

# Tamara King

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

45  
papers

3,940  
citations

159358

30  
h-index

243296

44  
g-index

45  
all docs

45  
docs citations

45  
times ranked

3736  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Unmasking the tonic-aversive state in neuropathic pain. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 12, 1364-1366.	7.1	490
2	Pain relief produces negative reinforcement through activation of mesolimbic rewardâ€valuation circuitry. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2012, 109, 20709-20713.	3.3	258
3	Underlying mechanisms of pronociceptive consequences of prolonged morphine exposure. <i>Biopolymers</i> , 2005, 80, 319-324.	1.2	238
4	Antinociceptive and nociceptive actions of opioids. <i>Journal of Neurobiology</i> , 2004, 61, 126-148.	3.7	216
5	Engagement of descending inhibition from the rostral ventromedial medulla protects against chronic neuropathic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2011, 152, 2701-2709.	2.0	186
6	Medullary pain facilitating neurons mediate allodynia in headacheâ€related pain. <i>Annals of Neurology</i> , 2009, 65, 184-193.	2.8	177
7	Lesion of the rostral anterior cingulate cortex eliminates the aversiveness of spontaneous neuropathic pain following partial or complete axotomy. <i>Pain</i> , 2011, 152, 1641-1648.	2.0	175
8	Is Paradoxical Pain Induced by Sustained Opioid Exposure an Underlying Mechanism of Opioid Antinociceptive Tolerance?. <i>NeuroSignals</i> , 2005, 14, 194-205.	0.5	170
9	Role of NK-1 neurotransmission in opioid-induced hyperalgesia. <i>Pain</i> , 2005, 116, 276-288.	2.0	157
10	Pros and Cons of Clinically Relevant Methods to Assess Pain in Rodents. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2019, 100, 335-343.	2.9	118
11	Afferent drive elicits ongoing pain in a model of advanced osteoarthritis. <i>Pain</i> , 2012, 153, 924-933.	2.0	110
12	Evaluation of reward from pain relief. <i>Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences</i> , 2013, 1282, 1-11.	1.8	109
13	Morphine treatment accelerates sarcoma-induced bone pain, bone loss, and spontaneous fracture in a murine model of bone cancer. <i>Pain</i> , 2007, 132, 154-168.	2.0	100
14	Spinal NK-1 receptor expressing neurons mediate opioid-induced hyperalgesia and antinociceptive tolerance via activation of descending pathways. <i>Pain</i> , 2007, 129, 35-45.	2.0	92
15	Opioid receptor-mediated hyperalgesia and antinociceptive tolerance induced by sustained opiate delivery. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2006, 396, 44-49.	1.0	90
16	Persistent restoration of sensory function by immediate or delayed systemic artemin after dorsal root injury. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2008, 11, 488-496.	7.1	87
17	Contribution of afferent pathways to nerve injury-induced spontaneous pain and evoked hypersensitivity. <i>Pain</i> , 2011, 152, 1997-2005.	2.0	83
18	Ongoing pain in the MIA model of osteoarthritis. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2011, 493, 72-75.	1.0	81

