3	161
41	Temporal dynamics of brain activation during a working memory task. Nature, 1997, 386, 604-608.	27.8	1,861