Shahab Khatibzadeh

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11461425/shahab-khatibzadeh-publications-by-year.pdf

Version: 2024-04-28

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

28 14,063 30 20 h-index g-index citations papers 16,395 10.9 30 5.14 L-index ext. citations avg, IF ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
28	National and sub-national trends of salt intake in Iranians from 2000 to 2016: a systematic analysis <i>Archives of Public Health</i> , 2022 , 80, 120	2.6	
27	Introducing an efficient sampling method for national surveys with limited sample sizes: application to a national study to determine quality and cost of healthcare. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 1414	4.1	0
26	Contributions of mean and shape of blood pressure distribution to worldwide trends and variations in raised blood pressure: a pooled analysis of 1018 population-based measurement studies with 88.6 million participants. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 47, 872-883i	7.8	40
25	National and Subnational Cardiovascular Diseases Mortality Attributable to Salt Consumption in Iran by Sex and Age From 1990 to 2016. <i>Archives of Iranian Medicine</i> , 2018 , 21, 122-130	2.4	2
24	Etiologic effects and optimal intakes of foods and nutrients for risk of cardiovascular diseases and diabetes: Systematic reviews and meta-analyses from the Nutrition and Chronic Diseases Expert Group (NutriCoDE). <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017 , 12, e0175149	3.7	165
23	Worldwide trends in blood pressure from 1975 to 2015: a pooled analysis of 1479 population-based measurement studies with 19∄ million participants. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2017 , 389, 37-55	40	1100
22	Cost effectiveness of a government supported policy strategy to decrease sodium intake: global analysis across 183 nations. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2017 , 356, i6699	5.9	60
21	Impact of Dietary and Metabolic Risk Factors on Cardiovascular and Diabetes Mortality in South Asia: Analysis From the 2010 Global Burden of Disease Study. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016 , 106, 2113-2125	5.1	19
20	Impact of Nonoptimal Intakes of Saturated, Polyunsaturated, and Trans Fat on Global Burdens of Coronary Heart Disease. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2016 , 5,	6	62
19	A global database of food and nutrient consumption. <i>Bulletin of the World Health Organization</i> , 2016 , 94, 931-934	8.2	21
18	The Impact of Dietary and Metabolic Risk Factors on Cardiovascular Diseases and Type 2 Diabetes Mortality in Brazil. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0151503	3.7	25
17	Response to Letter Regarding Article, "Estimated Global, Regional, and National Disease Burdens Related to Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Consumption in 2010". <i>Circulation</i> , 2016 , 133, e596	16.7	3
16	Estimated Global, Regional, and National Disease Burdens Related to Sugar-Sweetened Beverage Consumption in 2010. <i>Circulation</i> , 2015 , 132, 639-66	16.7	216
15	Global, regional and national consumption of major food groups in 1990 and 2010: a systematic analysis including 266 country-specific nutrition surveys worldwide. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015 , 5, e008705	3	221
14	Assessing global dietary habits: a comparison of national estimates from the FAO and the Global Dietary Database. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2015 , 101, 1038-46	7	79
13	The impact of dietary habits and metabolic risk factors on cardiovascular and diabetes mortality in countries of the Middle East and North Africa in 2010: a comparative risk assessment analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015 , 5, e006385	3	87
12	Dietary quality among men and women in 187 countries in 1990 and 2010: a systematic assessment. <i>The Lancet Global Health</i> , 2015 , 3, e132-42	13.6	395

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

11	Global, Regional, and National Consumption of Sugar-Sweetened Beverages, Fruit Juices, and Milk: A Systematic Assessment of Beverage Intake in 187 Countries. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0124845	3.7	267
10	Global sodium consumption and death from cardiovascular causes. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2014 , 371, 624-34	59.2	708
9	Consumption of nuts and legumes and risk of incident ischemic heart disease, stroke, and diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2014 , 100, 278-88	7	330
8	Global, regional, and national consumption levels of dietary fats and oils in 1990 and 2010: a systematic analysis including 266 country-specific nutrition surveys. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2014 , 348, g2272	5.9	321
7	Dietary Policies to Reduce Non-Communicable Diseases 2014 , 175-193		10
6	National and sub-national burden of chronic diseases attributable to lifestyle risk factors in Iran 1990 - 2013; study protocol. <i>Archives of Iranian Medicine</i> , 2014 , 17, 146-58	2.4	11
5	The state of US health, 1990-2010: burden of diseases, injuries, and risk factors. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2013 , 310, 591-608	27.4	1629
4	Worldwide risk factors for heart failure: a systematic review and pooled analysis. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2013 , 168, 1186-94	3.2	136
3	Global, regional and national sodium intakes in 1990 and 2010: a systematic analysis of 24 h urinary sodium excretion and dietary surveys worldwide. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2013 , 3, e003733	3	518
2	A comparative risk assessment of burden of disease and injury attributable to 67 risk factors and risk factor clusters in 21 regions, 1990-2010: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden of Disease Study 2010. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2012 , 380, 2224-60	40	7625
1	Abstract P060: Major Dietary Risk Factors for Chronic Diseases: A Systematic Review of the Current Evidence for Causal Effects and Effect Sizes. <i>Circulation</i> , 2012 , 125,	16.7	9