

# Catharine M Bosio

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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75  
papers

5,015  
citations

136740

32  
h-index

98622

67  
g-index

85  
all docs

85  
docs citations

85  
times ranked

5784  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Impairing RAGE signaling promotes survival and limits disease pathogenesis following SARS-CoV-2 infection in mice. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2022, 7, .	2.3	21
2	Age-related differences in immune dynamics during SARS-CoV-2 infection in rhesus macaques. <i>Life Science Alliance</i> , 2022, 5, e202101314.	1.3	18
3	Subcutaneous remdesivir administration prevents interstitial pneumonia in rhesus macaques inoculated with SARS-CoV-2. <i>Antiviral Research</i> , 2022, 198, 105246.	1.9	2
4	Circulating T Cells Are Not Sufficient for Protective Immunity against Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> . <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2022, 208, 1180-1188.	0.4	1
5	Itaconate indirectly influences expansion of effector T cells following vaccination with <i>Francisella tularensis</i> live vaccine strain. <i>Cellular Immunology</i> , 2022, 373, 104485.	1.4	5
6	Mucus sialylation determines intestinal host-commensal homeostasis. <i>Cell</i> , 2022, 185, 1172-1188.e28.	13.5	66
7	The glycerol-3-phosphate dehydrogenases GpsA and GlpD constitute the oxidoreductive metabolic linchpin for Lyme disease spirochete host infectivity and persistence in the tick. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2022, 18, e1010385.	2.1	7
8	Lack of the immune adaptor molecule SARM1 accelerates disease in prion infected mice and is associated with increased mitochondrial respiration and decreased expression of NRF2. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0267720.	1.1	2
9	GIMAP6 regulates autophagy, immune competence, and inflammation in mice and humans. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2022, 219, .	4.2	4
10	Cutting Edge: Severe SARS-CoV-2 Infection in Humans Is Defined by a Shift in the Serum Lipidome, Resulting in Dysregulation of Eicosanoid Immune Mediators. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2021, 206, 329-334.	0.4	131
11	<i>Mastomys natalensis</i> Has a Cellular Immune Response Profile Distinct from Laboratory Mice. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 729.	1.5	2
12	Validation and Application of a Benchtop Cell Sorter in a Biosafety Level 3 Containment Setting. <i>Applied Biosafety</i> , 2021, 26, 205-209.	0.2	2
13	Orally delivered MK-4482 inhibits SARS-CoV-2 replication in the Syrian hamster model. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 2295.	5.8	130
14	A genome-wide screen uncovers multiple roles for mitochondrial nucleoside diphosphate kinase D in inflammasome activation. <i>Science Signaling</i> , 2021, 14, .	1.6	13
15	Pulmonary infection induces persistent, pathogen-specific lipidomic changes influencing trained immunity. <i>iScience</i> , 2021, 24, 103025.	1.9	5
16	Microbiota triggers STING-type I IFN-dependent monocyte reprogramming of the tumor microenvironment. <i>Cell</i> , 2021, 184, 5338-5356.e21.	13.5	229
17	Cutting Edge: Lung-Resident T Cells Elicited by SARS-CoV-2 Do Not Mediate Protection against Secondary Infection. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2021, 207, 2399-2404.	0.4	11
18	Neuronal excitatory-to-inhibitory balance is altered in cerebral organoid models of genetic neurological diseases. <i>Molecular Brain</i> , 2021, 14, 156.	1.3	25

