## George J Armelagos

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Brain Evolution, the Determinates of Food Choice, and the Omnivore's Dilemma. Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition, 2014, 54, 1330-1341.	5.4	64
2	Analysis of nutritional disease in prehistory: The search for scurvy in antiquity and today. International Journal of Paleopathology, 2014, 5, 9-17.	0.8	43
3	Genomics, the origins of agriculture, and our changing microbeâ€scape: Time to revisit some old tales and tell some new ones. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2013, 152, 135-152.	2.1	52
4	Primates, Pathogens, and Evolution: A Context for Understanding Emerging Disease. , 2013, , 389-409.		4
5	Anthropology and the Genographic Project. American Anthropologist, 2012, 114, 140-142.	0.7	1
6	Treponema pallidum Infection in the Wild Baboons of East Africa: Distribution and Genetic Characterization of the Strains Responsible. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e50882.	1.1	53
7	The Science Behind Pre olumbian Evidence of Syphilis in Europe: Research by Documentary. Evolutionary Anthropology, 2012, 21, 50-57.	1.7	19
8	Diet, residential origin, and pathology at Machu Picchu, Peru. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2012, 149, 71-83.	2.1	28
9	The origin and antiquity of syphilis revisited: An Appraisal of Old World preâ€Columbian evidence for treponemal infection. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 2011, 146, 99-133.	2.1	138
10	Stature and robusticity during the agricultural transition: Evidence from the bioarchaeological record. Economics and Human Biology, 2011, 9, 284-301.	0.7	146
11	THE OMNIVORE'S DILEMMA The Evolution of the Brain and the Determinants of Food Choice. Journal of Anthropological Research, 2010, 66, 161-186.	0.1	14
12	Enamel hypoplasia and early mortality: Bioarcheological support for the Barker hypothesis. Evolutionary Anthropology, 2009, 18, 261-271.	1.7	161
13	The paleolithic disease-scape, the hygiene hypothesis, and the second epidemiological transition. , 2009, , 29-43.		14
14	Chapter 3. Bioarchaeology as Anthropology. Archeological Papers of the American Anthropological Association, 2008, 13, 27-40.	0.2	30
15	The sequence of the acidic repeat protein ( <i>arp</i> ) gene differentiates venereal from nonvenereal <i>Treponema pallidum</i> subspecies, and the gene has evolved under strong positive selection in the subspecies that causes syphilis. FEMS Immunology and Medical Microbiology, 2008, 53, 322-332	2.7	57
16	On the Origin of the Treponematoses: A Phylogenetic Approach. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2008, 2, e148.	1.3	182
17	Revisiting the Slavery Hypertension Hypothesis. Transforming Anthropology, 2006, 14, 67-76.	1.4	2
18	Evolutionary, historical and political economic perspectives on health and disease. Social Science and	1.8	164

Medicine, 2005, 61, 755-765.

