

# Gregory J Rebetzke

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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126  
papers

11,040  
citations

28190

55  
h-index

32761

100  
g-index

128  
all docs

128  
docs citations

128  
times ranked

7460  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Competitiveness of Early Vigour Wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) Genotypes Is Established at Early Growth Stages. <i>Agronomy</i> , 2022, 12, 377.	1.3	9
2	Selection for early shoot vigour in wheat increases root hair length but reduces epidermal cell size of roots and leaves. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 73, 2499-2510.	2.4	6
3	Agronomic assessment of the durum. <i>Crop and Pasture Science</i> , 2022, 73, 325-336.	0.7	5
4	Novel wheat varieties facilitate deep sowing to beat the heat of changing climates. <i>Nature Climate Change</i> , 2022, 12, 291-296.	8.1	27
5	Strategies to improve field establishment of canola: A review. <i>Advances in Agronomy</i> , 2022, , 133-177.	2.4	3
6	Seedling and field assessment of wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) dwarfing genes and their influence on root traits in multiple genetic backgrounds. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2022, 73, 6292-6306.	2.4	6
7	Impact of Varying Light and Dew on Ground Cover Estimates from Active NDVI, RGB, and LiDAR. <i>Plant Phenomics</i> , 2021, 2021, 9842178.	2.5	3
8	Phenotypic Evaluation and Genetic Analysis of Seedling Emergence in a Global Collection of Wheat Genotypes ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) Under Limited Water Availability. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2021, 12, 796176.	1.7	2
9	Genotypic variation for lodging tolerance in spring wheat: wider and deeper root plates, a feature of low lodging, high yielding germplasm. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2020, 258, 107942.	2.3	18
10	A reduced tillering trait shows small but important yield gains in dryland wheat production. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2020, 26, 4056-4067.	4.2	8
11	Ground-Based LiDAR Improves Phenotypic Repeatability of Above-Ground Biomass and Crop Growth Rate in Wheat. <i>Plant Phenomics</i> , 2020, 2020, 8329798.	2.5	17
12	Review: High-throughput phenotyping to enhance the use of crop genetic resources. <i>Plant Science</i> , 2019, 282, 40-48.	1.7	95
13	Increase in coleoptile length and establishment by <i>Lcol-A1</i> , a genetic locus with major effect in wheat. <i>BMC Plant Biology</i> , 2019, 19, 332.	1.6	12
14	Grain yield responsiveness to water supply in near-isogenic reduced-tillering wheat lines – An engineered crop trait near its upper limit. <i>European Journal of Agronomy</i> , 2019, 102, 33-38.	1.9	16
15	Evaluation of the Phenotypic Repeatability of Canopy Temperature in Wheat Using Continuous-Terrestrial and Airborne Measurements. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2019, 10, 875.	1.7	36
16	Wheat drought tolerance in the field is predicted by amino acid responses to glasshouse-imposed drought. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 4931-4948.	2.4	92
17	Deeper roots associated with cooler canopies, higher normalized difference vegetation index, and greater yield in three wheat populations grown on stored soil water. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 4963-4974.	2.4	43
18	Improving process-based crop models to better capture genotype–environment–management interactions. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 2389-2401.	2.4	46