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Transient Inflammation-Induced Ongoing Pain is Driven by TRPV1 Sensitive Afferents. <i>Molecular Pain</i> , 2011, 7, 1744-8069-7-4.	1.0	81
20	Central Sensitization and Neuropathic Features of Ongoing Pain in a Rat Model of Advanced Osteoarthritis. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2016, 17, 374-382.	0.7	75
21	Multiple sites and actions of gabapentin-induced relief of ongoing experimental neuropathic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2017, 158, 2386-2395.	2.0	74
22	A cannabinoid 2 receptor agonist attenuates bone cancer-induced pain and bone loss. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2010, 86, 646-653.	2.0	71
23	TRPV1 Receptor in Expression of Opioid-Induced Hyperalgesia. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2009, 10, 243-252.	0.7	69
24	Descending Facilitation Maintains Long-Term Spontaneous Neuropathic Pain. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2013, 14, 845-853.	0.7	68
25	Disease modification of breast cancer-induced bone remodeling by cannabinoid 2 receptor agonists. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2013, 28, 92-107.	3.1	64
26	Nanoparticulate peptide delivery exclusively to the brain produces tolerance free analgesia. <i>Journal of Controlled Release</i> , 2018, 270, 135-144.	4.8	51
27	TIMP-1 Attenuates the Development of Inflammatory Pain Through MMP-Dependent and Receptor-Mediated Cell Signaling Mechanisms. <i>Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 12, 220.	1.4	50
28	Contribution of PKM $\eta$ -dependent and independent amplification to components of experimental neuropathic pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2012, 153, 1263-1273.	2.0	47
29	Differential Blockade of Nerve Injury-Induced Shift in Weight Bearing and Thermal and Tactile Hypersensitivity by Milnacipran. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2006, 7, 513-520.	0.7	38
30	Preclinical Assessment of Pain: Improving Models in Discovery Research. <i>Current Topics in Behavioral Neurosciences</i> , 2014, 20, 101-120.	0.8	34
31	Behavioral and neurochemical analysis of ongoing bone cancer pain in rats. <i>Pain</i> , 2015, 156, 1864-1873.	2.0	33
32	Effects of Treadmill Exercise on Advanced Osteoarthritis Pain in Rats. <i>Arthritis and Rheumatology</i> , 2017, 69, 1407-1417.	2.9	32
33	Inhibition of p38-MAPK Signaling Pathway Attenuates Breast Cancer Induced Bone Pain and Disease Progression in a Murine Model of Cancer-Induced Bone Pain. <i>Molecular Pain</i> , 2011, 7, 1744-8069-7-81.	1.0	29
34	Artemin induced functional recovery and reinnervation after partial nerve injury. <i>Pain</i> , 2014, 155, 476-484.	2.0	25
35	Disease modifying actions of interleukin-6 blockade in a rat model of bone cancer pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2018, 159, 684-698.	2.0	25
36	Females have greater susceptibility to develop ongoing pain and central sensitization in a rat model of temporomandibular joint pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2019, 160, 2036-2049.	2.0	25

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37	Opioid-induced latent sensitization in a model of non-inflammatory viscerosomatic hypersensitivity. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2010, 1358, 64-70.	1.1	24
38	A Kappa Opioid Receptor Agonist Blocks Bone Cancer Pain Without Altering Bone Loss, Tumor Size, or Cancer Cell Proliferation in a Mouse Model of Cancer-Induced Bone Pain. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2018, 19, 612-625.	0.7	19
39	Descending Facilitatory Pathways from the Rostroventromedial Medulla Mediate Naloxone-Precipitated Withdrawal in Morphine-Dependent Rats. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2011, 12, 667-676.	0.7	18
40	Exercise reverses pain-related weight asymmetry and differentially modulates trabecular bone microarchitecture in a rat model of osteoarthritis. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2017, 180, 51-59.	2.0	13
41	Blockade of endothelin receptors reduces tumor-induced ongoing pain and evoked hypersensitivity in a rat model of facial carcinoma induced pain. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 818, 132-140.	1.7	13
42	Mechanisms Underlying Bone and Joint Pain. <i>Current Osteoporosis Reports</i> , 2018, 16, 763-771.	1.5	13
43	Evaluation of a Postoperative Pain-Like State on Motivated Behavior in Rats: Effects of Plantar Incision on Progressive Food-Maintained Responding. <i>Drug Development Research</i> , 2015, 76, 432-441.	1.4	7
44	Voluntary exercise blocks ongoing pain and diminishes bone remodeling while sparing protective mechanical pain in a rat model of advanced osteoarthritis pain. <i>Pain</i> , 2021, Publish Ahead of Print, .	2.0	5
45	Effects of Vancomycin on Persistent Pain-Stimulated and Pain-Depressed Behaviors in Female Fischer Rats With or Without Voluntary Access to Running Wheels. <i>Journal of Pain</i> , 2021, 22, 1530-1544.	0.7	0