

Matthias May

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11417105/matthias-may-publications-by-year.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-23

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

39
papers

1,239
citations

22
h-index

35
g-index

39
ext. papers

1,431
ext. citations

5.2
avg, IF

3.15
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
39	p53-expression in patients with renal cell carcinoma correlates with a higher probability of disease progression and increased cancer-specific mortality after surgery but does not enhance the predictive accuracy of robust outcome models. <i>Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations</i> , 2018 , 34, 15-21	2.8	5
38	Influence of Body Mass Index on Clinical Outcome Parameters, Complication Rate and Survival after Radical Cystectomy: Evidence from a Prospective European Multicentre Study. <i>Urologia Internationalis</i> , 2018 , 101, 16-24	1.9	23
37	Effectiveness of Adjuvant Chemotherapy After Radical Cystectomy for Locally Advanced and/or Pelvic Lymph Node-Positive Muscle-invasive Urothelial Carcinoma of the Bladder: A Propensity Score-Weighted Competing Risks Analysis. <i>European Urology Focus</i> , 2018 , 4, 252-259	5.1	12
36	Effect of Hospital and Surgeon Case Volume on Perioperative Quality of Care and Short-term Outcomes After Radical Cystectomy for Muscle-invasive Bladder Cancer: Results From a European Tertiary Care Center Cohort. <i>Clinical Genitourinary Cancer</i> , 2017 , 15, e809-e817	3.3	17
35	Zwischenergebnisse der PROMETRICS 2011 nach fünf Jahren. <i>Uro-News</i> , 2017 , 21, 37-41	0	
34	Comparative analysis of the effect of prostatic invasion patterns on cancer-specific mortality after radical cystectomy in pT4a urothelial carcinoma of the bladder. <i>Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations</i> , 2016 , 34, 432.e1-8	2.8	6
33	Prediction of cancer-specific survival after radical cystectomy in pT4a urothelial carcinoma of the bladder: development of a tool for clinical decision-making. <i>BJU International</i> , 2016 , 117, 272-9	5.6	25
32	Risk stratification for locoregional recurrence after radical cystectomy for urothelial carcinoma of the bladder. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2015 , 33, 1753-61	4	22
31	Evaluation of the prognostic significance of perirenal fat invasion and tumor size in patients with pT1-pT3a localized renal cell carcinoma in a comprehensive multicenter study of the CORONA project. Can we improve prognostic discrimination for patients with stage pT3a tumors?. <i>European Urology</i> , 2015 , 47, 842-51	10.2	37
30	Geschlechtsbezogene Unterschiede in der Prognose von Patienten mit invasivem Urothelkarzinom der Harnblase [Realität oder Mythos?]. <i>Urologie Scan</i> , 2015 , 02, 199-212		
29	Optimizing outcome reporting after radical cystectomy for organ-confined urothelial carcinoma of the bladder using oncological trifecta and pentafecta. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2015 , 33, 1945-50	4	16
28	Prognostic impact of infiltration of the vagina and/or uterus in women undergoing anterior pelvic exenteration for urothelial carcinoma of the bladder: results of a contemporary multicentre series. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2015 , 33, 343-50	4	4
27	Sex difference in presentation and outcomes of bladder cancer: biological reality or statistical fluke?. <i>Current Opinion in Urology</i> , 2015 , 25, 418-26	2.8	13
26	Evidence from the 'PROspective MulticEnTer Radical Cystectomy Series 2011 (PROMETRICS 2011)' study: how are preoperative patient characteristics associated with urinary diversion type after radical cystectomy for bladder cancer?. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2015 , 22, 1032-42	3.1	26
25	Do young patients with renal cell carcinoma feature a distinct outcome after surgery? A comparative analysis of patient age based on the multinational CORONA database. <i>Journal of Urology</i> , 2014 , 191, 310-5	2.5	19
24	EORTC progression score identifies patients at high risk of cancer-specific mortality after radical cystectomy for secondary muscle-invasive bladder cancer. <i>Clinical Genitourinary Cancer</i> , 2014 , 12, 278-86	3.3	12
23	Concomitant seminal vesicle invasion in pT4a urothelial carcinoma of the bladder with contiguous prostatic infiltration is an adverse prognosticator for cancer-specific survival after radical cystectomy. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2014 , 21, 4034-40	3.1	12

