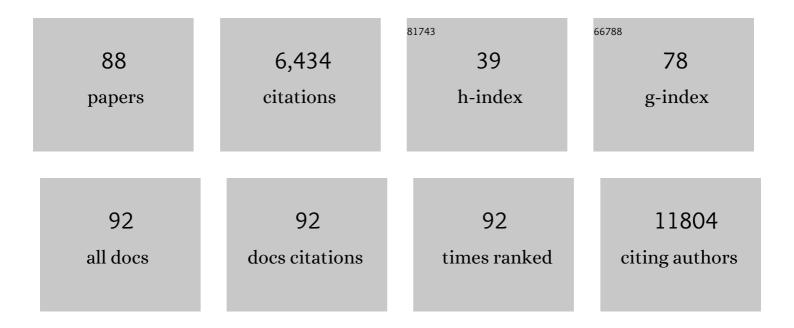
Cristina Barlassina

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1152436/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Polymorphisms of α-adducin and salt sensitivity in patients with essential hypertension. Lancet, The, 1997, 349, 1353-1357.	6.3	518
2	Discovery of new risk loci for IgA nephropathy implicates genes involved in immunity against intestinal pathogens. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 1187-1196.	9.4	505
3	Loss of Mismatched HLA in Leukemia after Stem-Cell Transplantation. New England Journal of Medicine, 2009, 361, 478-488.	13.9	459
4	Sex-stratified Genome-wide Association Studies Including 270,000 Individuals Show Sexual Dimorphism in Genetic Loci for Anthropometric Traits. PLoS Genetics, 2013, 9, e1003500.	1.5	371
5	The Influence of Age and Sex on Genetic Associations with Adult Body Size and Shape: A Large-Scale Genome-Wide Interaction Study. PLoS Genetics, 2015, 11, e1005378.	1.5	331
6	Identification of heart rate–associated loci and their effects on cardiac conduction and rhythm disorders. Nature Genetics, 2013, 45, 621-631.	9.4	282
7	Immune signature drives leukemia escape and relapse after hematopoietic cell transplantation. Nature Medicine, 2019, 25, 603-611.	15.2	253
8	Effects of three candidate genes on prevalence and incidence of hypertension in a Caucasian population. Journal of Hypertension, 2001, 19, 1349-1358.	0.3	205
9	Copy-Number Disorders Are a Common Cause of Congenital Kidney Malformations. American Journal of Human Genetics, 2012, 91, 987-997.	2.6	201
10	Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthase Polymorphisms Are Associated With Type 2 Diabetes and the Insulin Resistance Syndrome. Diabetes, 2003, 52, 1270-1275.	0.3	182
11	ACE and α-Adducin Polymorphism as Markers of Individual Response to Diuretic Therapy. Hypertension, 2003, 41, 398-403.	1.3	160
12	The Role of α-Adducin Polymorphism in Blood Pressure and Sodium Handling Regulation May Not Be Excluded by a Negative Association Study. Hypertension, 1999, 34, 649-654.	1.3	154
13	PHACTR1 Is a Genetic Susceptibility Locus for Fibromuscular Dysplasia Supporting Its Complex Genetic Pattern of Inheritance. PLoS Genetics, 2016, 12, e1006367.	1.5	146
14	Genomewide Association Study Using a High-Density Single Nucleotide Polymorphism Array and Case-Control Design Identifies a Novel Essential Hypertension Susceptibility Locus in the Promoter Region of Endothelial NO Synthase. Hypertension, 2012, 59, 248-255.	1.3	144
15	Association of the α-Adducin Locus With Essential Hypertension. Hypertension, 1995, 25, 320-326.	1.3	131
16	α-Adducin polymorphisms and renal sodium handling in essential hypertensive patients. Kidney International, 1998, 53, 1471-1478.	2.6	128
17	Adducin Polymorphism Affects Renal Proximal Tubule Reabsorption in Hypertension. Hypertension, 1999, 33, 694-697.	1.3	118
18	Cross-Disorder Genome-Wide Analyses Suggest a Complex Genetic Relationship Between Tourette's Syndrome and OCD, American Journal of Psychiatry, 2015, 172, 82-93	4.0	117

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Genome-wide association study of kidney function decline in individuals of European descent. Kidney International, 2015, 87, 1017-1029.	2.6	113
20	Carotid and Femoral Artery Stiffness in Relation to Three Candidate Genes in a White Population. Hypertension, 2001, 38, 1190-1197.	1.3	84
21	Inactive Matrix Gla Protein Is Causally Related to Adverse Health Outcomes. Hypertension, 2015, 65, 463-470.	1.3	84
