Jason L Hicks

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Flexible attention allocation dynamically impacts incidental encoding in prospective memory. Memory and Cognition, 2022, 50, 112-128.	0.9	2
2	The influence of semantic context on false memories. Memory and Cognition, 2021, 49, 1555-1567.	0.9	3
3	Assessing Theoretical Conclusions With Blinded Inference to Investigate a Potential Inference Crisis. Advances in Methods and Practices in Psychological Science, 2019, 2, 335-349.	5.4	20
4	Response dynamics of event-based prospective memory retrieval in mouse tracking. Memory and Cognition, 2019, 47, 923-935.	0.9	2
5	Retrieval dynamics of recognition and rejection. Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology, 2019, 72, 2328-2341.	0.6	4
6	Memory Self-Efficacy and Beliefs about Memory and Aging in Oldest-Old Adults in the Louisiana Healthy Aging Study (LHAS). Experimental Aging Research, 2019, 45, 28-40.	0.6	10
7	Perceptual Characterization of the Macronutrient Picture System (MaPS) for Food Image fMRI. Frontiers in Psychology, 2018, 9, 17.	1.1	26
8	Selected Topics in Prospective Memory. SpringerBriefs in Psychology, 2017, , 1-19.	0.1	0
9	Prospective Memory. SpringerBriefs in Psychology, 2017, , .	0.1	10
10	Characterization of Prospective Memory and Associated Processes. SpringerBriefs in Psychology, 2017, , 41-60.	0.1	0
11	Prior Task Experience and Comparable Stimulus Exposure Nullify Focal and Nonfocal Prospective Memory Retrieval Differences. Quarterly Journal of Experimental Psychology, 2017, 70, 1997-2006.	0.6	18
12	The Cognitive Neuroscience of Realizing Delayed Intentions. SpringerBriefs in Psychology, 2017, , 21-39.	0.1	0
13	Output Monitoring of Intention Execution. SpringerBriefs in Psychology, 2017, , 61-79.	0.1	0
14	The Subjective-Objective Disjunction in Psychometrically-Defined Schizotypy: What it is and Why it is Important?. Journal of Experimental Psychopathology, 2017, 8, 347-363.	0.4	13
15	The reliability of criterion shifting in recognition memory is task dependent. Memory and Cognition, 2016, 44, 1215-1227.	0.9	12
16	Successful cuing of gender source memory does not improve location source memory. Memory and Cognition, 2016, 44, 650-659.	0.9	6
17	Using Multidimensional Encoding and Retrieval Contexts to Enhance Our Understanding ofÂStochastic Dependence in Source Memory. Psychology of Learning and Motivation - Advances in Research and Theory, 2015, , 101-140	0.5	5
18	Encoding and retrieval processes involved in the access of source information in the absence of item memory Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2014, 40, 1271-1286.	0.7	10

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19	Strength cues and blocking at test promote reliable within-list criterion shifts in recognition memory. Memory and Cognition, 2014, 42, 742-754.	0.9	11
20	Internal reinstatement hides cuing effects in source memory tasks. Memory and Cognition, 2013, 41, 953-966.	0.9	12
21	Encountering items previously paired with prospective memory target events can serve to reactivate intentions. Journal of Cognitive Psychology, 2012, 24, 981-990.	0.4	8
22	Forensic age progression and the search for missing children. Psychology, Crime and Law, 2012, 18, 405-415.	0.8	23
23	The effects of prior knowledge on the encoding of episodic contextual details. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2012, 19, 251-257.	1.4	37
24	An observation on the spontaneous noticing of prospective memory event-based cues Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2011, 37, 298-307.	0.7	49
25	The reactivation of associated information affects source monitoring. Memory and Cognition, 2011, 39, 818-826.	0.9	4
26	A comparison of activity-based to event-based prospective memory. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2011, 25, 632-640.	0.9	16
27	Ongoing task delays affect prospective memory more powerfully than filler task delays Canadian Journal of Experimental Psychology, 2011, 65, 48-56.	0.7	32
28	The effects of free recall testing on subsequent source memory. Memory, 2010, 18, 385-393.	0.9	38
29	Threat-related processing supports prospective memory retrieval for people with obsessive tendencies. Memory, 2009, 17, 679-686.	0.9	19
30	The Effectiveness of Supermarket Posters in Helping to Find Missing Children. Journal of Interpersonal Violence, 2009, 24, 406-423.	1.3	24
31	Retrieval constraints on the front end create differences in recollection on a subsequent test. Journal of Memory and Language, 2009, 61, 470-479.	1.1	28
32	Source memory for unrecognized items: Predictions from multivariate signal detection theory. Memory and Cognition, 2008, 36, 1-8.	0.9	57
33	Context attributes in memory are bound to item information, but not to one another. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2008, 15, 309-314.	1.4	33
34	Comparing Older and Younger Adults in an Event-Based Prospective Memory Paradigm Containing an Output Monitoring Component. Aging, Neuropsychology, and Cognition, 2007, 14, 168-188.	0.7	35
35	Metacognitive awareness of event-based prospective memory. Consciousness and Cognition, 2007, 16, 997-1004.	0.8	62
36	Source monitoring is not always enhanced for valenced material. Memory and Cognition, 2007, 35, 222-230.	0.9	51