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19	Modelling impact of early vigour on wheat yield in dryland regions. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2019, 70, 2535-2548.	2.4	51
20	Determining the Genetic Architecture of Reproductive Stage Drought Tolerance in Wheat Using a Correlated Trait and Correlated Marker Effect Model. <i>G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics</i> , 2019, 9, 473-489.	0.8	27
21	Accounting for Genotype-by-Environment Interactions and Residual Genetic Variation in Genomic Selection for Water-Soluble Carbohydrate Concentration in Wheat. <i>G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics</i> , 2018, 8, 1909-1919.	0.8	12
22	Indirect selection for potential yield in early-generation, spaced plantings of wheat and other small-grain cereals: a review. <i>Crop and Pasture Science</i> , 2018, 69, 439.	0.7	105
23	Benefits of increasing transpiration efficiency in wheat under elevated $\text{CO}_2$ for rainfed regions. <i>Global Change Biology</i> , 2018, 24, 1965-1977.	4.2	52
24	A low-cost method to rapidly and accurately screen for transpiration efficiency in wheat. <i>Plant Methods</i> , 2018, 14, 77.	1.9	28
25	High Throughput Determination of Plant Height, Ground Cover, and Above-Ground Biomass in Wheat with LiDAR. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2018, 9, 237.	1.7	206
26	Selection for water-soluble carbohydrate accumulation and investigation of genetic-environment interactions in an elite wheat breeding population. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2017, 130, 2445-2461.	1.8	39
27	Genome-Wide Associations for Water-Soluble Carbohydrate Concentration and Relative Maturity in Wheat Using SNP and DArT Marker Arrays. <i>G3: Genes, Genomes, Genetics</i> , 2017, 7, 2821-2830.	0.8	22
28	Performance of spring wheat lines near-isogenic for the reduced-tillering $\text{rtn}^{\text{TM}}$ trait across a wide range of water-stress environment-types. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2017, 200, 98-113.	2.3	14
29	Methodology for High-Throughput Field Phenotyping of Canopy Temperature Using Airborne Thermography. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2016, 7, 1808.	1.7	118
30	Do wheat breeders have suitable genetic variation to overcome short coleoptiles and poor establishment in the warmer soils of future climates?. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2016, 43, 961.	1.1	32
31	Genotypic stability of weed competitive ability for bread wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> ) genotypes in multiple environments. <i>Crop and Pasture Science</i> , 2016, 67, 695.	0.7	23
32	A tillering inhibition gene influences root-shoot carbon partitioning and pattern of water use to improve wheat productivity in rainfed environments. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 327-340.	2.4	65
33	High-throughput phenotyping technologies allow accurate selection of stay-green. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 4919-4924.	2.4	75
34	Prospects for yield improvement in the Australian wheat industry: a perspective. <i>Food and Energy Security</i> , 2016, 5, 107-122.	2.0	27
35	From inspiration to impact: delivering value from global root research. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 3601-3603.	2.4	6
36	Rhizosheaths on wheat grown in acid soils: phosphorus acquisition efficiency and genetic control. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 3709-3718.	2.4	42

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37	Dynamic quantification of canopy structure to characterize early plant vigour in wheat genotypes. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 4523-4534.	2.4	98
38	Awns reduce grain number to increase grain size and harvestable yield in irrigated and rainfed spring wheat. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2016, 67, 2573-2586.	2.4	117
39	“Rolled-upness” phenotyping leaf rolling in cereals using computer vision and functional data analysis approaches. <i>Plant Methods</i> , 2015, 11, 52.	1.9	53
40	Of growing importance: combining greater early vigour and transpiration efficiency for wheat in variable rainfed environments. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2015, 42, 1107.	1.1	17
41	The Potential of Lr19 and Bdv2 Translocations to Improve Yield and Disease Resistance in the High Rainfall Wheat Zones of Australia. <i>Agronomy</i> , 2015, 5, 55-70.	1.3	8
42	Genomic Regions for Embryo Size and Early Vigour in Multiple Wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) Populations. <i>Agronomy</i> , 2015, 5, 152-179.	1.3	18
43	Recurrent selection for wider seedling leaves increases early biomass and leaf area in wheat ( <i>Triticum</i> ) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overl	2.4	89
44	Phenotypic variation and QTL analysis for oil content and protein concentration in bread wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Euphytica</i> , 2015, 204, 371-382.	0.6	14
45	Variation in Adult Plant Phenotypes and Partitioning among Seed and Stem-Borne Roots across <i>Brachypodium distachyon</i> Accessions to Exploit in Breeding Cereals for Well-Watered and Drought Environments. <i>Plant Physiology</i> , 2015, 168, 953-967.	2.3	44
46	Early vigour improves phosphate uptake in wheat. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2015, 66, 7089-7100.	2.4	46
47	Pyramiding greater early vigour and integrated transpiration efficiency in bread wheat; trade-offs and benefits. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2015, 183, 102-110.	2.3	12
48	Facets of the maximum crop yield problem. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2015, 182, 1-2.	2.3	1
49	Assessing the place and role of crop simulation modelling in Australia. <i>Crop and Pasture Science</i> , 2015, 66, 877.	0.7	19
50	The influence of shoot and root size on nitrogen uptake in wheat is affected by nitrate affinity in the roots during early growth. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2015, 42, 1179.	1.1	17
51	Canopy architectural and physiological characterization of near-isogenic wheat lines differing in the tiller inhibition gene <i>tin</i> . <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , 2014, 5, 617.	1.7	37
52	Guiding deployment of resistance in cereals using evolutionary principles. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2014, 7, 609-624.	1.5	171
53	Integration of phenotyping and genetic platforms for a better understanding of wheat performance under drought. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2014, 65, 6167-6177.	2.4	59
54	Wheat genotypes with high early vigour accumulate more nitrogen and have higher photosynthetic nitrogen use efficiency during early growth. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2014, 41, 215.	1.1	70