22	Transethnic Genome-Wide Association Study Provides Insights in the Genetic Architecture and Heritability of Long QT Syndrome. Circulation, 2020, 142, 324-338.	1.6	83
23	Synergistic effect of \hat{I}_{\pm} -adducin and ACE genes causes blood pressure changes with body sodium and volume expansion. Kidney International, 2000, 57, 1083-1090.	2.6	76
24	A principal component meta-analysis on multiple anthropometric traits identifies novel loci for body shape. Nature Communications, 2016, 7, 13357.	5.8	74
25	Common genetic variants and haplotypes in renal CLCNKA gene are associated to salt-sensitive hypertension. Human Molecular Genetics, 2007, 16, 1630-1638.	1.4	71
26	α-Adducin 460Trp Allele Is Associated With Erythrocyte Na Transport Rate in North Sardinian Primary Hypertensives. Hypertension, 2002, 39, 357-362.	1.3	64
27	Association between hypertension and variation in the α- and β-adducin genes in a white population. Kidney International, 2002, 62, 2152-2159.	2.6	64
28	Carotid and femoral intima–media thickness in relation to three candidate genes in a Caucasian population. Journal of Hypertension, 2002, 20, 1551-1561.	0.3	58
29	Genes Involved in Vasoconstriction and Vasodilation System Affect Salt-Sensitive Hypertension. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e19620.	1.1	58
30	Self-renewal and phenotypic conversion are the main physiological responses of macrophages to the endogenous estrogen surge. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 44270.	1.6	58
31	Association between aldosterone synthase (CYP11B2) polymorphism and left ventricular mass in human essential hypertension. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2004, 43, 265-270.	1.2	53
32	Renal dysfunction as a possible cause of essential hypertension in predisposed subjects. Kidney International, 1983, 23, 870-875.	2.6	51
33	An Overview of the Genetic Structure within the Italian Population from Genome-Wide Data. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e43759.	1.1	49
34	Target Sequencing, Cell Experiments, and a Population Study Establish Endothelial Nitric Oxide Synthase (<i>eNOS</i>) Gene as Hypertension Susceptibility Gene. Hypertension, 2013, 62, 844-852.	1.3	48
35	A genome-wide screening and SNPs-to-genes approach to identify novel genetic risk factors associated with frontotemporal dementia. Neurobiology of Aging, 2015, 36, 2904.e13-2904.e26.	1.5	48
36	Genetics of Essential Hypertension: From Families to Genes. Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: JASN, 2002, 13, S155-S164.	3.0	47

3

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Genetic polymorphism of the renin???angiotensin???aldosterone system and arterial hypertension in the Italian population. Journal of Hypertension, 2003, 21, 1853-1860.	0.3	47
38	Role of the adducin family genes in human essential hypertension. Journal of Hypertension, 2005, 23, 543-549.	0.3	47
39	Â-adducin polymorphism in hypertensives of South African ancestry. American Journal of Hypertension, 2000, 13, 719-723.	1.0	40
40	Alpha-adducin gene polymorphism and cardiovascular phenotypes in a general population. Journal of Hypertension, 1997, 15, 1707-1710.	0.3	39
41	Interaction between polyphenols intake and PON1 gene variants on markers of cardiovascular disease: a nutrigenetic observational study. Journal of Translational Medicine, 2016, 14, 186.	1.8	38
42	Sardinians Genetic Background Explained by Runs of Homozygosity and Genomic Regions under Positive Selection. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e91237.	1.1	37
43	Adducin in essential hypertension. FEBS Letters, 1998, 430, 41-44.	1.3	35