22	Prediction of 90-day mortality after radical cystectomy for bladder cancer in a prospective European multicenter cohort. <i>European Urology</i> , 2014 , 66, 156-63	10.2	114
21	Reply to Vladimir Novotny, Manfred P. Wirth, Michael Froehner's letter to the editor re: Atiqullah Aziz, Matthias May, Maximilian Burger, et al. PROMETRICS 2011 research group. Prediction of 90-day mortality after radical cystectomy for bladder cancer in a prospective European multicenter cohort. <i>Eur Urol</i> 2014;66:156-163. <i>European Urology</i> , 2014 , 66, e14	10.2	
20	Is gender becoming relevant in uro-oncological research? A bibliographical analysis. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2013 , 31, 1065-72	4	6
19	Features associated with recurrence beyond 5 years after nephrectomy and nephron-sparing surgery for renal cell carcinoma: development and internal validation of a risk model (PRELANE score) to predict late recurrence based on a large multicenter database (CORONA/SATURN Project). <i>European Urology</i> , 2013 , 64, 472-7	10.2	61
18	Prognostic value of perinodal lymphovascular invasion following radical cystectomy for lymph node-positive urothelial carcinoma. <i>European Urology</i> , 2013 , 63, 739-44	10.2	19
17	Impact of clinical and histopathological parameters on disease specific survival in patients with collecting duct renal cell carcinoma: development of a disease specific risk model. <i>Journal of Urology</i> , 2013 , 190, 458-63	2.5	24
16	Gender-specific differences in cancer-specific survival after radical cystectomy for patients with urothelial carcinoma of the urinary bladder in pathologic tumor stage T4a. <i>Urologic Oncology: Seminars and Original Investigations</i> , 2013 , 31, 1141-7	2.8	45
15	Time to recurrence is a significant predictor of cancer-specific survival after recurrence in patients with recurrent renal cell carcinoma--results from a comprehensive multi-centre database (CORONA/SATURN-Project). <i>BJU International</i> , 2013 , 112, 909-16	5.6	52
14	External validation of postoperative nomograms for prediction of all-cause mortality, cancer-specific mortality, and recurrence in patients with urothelial carcinoma of the bladder. <i>European Urology</i> , 2012 , 61, 58-64	10.2	60
13	Predictive capacity of four comorbidity indices estimating perioperative mortality after radical cystectomy for urothelial carcinoma of the bladder. <i>BJU International</i> , 2012 , 110, E222-7	5.6	67
12	Should we abstain from Gleason score 2-4 in the diagnosis of prostate cancer? Results of a German multicentre study. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2012 , 30, 97-103	4	5
11	Gender-dependent cancer-specific survival following radical cystectomy. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2012 , 30, 707-13	4	29
10	Loss of aquaporin 3 protein expression constitutes an independent prognostic factor for progression-free survival: an immunohistochemical study on stage pT1 urothelial bladder cancer. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2012 , 12, 459	4.8	22
9	Analysis of sex differences in cancer-specific survival and perioperative mortality following radical cystectomy: results of a large German multicenter study of nearly 2500 patients with urothelial carcinoma of the bladder. <i>Gender Medicine</i> , 2012 , 9, 481-9		58
8	Lymph node density affects cancer-specific survival in patients with lymph node-positive urothelial bladder cancer following radical cystectomy. <i>European Urology</i> , 2011 , 59, 712-8	10.2	60
7	Association between the number of dissected lymph nodes during pelvic lymphadenectomy and cancer-specific survival in patients with lymph node-negative urothelial carcinoma of the bladder undergoing radical cystectomy. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2011 , 18, 2018-25	3.1	85
6	Prognostic accuracy of individual uropathologists in noninvasive urinary bladder carcinoma: a multicentre study comparing the 1973 and 2004 World Health Organisation classifications. <i>European Urology</i> , 2010 , 57, 850-8	10.2	106
5	Reply to Kutsal Yorukoglu, Burcin Tuna and Ziya Kirkali Letter to the Editor re: Matthias May, Sabine Brookman-Amisshah, Jan Roigas, et al. Prognostic Accuracy of Individual Uropathologists in Noninvasive Urinary Bladder Carcinoma: A Multicentre Study Comparing the 1973 and 2004 World Health Organisation Classifications. <i>Eur Urol</i> 2010;57:850-5. <i>European Urology</i> , 2010 , 58, e8	10.2	

4	Ki67 staining index and neuroendocrine differentiation aggravate adverse prognostic parameters in prostate cancer and are characterized by negligible inter-observer variability. <i>World Journal of Urology</i> , 2008 , 26, 243-50	4	38
3	Prognostic significance of proliferation activity and neuroendocrine differentiation to predict treatment failure after radical prostatectomy. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Urology and Nephrology</i> , 2007 , 41, 375-81		36
2	Prognostic impact of lymphovascular invasion in radical prostatectomy specimens. <i>BJU International</i> , 2007 , 99, 539-44	5.6	46
1	Survival rates after radical cystectomy according to tumor stage of bladder carcinoma at first presentation. <i>Urologia Internationalis</i> , 2004 , 72, 103-11	1.9	57