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55	The plasticity of the growth and proliferation of wheat root system under elevated CO <sub>2</sub> . <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2014, 374, 963-976.	1.8	39
56	Genetically vigorous wheat genotypes maintain superior early growth in no-till soils. <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2014, 377, 127-144.	1.8	14
57	Use of a large multiparent wheat mapping population in genomic dissection of coleoptile and seedling growth. <i>Plant Biotechnology Journal</i> , 2014, 12, 219-230.	4.1	86
58	Soil coring at multiple field environments can directly quantify variation in deep root traits to select wheat genotypes for breeding. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2014, 65, 6231-6249.	2.4	134
59	Mapping quantitative trait loci associated with root penetration ability of wheat in contrasting environments. <i>Molecular Breeding</i> , 2014, 34, 631-642.	1.0	19
60	Plot size matters: interference from intergenotypic competition in plant phenotyping studies. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2014, 41, 107.	1.1	86
61	Sense and nonsense in conservation agriculture: Principles, pragmatism and productivity in Australian mixed farming systems. <i>Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment</i> , 2014, 187, 133-145.	2.5	152
62	Plasticity of wheat grain yield is associated with plasticity of ear number. <i>Crop and Pasture Science</i> , 2013, 64, 234.	0.7	53
63	Genomic regions for canopy temperature and their genetic association with stomatal conductance and grain yield in wheat. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2013, 40, 14.	1.1	174
64	A multisite managed environment facility for targeted trait and germplasm phenotyping. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2013, 40, 1.	1.1	109
65	A rapid, controlled-environment seedling root screen for wheat correlates well with rooting depths at vegetative, but not reproductive, stages at two field sites. <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2013, 112, 447-455.	1.4	146
66	The phenotype and the components of phenotypic variance of crop traits. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2013, 154, 255-259.	2.3	26
67	Evaluation of reduced-tillering (tin) wheat lines in managed, terminal water deficit environments. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2013, 64, 3439-3451.	2.4	46
68	Genetic control of duration of pre-anthesis phases in wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.) and relationships to leaf appearance, tillering, and dry matter accumulation. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2012, 63, 69-89.	2.4	80
69	Evaluation of a reduced-tillering (tin) gene in wheat lines grown across different production environments. <i>Crop and Pasture Science</i> , 2012, 63, 128.	0.7	49
70	Traits and selection strategies to improve root systems and water uptake in water-limited wheat crops. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2012, 63, 3485-3498.	2.4	643
71	Genotypic variation in the accumulation of water soluble carbohydrates in wheat. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2012, 39, 560.	1.1	29
72	Analysis of leaf and stripe rust severities reveals pathotype changes and multiple minor QTLs associated with resistance in an Avocet—Pastor wheat population. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2012, 124, 1283-1294.	1.8	200