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37	Memory for intention-related material presented in a to-be-ignored channel. Memory and Cognition, 2007, 35, 1197-1204.	0.9	12
38	Fan effects in event-based prospective memory. Memory, 2006, 14, 890-900.	0.9	7
39	Repetition effects in associative false recognition: Theme-based criterion shifts are the exception, not the rule. Memory, 2006, 14, 742-761.	0.9	14
40	Gender and orientation stereotypes bias source-monitoring attributions. Memory, 2006, 14, 148-160.	0.9	40
41	Remembering source evidence from associatively related items: Explanations from a global matching model Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2006, 32, 1164-1173.	0.7	23
42	Concreteness and item-to-list context associations in the free recall of items differing in context variability Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2006, 32, 1424-1430.	0.7	10
43	The roles of associative strength and source memorability in the contextualization of false memory. Journal of Memory and Language, 2006, 54, 39-53.	1.1	26
44	Task interference from prospective memories covaries with contextual associations of fulfilling them. Memory and Cognition, 2006, 34, 1037-1045.	0.9	133
45	The Role of Recollection and Familiarity in the Context Variability Mirror Effect. Memory and Cognition, 2006, 34, 240-250.	0.9	14
46	The effect of context variability on source memory. Memory and Cognition, 2006, 34, 1578-1586.	0.9	17
47	Interpreting the effects of response bias on remember-know judgments using signal detection and threshold models. Memory and Cognition, 2006, 34, 1598-1614.	0.9	56
48	Task interference from event-based intentions. Memory and Cognition, 2006, 34, 1636-1643.	0.9	49
49	An Analysis of Prospective Memory. Psychology of Learning and Motivation - Advances in Research and Theory, 2006, , 115-153.	0.5	16
50	Source memory in the absence of successful cued recall Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2006, 32, 828-835.	0.7	22
51	On rejecting emotional lures created by phonological neighborhood activation Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2006, 32, 847-853.	0.7	8
52	False memories lack perceptual detail: Evidence from implicit word-stem completion and perceptual identification tests. Journal of Memory and Language, 2005, 52, 309-321.	1.1	35
53	Revisiting the role of recollection in item versus forced-choice recognition memory. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2005, 12, 720-725.	1.4	13
54	Associating a time-based prospective memory task with an expected context can improve or impair intention completion. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2005, 19, 345-360.	0.9	50