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19	High-Fat High-Sugar Diet-Induced Changes in the Lipid Metabolism Are Associated with Mildly Increased COVID-19 Severity and Delayed Recovery in the Syrian Hamster. <i>Viruses</i> , 2021, 13, 2506.	1.5	23
20	Clinical benefit of remdesivir in rhesus macaques infected with SARS-CoV-2. <i>Nature</i> , 2020, 585, 273-276.	13.7	592
21	Interferon Gamma Reprograms Host Mitochondrial Metabolism through Inhibition of Complex II To Control Intracellular Bacterial Replication. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2020, 88, .	1.0	17
22	Hydroxychloroquine prophylaxis and treatment is ineffective in macaque and hamster SARS-CoV-2 disease models. <i>JCI Insight</i> , 2020, 5, .	2.3	35
23	TRIM5 $\alpha$ Restricts Flavivirus Replication by Targeting the Viral Protease for Proteasomal Degradation. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019, 27, 3269-3283.e6.	2.9	53
24	T Cell Metabolism Is Dependent on Anatomical Location within the Lung. <i>ImmunoHorizons</i> , 2019, 3, 433-439.	0.8	1
25	Temporal Manipulation of Mitochondrial Function by Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> To Limit Inflammation and Control Cell Death. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2018, 86, .	1.0	13
26	Unique $\Delta$ Phosphatidylethanolamine Acts as a Potent Anti-Inflammatory Lipid. <i>Journal of Innate Immunity</i> , 2018, 10, 291-305.	1.8	21
27	The Ability to Acquire Iron Is Inversely Related to Virulence and the Protective Efficacy of <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Live Vaccine Strain. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2018, 9, 607.	1.5	9
28	Temporal Requirement for Pulmonary Resident and Circulating T Cells during Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Infection. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2018, 201, 1186-1193.	0.4	7
29	Expansion and retention of pulmonary CD4 + T cells after prime boost vaccination correlates with improved longevity and strength of immunity against tularemia. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2017, 35, 2575-2581.	1.7	8
30	GM-CSF has disparate roles during intranasal and intradermal <i>Francisella tularensis</i> infection. <i>Microbes and Infection</i> , 2016, 18, 758-767.	1.0	3
31	Inclusion of Epitopes That Expand High-Avidity CD4+T Cells Transforms Subprotective Vaccines to Efficacious Immunogens against Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> . <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2016, 197, 2738-2747.	0.4	14
32	Metabolic Reprogramming of Host Cells by Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> for Optimal Replication and Modulation of Inflammation. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2016, 196, 4227-4236.	0.4	29
33	Immunology of Bacterial Biodefense Agents: <i>Francisella tularensis</i> , <i>Burkholderia mallei</i> , and <i>Yersinia pestis</i> ., 2016, , 66-74.		1
34	Successful Protection against Tularemia in C57BL/6 Mice Is Correlated with Expansion of <i>Francisella tularensis</i> -Specific Effector T Cells. <i>Vaccine Journal</i> , 2015, 22, 119-128.	3.2	34
35	<i>Francisella tularensis</i> LVS Surface and Membrane Proteins as Targets of Effective Post-Exposure Immunization for Tularemia. <i>Journal of Proteome Research</i> , 2015, 14, 664-675.	1.8	21
36	Virulent $\Delta$ <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Destabilize Host mRNA to Rapidly Suppress Inflammation. <i>Journal of Innate Immunity</i> , 2014, 6, 793-805.	1.8	12

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37	Mitochondrial ROS potentiates indirect activation of the AIM2 inflammasome. <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2014, 5, 438.	1.5	48
38	T-bet Regulates Immunity to <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Live Vaccine Strain Infection, Particularly in Lungs. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2014, 82, 1477-1490.	1.0	22
39	Lipids Derived from Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Broadly Inhibit Pulmonary Inflammation via Toll-Like Receptor 2 and Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor $\beta$ . <i>Vaccine Journal</i> , 2013, 20, 1531-1540.	3.2	26
40	B1a Cells Enhance Susceptibility to Infection with Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> via Modulation of NK/NKT Cell Responses. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2013, 190, 2756-2766.	0.4	35
41	Interleukin-6 Is Essential for Primary Resistance to <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Live Vaccine Strain Infection. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2013, 81, 585-597.	1.0	38
42	<i>Francisella tularensis</i> SchuS4 and SchuS4 Lipids Inhibit IL-12p40 in Primary Human Dendritic Cells by Inhibition of IRF1 and IRF8. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2013, 191, 1276-1286.	0.4	28
43	Alternative Activation of Macrophages and Induction of Arginase Are Not Components of Pathogenesis Mediated by <i>Francisella</i> Species. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e82096.	1.1	10
44	Development of Functional and Molecular Correlates of Vaccine-Induced Protection for a Model Intracellular Pathogen, <i>F. tularensis</i> LVS. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2012, 8, e1002494.	2.1	50
45	Generation of a Convalescent Model of Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Infection for Assessment of Host Requirements for Survival of Tularemia. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e33349.	1.1	36
46	Low Dose Vaccination with Attenuated <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Strain SchuS4 Mutants Protects against Tularemia Independent of the Route of Vaccination. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e37752.	1.1	33
47	The Subversion of the Immune System by <i>Francisella Tularensis</i> . <i>Frontiers in Microbiology</i> , 2011, 2, 9.	1.5	42
48	Infection of Mice with <i>Francisella</i> as an Immunological Model. <i>Current Protocols in Immunology</i> , 2011, 93, Unit 19.14.	3.6	35
49	Human body temperature and new approaches to constructing temperature-sensitive bacterial vaccines. <i>Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences</i> , 2011, 68, 3019-3031.	2.4	24
50	IFN- $\gamma$ Mediates Suppression of IL-12p40 in Human Dendritic Cells following Infection with Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> . <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2011, 187, 1845-1855.	0.4	32
51	The Presence of CD14 Overcomes Evasion of Innate Immune Responses by Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> in Human Dendritic Cells In Vitro and Pulmonary Cells In Vivo. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2010, 78, 154-167.	1.0	28
52	Essential genes from Arctic bacteria used to construct stable, temperature-sensitive bacterial vaccines. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, 13456-13460.	3.3	49
53	Effective, Broad Spectrum Control of Virulent Bacterial Infections Using Cationic DNA Liposome Complexes Combined with Bacterial Antigens. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2010, 6, e1000921.	2.1	21
54	Long lived protection against pneumonic tularemia is correlated with cellular immunity in peripheral, not pulmonary, organs. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2010, 28, 6562-6572.	1.7	34