44	Genome-Wide and Gene-Based Meta-Analyses Identify Novel Loci Influencing Blood Pressure Response to Hydrochlorothiazide. Hypertension, 2017, 69, 51-59.	1.3	34
45	Exome sequencing in seven families and gene-based association studies indicate genetic heterogeneity and suggest possible candidates for fibromuscular dysplasia. Journal of Hypertension, 2015, 33, 1802-1810.	0.3	31
46	Xanthine oxidase gene variants and their association with blood pressure and incident hypertension. Journal of Hypertension, 2016, 34, 2147-2154.	0.3	30
47	TET2 and CSMD1 genes affect SBP response to hydrochlorothiazide in never-treated essential hypertensives. Journal of Hypertension, 2015, 33, 1301-1309.	0.3	29
48	Klotho Gene in Human Salt-Sensitive Hypertension. Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN, 2020, 15, 375-383.	2.2	29
49	Genome-wide association study identifies CAMKID variants involved in blood pressure response to losartan: the SOPHIA study. Pharmacogenomics, 2014, 15, 1643-1652.	0.6	27
50	Heritability Estimate of Erythrocyte Na-K-Cl Cotransport in Normotensive and Hypertensive Families. American Journal of Hypertension, 1991, 4, 725-734.	1.0	24
51	Exome sequencing identifies variants in two genes encoding the LIM-proteins NRAP and FHL1 in an Italian patient with BAG3 myofibrillar myopathy. Journal of Muscle Research and Cell Motility, 2016, 37, 101-115.	0.9	23
52	ShockOmics: multiscale approach to the identification of molecular biomarkers in acute heart failure induced by shock. Scandinavian Journal of Trauma, Resuscitation and Emergency Medicine, 2016, 24, 9.	1.1	20
53	A longitudinal study highlights shared aspects of the transcriptomic response to cardiogenic and septic shock. Critical Care, 2019, 23, 414.	2.5	20
54	Erythrocyte Na +,K +,Cl- cotransport and kidney function in essential hypertension. Journal of Hypertension, 1993, 11, 805-813.	0.3	19

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	α- and β-Adducin polymorphisms affect podocyte proteins and proteinuria in rodents and decline of renal function in human IgA nephropathy. Journal of Molecular Medicine, 2010, 88, 203-217.	1.7	19
56	Expression analysis of the human adducin gene family and evidence of ADD2 4 multiple splicing variants. Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications, 2003, 309, 359-367.	1.0	18
57	α-Adducin and angiotensin-converting enzyme polymorphisms in hypertension: evidence for a joint influence on albuminuria. Journal of Hypertension, 2006, 24, 931-937.	0.3	17
58	Genetics of renal mechanisms of primary hypertension. Journal of Hypertension, 1997, 15, 1567-1571.	0.3	16
59	Transcriptome Analysis of iPSC-Derived Neurons from Rubinstein-Taybi Patients Reveals Deficits in Neuronal Differentiation. Molecular Neurobiology, 2020, 57, 3685-3701.	1.9	15
60	Identification of a transcriptome profile associated with improvement of organ function in septic shock patients after early supportive therapy. Critical Care, 2018, 22, 312.	2.5	14
61	Claudin-14 Gene Polymorphisms and Urine Calcium Excretion. Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN, 2018, 13, 1542-1549.	2.2	14
62	PEAR1 is not a major susceptibility gene for cardiovascular disease in a Flemish population. BMC Medical Genetics, 2017, 18, 45.	2.1	13
63	?-ADDUCIN MAY CONTROL BLOOD PRESSURE BOTH IN RATS AND HUMANS. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 1995, 22, S7-S9.	0.9	12
64	Coronary risk in relation to genetic variation in MEOX2 and TCF15 in a Flemish population. BMC Genetics, 2015, 16, 116.	2.7	12