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73	Height reduction and agronomic performance for selected gibberellin-responsive dwarfing genes in bread wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2012, 126, 87-96.	2.3	110
74	Combining gibberellic acid-sensitive and insensitive dwarfing genes in breeding of higher-yielding, sesqui-dwarf wheats. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2012, 127, 17-25.	2.3	53
75	Effects of plant height on type I and type II resistance to fusarium head blight in wheat. <i>Plant Pathology</i> , 2011, 60, 506-512.	1.2	59
76	The Rht13 dwarfing gene reduces peduncle length and plant height to increase grain number and yield of wheat. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2011, 124, 323-331.	2.3	74
77	Large root systems: are they useful in adapting wheat to dry environments?. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2011, 38, 347.	1.1	241
78	Breeding for improved water productivity in temperate cereals: phenotyping, quantitative trait loci, markers and the selection environment. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2010, 37, 85.	1.1	310
79	Simultaneous selection of major and minor genes: use of QTL to increase selection efficiency of coleoptile length of wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2009, 119, 65-74.	1.8	40
80	Quantitative trait loci for slow-rusting resistance in wheat to leaf rust and stripe rust identified with multi-environment analysis. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2008, 116, 1027-1034.	1.8	99
81	Quantitative trait loci for carbon isotope discrimination are repeatable across environments and wheat mapping populations. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2008, 118, 123-137.	1.8	160
82	Inheritance of coleoptile tiller appearance and size in wheat. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2008, 59, 863.	1.5	24
83	Quantitative trait loci for water-soluble carbohydrates and associations with agronomic traits in wheat. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2008, 59, 891.	1.5	160
84	Efficient integration of molecular and conventional breeding methodologies. , 2007, , 747-752.		0
85	Application of Population Genetic Theory and Simulation Models to Efficiently Pyramid Multiple Genes via Marker-Assisted Selection. <i>Crop Science</i> , 2007, 47, 582-588.	0.8	73
86	Genotypic increases in coleoptile length improves stand establishment, vigour and grain yield of deep-sown wheat. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2007, 100, 10-23.	2.3	176
87	Restricted-tillering wheat does not lead to greater investment in roots and early nitrogen uptake. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2007, 104, 52-59.	2.3	70
88	Molecular mapping of genes for Coleoptile growth in bread wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2007, 114, 1173-1183.	1.8	137
89	Physiological traits and cereal germplasm for sustainable agricultural systems. <i>Euphytica</i> , 2007, 154, 409-425.	0.6	96
90	A 192bp allele at the Xgwm261 locus is not always associated with the Rht8 dwarfing gene in wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Euphytica</i> , 2007, 157, 209-214.	0.6	71

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91	Genotypic variation in water-soluble carbohydrate accumulation in wheat. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2006, 33, 799.	1.1	165
92	Adaptive responses of wild mungbean ( <i>Vigna radiata</i> ssp. <i>sublobata</i> ) to photo-thermal environment. I. Phenology. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2006, 57, 917.	1.5	16
93	Registration of N98â€œ4445A Midâ€œOleic Soybean Germplasm Line. <i>Crop Science</i> , 2006, 46, 1010-1012.	0.8	51
94	Root and shoot attributes of indigenous perennial accessions of the wild mungbean ( <i>Vigna radiata</i> ) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5	1.5	14
95	Adaptive responses of wild mungbean ( <i>Vigna radiata</i> ssp. <i>sublobata</i> ) to photo-thermal environment. II. Growth, biomass, and seed yield. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2006, 57, 929.	1.5	17
96	Inheritance of Carbon Isotope Discrimination in Bread Wheat ( <i>Triticum Aestivum</i> L.). <i>Euphytica</i> , 2006, 150, 97-106.	0.6	65
97	Variation among Australian accessions of the wild mungbean ( <i>Vigna radiata</i> ssp. <i>sublobata</i> ) for traits of agronomic, adaptive, or taxonomic interest. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2006, 57, 119.	1.5	39
98	A wheat genotype developed for rapid leaf growth copes well with the physical and biological constraints of unploughed soil. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2005, 32, 695.	1.1	106
99	Molecular mapping of gibberellin-responsive dwarfing genes in bread wheat. <i>Theoretical and Applied Genetics</i> , 2005, 111, 423-430.	1.8	228
100	Longer coleoptiles improve emergence through crop residues to increase seedling number and biomass in wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Plant and Soil</i> , 2005, 272, 87-100.	1.8	87
101	Influence of the Gibberellin-sensitive Rht8 Dwarfing Gene on Leaf Epidermal Cell Dimensions and Early Vigour in Wheat ( <i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.). <i>Annals of Botany</i> , 2005, 95, 631-639.	1.4	108
102	Detection of Wheat streak mosaic virus in four pasture grass species in Australia. <i>Plant Pathology</i> , 2004, 53, 239-239.	1.2	28
103	The effect of different height reducing genes on the early growth of wheat. <i>Functional Plant Biology</i> , 2004, 31, 583.	1.1	196
104	Breeding for high water-use efficiency. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , 2004, 55, 2447-2460.	2.4	969
105	Genotypic variation in specific leaf area for genetic improvement of early vigour in wheat. <i>Field Crops Research</i> , 2004, 88, 179-189.	2.3	112
106	Genetic analysis of coleoptile length and diameter in wheat. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2004, 55, 733.	1.5	66
107	Effect of previous crops on crown rot and yield of durum and bread wheat in northern NSW. <i>Australian Journal of Agricultural Research</i> , 2004, 55, 321.	1.5	81
108	First report of Wheat streak mosaic virus in Australia. <i>Australasian Plant Pathology</i> , 2003, 32, 551.	0.5	28