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55	Modulation of Human Dendritic Cells by Highly Virulent Pathogens. , 2010, , 179-183.		1
56	Direct and Indirect Impairment of Human Dendritic Cell Function by Virulent <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Schu S4. Infection and Immunity, 2009, 77, 180-195.	1.0	77
57	A Novel Role for Plasmin-Mediated Degradation of Opsonizing Antibody in the Evasion of Host Immunity by Virulent, but Not Attenuated, <i>Francisella tularensis</i> . Journal of Immunology, 2009, 183, 4593-4600.	0.4	40
58	Lung environment determines unique phenotype of alveolar macrophages. American Journal of Physiology - Lung Cellular and Molecular Physiology, 2009, 296, L936-L946.	1.3	187
59	Intracellular biology and virulence determinants of <i>Francisella tularensis</i> revealed by transcriptional profiling inside macrophages. Cellular Microbiology, 2009, 11, 1128-1150.	1.1	180
60	A Nasal Interleukin-12 DNA Vaccine Coexpressing <i>Yersinia pestis</i> F1-V Fusion Protein Confers Protection against Pneumonic Plague. Infection and Immunity, 2008, 76, 4564-4573.	1.0	33
61	Oral Vaccination with <i>Salmonella</i> Simultaneously Expressing <i>Yersinia pestis</i> F1 and V Antigens Protects against Bubonic and Pneumonic Plague. Journal of Immunology, 2007, 178, 1059-1067.	0.4	75
62	Active Suppression of the Pulmonary Immune Response by <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Schu4. Journal of Immunology, 2007, 178, 4538-4547.	0.4	184
63	NKp30-dependent cytolysis of filovirus-infected human dendritic cells. Cellular Microbiology, 2007, 9, 962-976.	1.1	43
64	Innate and Adaptive Immunity to <i>Francisella</i> . Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2007, 1105, 284-324.	1.8	145
65	Early Interaction of <i>Yersinia pestis</i> with APCs in the Lung. Journal of Immunology, 2005, 175, 6750-6756.	0.4	32
66	<i>Francisella tularensis</i> Induces Aberrant Activation of Pulmonary Dendritic Cells. Journal of Immunology, 2005, 175, 6792-6801.	0.4	165
67	Role of Natural Killer Cells in Innate Protection against Lethal Ebola Virus Infection. Journal of Experimental Medicine, 2004, 200, 169-179.	4.2	133
68	Ebola and Marburg virus-like particles activate human myeloid dendritic cells. Virology, 2004, 326, 280-287.	1.1	92
69	Innate and adaptive immune responses to an intracellular bacterium, <i>Francisella tularensis</i> live vaccine strain. Microbes and Infection, 2003, 5, 135-142.	1.0	161
70	Molecular mechanisms of filovirus cellular trafficking. Microbes and Infection, 2003, 5, 639-649.	1.0	39
71	Ebola and Marburg Viruses Replicate in Monocyte-Derived Dendritic Cells without Inducing the Production of Cytokines and Full Maturation. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2003, 188, 1630-1638.	1.9	268
72	Ebola virus-like particles protect from lethal Ebola virus infection. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2003, 100, 15889-15894.	3.3	231

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73	Lipid Raft Microdomains. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2002, 195, 593-602.	4.2	419
74	Susceptibility to Secondary <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Live Vaccine Strain Infection in B-Cell-Deficient Mice Is Associated with Neutrophilia but Not with Defects in Specific T-Cell-Mediated Immunity. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2001, 69, 194-203.	1.0	104
75	Importance of B cells, but Not Specific Antibodies, in Primary and Secondary Protective Immunity to the Intracellular Bacterium <i>Francisella tularensis</i> Live Vaccine Strain. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 1999, 67, 6002-6007.	1.0	101