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19	Genomics at the origins of agriculture, part one. Evolutionary Anthropology, 2005, 14, 68-77.	1.7	62
20	Genomics at the origins of agriculture, part two. Evolutionary Anthropology, 2005, 14, 109-121.	1.7	68
21	A Century of Skeletal Biology and Paleopathology: Contrasts, Contradictions, and Conflicts. American Anthropologist, 2003, 105, 53-64.	0.7	133
22	The Body as Evidence; The Body of Evidence. , 2002, , 593-602.		2
23	Apportionment of racial diversity: A review. Evolutionary Anthropology, 2001, 10, 34-40.	1.7	139
24	The evolution of human disease and the rise of allergy: Epidemiological transitions. Medical Anthropology: Cross Cultural Studies in Health and Illness, 1999, 18, 187-213.	0.6	19
25	TheViralSuperhighway. The Sciences, 1998, 38, 24-29.	0.1	29
26	EMERGING AND RE-EMERGING INFECTIOUS DISEASES: The Third Epidemiologic Transition. Annual Review of Anthropology, 1998, 27, 247-271.	0.4	322
27	Comment on "hypoplastic area method for analyzing enamel hypoplasia―B.E. Ensor and J.D. Irish, American Journal of Physical Anthropology (1995) 98:507-517 , 1997, 102, 295-296.		4
28	Disease in Human Evolution: The Reemergence of Infectious Disease in the Third Epidemiological Transition. AnthroNotes Museum of Natural History Publication for Educators, 1996, 18, 1.	0.1	26
29	Racism and physical anthropology: Brues's review of Barkan'sThe Retreat of Scientific Racism. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1994, 93, 381-383.	2.1	10
30	Biocultural synthesis in medical anthropology. Medical Anthropology: Cross Cultural Studies in Health and Illness, 1992, 14, 35-52.	0.6	62
31	Obstetric dimensions of the true pelvis in a Medieval population from Sudanese Nubia. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1992, 89, 421-430.	2.1	28
32	The origins of agriculture: Population growth during a period of declining health. Population and Environment, 1991, 13, 9-22.	1.3	147
33	Evolution of infectious disease: A biocultural analysis of AIDS. American Journal of Human Biology, 1990, 2, 353-363.	0.8	16
34	Infant and childhood morbidity and mortality risks in archaeological populations. World Archaeology, 1989, 21, 225-243.	0.5	118
35	Biocultural perspectives on stress in prehistoric, historical, and contemporary population research. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1988, 31, 169-202.	2.1	234
36	Hyperostosis frontalis interna: A Nubian case. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1988, 76, 25-28.	2.1	33

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37	Childhood Stress and Decreased Longevity in a Prehistoric Population. American Anthropologist, 1988, 90, 936-944.	0.7	101
38	The Origin and Antiquity of Syphilis: Paleopathological Diagnosis and Interpretation [and Comments and Reply]. Current Anthropology, 1988, 29, 703-737.	0.8	175
39	Poor growth prior to early childhood: Decreased health and life-span in the adult. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1986, 70, 145-160.	2.1	71
40	Deciduous enamel defects in prehistoric Americans from Dickson Mounds: Prenatal and postnatal stress. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1985, 66, 371-380.	2.1	86
41	Factors affecting the distribution of enamel hypoplasias within the human permanent dentition. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1985, 68, 479-493.	2.1	194
42	The chronological distribution of enamel hypoplasias from prehistoric dickson mounds populations. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1984, 65, 259-266.	2.1	140
43	Nutritional Inference from Paleopathology. , 1982, , 395-474.		153
44	Social Responses During Severe Food Shortages and Famine [and Comments and Reply]. Current Anthropology, 1980, 21, 21-44.	0.8	205
45	Morphometrics of compact bone: An example from Sudanese Nubia. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1979, 51, 571-577.	2.1	85
46	Histological enamel indicator of childhood stress in prehistoric skeletal samples. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1978, 49, 511-516.	2.1	113
47	Part Two: The role of constitutional factors, diet, and infectious disease in the etiology of porotic hyperostosis and periosteal reactions in prehistoric infants and children. Medical Anthropology: Cross Cultural Studies in Health and Illness, 1978, 2, 1-59.	0.6	180
48	Continuity and Change in Cranial Morphology of Three Nubian Archaeological Populations. Man; A Monthly Record of Anthropological Science, 1977, 12, 270.	0.3	34
49	Population, Disease, and Evolution. Memoirs of the Society for American Archaeology, 1975, 30, 1-10.	0.6	11
50	Bone growth and development in prehistoric populations from Sudanese Nubia. Journal of Human Evolution, 1972, 1, 89-119.	1.3	85
51	Trabecular involution in femoral heads of a prehistoric (X-Group) population from Sudanese Nubia. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1972, 36, 39-44.	2.1	19
52	PROBLEMS IN RACIAL GEOGRAPHY. Annals of the American Association of Geographers, 1971, 61, 630-632.	3.0	4
53	Evolutionary Response to Human Infectious Diseases. BioScience, 1970, 20, 271-275.	2.2	82
54	Roentgenographic and direct measurement of femoral cortical involution in a prehistoric Mississippian population. American Journal of Physical Anthropology, 1969, 31, 23-38.	2.1	53