65	Nextâ€generation sequencing of a family with a high penetrance of monoclonal gammopathies for the identification of candidate risk alleles. Cancer, 2017, 123, 3701-3708.	2.0	12
66	The 460Trp allele of α-adducin increases carotid intima–media thickness in young adult males. Journal of Hypertension, 2006, 24, 697-703.	0.3	10
67	Gly460Trp α-adducin gene polymorphism and endothelial function in untreated hypertensive patients. Journal of Hypertension, 2007, 25, 2234-2239.	0.3	10
68	The burden of multiple sclerosis variants in continental Italians and Sardinians. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2015, 21, 1385-1395.	1.4	10
69	Pharmacogenomics considerations in the control of hypertension. Pharmacogenomics, 2015, 16, 1951-1964.	0.6	10
70	gDNA qPCR is statistically more reliable than mRNA analysis in detecting leukemic cells to monitor CML. Cell Death and Disease, 2018, 9, 349.	2.7	8
71	Heritability of Sodium Transport Systems and Hypertension. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1986, 488, 576-578.	1.8	6
72	Dissecting the Polygenic Basis of Primary Hypertension: Identification of Key Pathway-Specific Components. Frontiers in Cardiovascular Medicine, 2022, 9, 814502.	1.1	5

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Heritability of Sodium Transport Systems and Hypertension. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1986, 488, 576-578.	1.8	4
74	Genetic models of arterial hypertension ? role of tubular ion transport. Pediatric Nephrology, 1993, 7, 865-870.	0.9	4
75	Pathogenetic mechanisms in essential hypertension. Analogies between a rat model and the human disease. International Journal of Cardiology, 1989, 25, S29-S36.	0.8	3
76	Application of an Exploratory Knowledge-Discovery Pipeline Based on Machine Learning to Multi-Scale OMICS Data to Characterise Myocardial Injury in a Cohort of Patients with Septic Shock: An Observational Study. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2021, 10, 4354.	1.0	3
77	Transcapillary protein escape in arterial hypertension. Research in Clinic and Laboratory, 1980, 10, 163-170.	0.3	2
78	Membrane Abnormalities in Essential Hypertension: Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 1986, 488, 266-275.	1.8	2
79	Angiotensinogen gene polymorphism, again?. Journal of Hypertension, 2003, 21, 1815-1818.	0.3	2
80	Dietary Salt Intake, Blood Pressure, and Genes. Current Nutrition Reports, 2013, 2, 134-141.	2.1	2
81	An integrated Diet Monitoring Solution for nutrigenomic research. Studies in Health Technology and Informatics, 2015, 210, 632-6.	0.2	2
82	A multi-step genomic approach prioritized TBKBP1 gene as relevant for multiple sclerosis susceptibility. Journal of Neurology, 2022, 269, 4510-4522.	1.8	2
83	Haematological phenotypes in relation to the C1797T β-adducin polymorphism in a Caucasian population. Clinical Science, 2003, 104, 369.	1.8	1
84	The role of adducin in hypertension. Current Opinion in Endocrinology, Diabetes and Obesity, 1998, 5, 229.	0.6	0
85	α-Adducin and angiotensin-converting enzyme polymorphisms in hypertension: evidence for a joint influence on albuminuria. Journal of Hypertension, 2006, 24, 1217.	0.3	0
86	Population Stratification Analysis in Genome-Wide Association Studies. , 2011, , 177-196.		0
87	Genomic and Transcriptional Immunoediting of Acute Myeloid Leukemia in Response to Allogeneic Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation. Blood, 2011, 118, 329-329.	0.6	0
88	Identification By Gene Expression Profiling Of CIITA-Dependent HLA Class II Transcriptional Downregulation As a Novel Mechanism Of Leukemia Immune Escape and Relapse After Allogeneic HSCT. Blood, 2013, 122, 3748-3748.	0.6	0