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109	Gene action for leaf conductance in three wheat crosses. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2003, 54, 381.	1.5	42
110	Genetic control of sodium exclusion in durum wheat. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2003, 54, 627.	1.5	115
111	Dynamics of Competition between Wheat and Oat. Agronomy Journal, 2003, 95, 1305-1313.	0.9	14
112	Field evaluation of early vigour for genetic improvement of grain yield in wheat. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2002, 53, 1137.	1.5	145
113	"Perfect" markers for the Rht-B1b and Rht-D1b dwarfing genes in wheat. Theoretical and Applied Genetics, 2002, 105, 1038-1042.	1.8	449
114	Breeding Opportunities for Increasing the Efficiency of Water Use and Crop Yield in Temperate Cereals. Crop Science, 2002, 42, 111.	0.8	229
115	Improving Intrinsic Water-Use Efficiency and Crop Yield. Crop Science, 2002, 42, 122.	0.8	273
116	Selection for Reduced Carbon Isotope Discrimination Increases Aerial Biomass and Grain Yield of Rainfed Bread Wheat. Crop Science, 2002, 42, 739.	0.8	224
117	Implementation of markers in Australian wheat breeding. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2001, 52, 1349.	1.5	132
118	The effect of rht genotype and temperature on coleoptile growth and dry matter partitioning in young wheat seedlings. Functional Plant Biology, 2001, 28, 417.	1.1	28
119	Inheritance of root glucosinolate content in canola. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2001, 52, 745.	1.5	3
120	Gibberellic acid-sensitive dwarfing genes reduce plant height to increase kernel number and grain yield of wheat. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2000, 51, 235.	1.5	146
121	Genetic variation for improving the salt tolerance of durum wheat. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 2000, 51, 69.	1.5	218
122	Soybean PI 416937 Root System Contributes to Biomass Accumulation in Reciprocal Grafts. Agronomy Journal, 1999, 91, 840-844.	0.9	32
123	Genetic improvement of early vigour in wheat. Australian Journal of Agricultural Research, 1999, 50, 291.	1.5	217
124	Changes in Agronomic and Seed Characteristics with Selection for Reduced Palmitic Acid Content in Soybean. Crop Science, 1998, 38, 297-302.	0.8	41
125	Genetic Variation for Modifiers Controlling Reduced Saturated Fatty Acid Content in Soybean. Crop Science, 1998, 38, 303-308.	0.8	34
126	Transgressive Segregation for Palmitic Acid in Seed Oil of Soybean. Crop Science, 1994, 34, 1248-1250.	0.8	29