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55	Task interference in time-based, event-based, and dual intention prospective memory conditionsâ~†. Journal of Memory and Language, 2005, 53, 430-444.	1.1	143
56	Source Dimensions Are Retrieved Independently in Multidimensional Monitoring Tasks Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2005, 31, 1213-1220.	0.7	51
57	An Observation on the Role of Context Variability in Free Recall Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2005, 31, 1160-1164.	0.7	24
58	On the Relationship Between Effort Toward an Ongoing Task and Cue Detection in Event-Based Prospective Memory Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2005, 31, 68-75.	0.7	113
59	Detecting event-based prospective memory cues occurring within and outside the focus of attention. American Journal of Psychology, 2005, 118, 1-11.	0.5	20
60	Focused attention on one contextual attribute does not reduce source memory for a different attribute. Memory, 2004, 12, 183-192.	0.9	12
61	The influence of partialâ€match cues on eventâ€based prospective memory. Memory, 2004, 12, 203-213.	0.9	24
62	Episodic generation can cause semantic forgetting: Retrieval-induced forgetting of false memories. Memory and Cognition, 2004, 32, 602-609.	0.9	36
63	Retrieval-induced forgetting occurs in tests of item recognition. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2004, 11, 125-130.	1.4	121
64	Investigating the encoding and retrieval of intentions with event-related potentials. Consciousness and Cognition, 2003, 12, 1-18.	0.8	15
65	Halo and devil effects demonstrate valenced-based influences on source-monitoring decisions. Consciousness and Cognition, 2003, 12, 257-278.	0.8	32
66	Measuring the Activation Level of Critical Lures in the Deese-Roediger-McDermott Paradigm. American Journal of Psychology, 2003, 116, 1.	0.5	42
67	Interference to ongoing activities covaries with the characteristics of an event-based intention Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2003, 29, 861-870.	0.7	180
68	The dynamics of intention retrieval and coordination of action in event-based prospective memory Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2002, 28, 652-659.	0.7	91
69	The role of recollection and partial information in source monitoring Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2002, 28, 503-508.	0.7	77
70	Comparisons of target output monitoring and source input monitoring. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2002, 16, 845-862.	0.9	25
71	Source monitoring does not alleviate (and may exacerbate) the occurrence of memory conjunction errors. Journal of Memory and Language, 2002, 47, 315-326.	1.1	41
72	On predicting the future states of awareness for recognition of unrecallable items. Memory and Cognition, 2002, 30, 60-66.	0.9	38

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73	Investigating the output monitoring component of event-based prospective memory performance. Memory and Cognition, 2002, 30, 302-311.	0.9	39
74	The demands of an ongoing activity influence the success of event-based prospective memory. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2002, 9, 604-610.	1.4	91
75	Backward associative strength determines source attributions given to false memories. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 2002, 9, 807-815.	1.4	58
76	The dynamics of intention retrieval and coordination of action in event-based prospective memory. Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2002, 28, 652-9.	0.7	70
77	The role of recollection and partial information in source monitoring. Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2002, 28, 503-8.	0.7	42
78	Output monitoring tests reveal false memories of memories that never existed. Memory, 2001, 9, 39-51.	0.9	31
79	False recognition occurs more frequently during source identification than during old–new recognition Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2001, 27, 375-383.	0.7	59
80	The properties of retention intervals and their affect on retaining prospective memories Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2000, 26, 1160-1169.	0.7	70
81	Toward specifying the attentional demands of recognition memory Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 2000, 26, 1483-1498.	0.7	57
82	On the interaction of ongoing cognitive activity and the nature of an event-based intention. Applied Cognitive Psychology, 2000, 14, S29-S41.	0.9	53
83	Remember-know judgments can depend on how memory is tested. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 1999, 6, 117-122.	1.4	80
84	The activation of unrelated and canceled intentions. Memory and Cognition, 1999, 27, 320-327.	0.9	103
85	Conceptual priming in a generative problem-solving task. Memory and Cognition, 1999, 27, 355-363.	0.9	42
86	The Credibility of a Source Influences the Rate of Unconscious Plagiarism. Memory, 1999, 7, 293-308.	0.9	27
87	An alternative conceptualization to memory "strength" in reality monitoring Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1999, 25, 804-809.	0.7	26
88	Attempts to reduce the incidence of false recall with source monitoring Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1999, 25, 1195-1209.	0.7	83
89	An investigation of everyday prospective memory. Memory and Cognition, 1998, 26, 633-643.	0.9	116
90	Event-based prospective memory and executive control of working memory Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1998, 24, 336-349.	0.7	231

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91	Activation of completed, uncompleted, and partially completed intentions Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1998, 24, 350-361.	0.7	272
92	A decrement-to-familiarity interpretation of the revelation effect from forced-choice tests of recognition memory Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1998, 24, 1105-1120.	0.7	53
93	Test formats change source-monitoring decision processes Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1998, 24, 1137-1151.	0.7	106
94	Contributions of inadequate source monitoring to unconscious plagiarism during idea generation Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning Memory and Cognition, 1997, 23, 886-897.	0.7	101
95	Processing strategies and secondary memory in very rapid forgetting. Memory and Cognition, 1997, 25, 173-181.	0.9	53
96	How examples may (and may not) constrain creativity. Memory and Cognition, 1996, 24, 669-680.	0.9	158