

Frances K Mcsweeney

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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102
papers

3,736
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159358

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106
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106
docs citations

106
times ranked

2360
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Understanding Operant Behavior: Still Experimental Analysis of the Three-Term Contingency. <i>The Behavior Analyst</i> , 2017, 40, 39-47.	2.5	7
2	A Challenging and Satisfying Career in Basic Science. <i>The Behavior Analyst</i> , 2015, 38, 247-254.	2.5	4
3	Sensitization and habituation regulate reinforcer effectiveness. <i>Neurobiology of Learning and Memory</i> , 2009, 92, 189-198.	1.0	72
4	Habituation revisited: An updated and revised description of the behavioral characteristics of habituation. <i>Neurobiology of Learning and Memory</i> , 2009, 92, 135-138.	1.0	1,167
5	Spontaneous recovery and dishabituation of ethanol-reinforced responding in alcohol-preferring rats.. <i>Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2006, 14, 471-482.	1.3	11
6	Regulation of Drug Taking by Sensitization and Habituation.. <i>Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2005, 13, 163-184.	1.3	33
7	McSweeney, Murphy, and Kowal: Reply to Branch (2005), Rowlett (2005), and Siegel (2005).. <i>Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2005, 13, 194-199.	1.3	0
8	Stimulus change dishabituates operant responding supported by water reinforcers. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2005, 70, 235-246.	0.5	10
9	Within-Session Rates of Responding When Reinforcer Magnitude Is Changed Within the Session. <i>Journal of General Psychology</i> , 2004, 131, 5-17.	1.6	4
10	Dishabituation produces interactions during multiple schedules. <i>Learning and Motivation</i> , 2004, 35, 419-434.	0.6	3
11	The relation of multiple-schedule behavioral contrast to deprivation, time in session, and within-session changes in responding. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 2004, 32, 190-201.	3.4	7
12	Participation of Women in the <i>Journal of Organizational Behavior Management</i> . <i>Journal of Organizational Behavior Management</i> , 2004, 23, 3-31.	1.0	12
13	Extinguished operant responding shows stimulus specificity. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2004, 65, 211-220.	0.5	8
14	Varying reinforcer duration produces behavioral interactions during multiple schedules. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2004, 66, 83-100.	0.5	9
15	Dynamic changes in reinforcer effectiveness: Satiation and habituation have different implications for theory and practice. <i>The Behavior Analyst</i> , 2004, 27, 171-188.	2.5	44
16	The effect of rate of reinforcement and time in session on preference for variability. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 2003, 31, 225-241.	3.4	9
17	Habituation of salivation and motivated responding for food in children. <i>Appetite</i> , 2003, 41, 283-289.	1.8	49
18	Dishabituation with component transitions may contribute to the interactions observed during multiple schedules. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2003, 64, 77-89.	0.5	7

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19	DYNAMIC CHANGES IN REINFORCER EFFECTIVENESS: THEORETICAL, METHODOLOGICAL, AND PRACTICAL IMPLICATIONS FOR APPLIED RESEARCH. <i>Journal of Applied Behavior Analysis</i> , 2003, 36, 421-438.	2.2	70
20	Within-Session Decreases in Operant Responding as A Function of Pre-Session Feedings. <i>Psychological Record</i> , 2003, 53, 313-326.	0.6	10
21	Dynamic changes in the size of behavioral contrast.. <i>The Behavior Analyst Today: A Context for Science With A Commitment for Change</i> , 2003, 4, 202-211.	0.2	3
22	Common Processes May Contribute to Extinction and Habituation. <i>Journal of General Psychology</i> , 2002, 129, 364-400.	1.6	90
23	Participation by women in developmental, social, cognitive, and general psychology: A context for interpreting trends in behavior analysis. <i>The Behavior Analyst</i> , 2002, 25, 37-44.	2.5	10
24	THE MATCHING LAW ILLUSTRATES THE INFLUENCE OF THE HARVARD PIGEON LAB. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 2002, 77, 388-390.	0.8	4
25	Within-session changes in responding during concurrent variable interval variable ratio schedules. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 2001, 55, 163-179.	0.5	7
26	HABITUATION CONTRIBUTES TO WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN FREE WHEEL RUNNING. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 2001, 76, 289-302.	0.8	36
27	Evolution and operant behavior, metaphor or theory?. <i>Behavioral and Brain Sciences</i> , 2001, 24, 545-546.	0.4	0
28	The glass ceiling is not fragile: A response to Odum (2000). <i>The Behavior Analyst</i> , 2001, 24, 87-93.	2.5	2
29	Habituation may contribute to within-session decreases in responding under high-rate schedules of reinforcement. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 2001, 29, 79-91.	3.4	29
30	Women in applied behavior analysis. <i>The Behavior Analyst</i> , 2000, 23, 267-277.	2.5	39
31	CRITICISMS OF THE SATIETY HYPOTHESIS AS AN EXPLANATION FOR WITHIN-SESSION DECREASES IN RESPONDING. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 2000, 74, 347-361.	0.8	56
32	Within-Session Response Patterns during Variable Interval, Random Reinforcement, and Extinction Procedures. <i>Learning and Motivation</i> , 1999, 30, 221-240.	0.6	15
33	Within-session changes in responding during concurrent fixed interval variable interval schedules. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1999, 27, 236-248.	3.4	3
34	General-process theories of motivation revisited: The role of habituation.. <i>Psychological Bulletin</i> , 1999, 125, 437-457.	5.5	119
35	Within-Session Changes in Response Rate: Implications for Behavioral Pharmacology. <i>Psychological Record</i> , 1999, 49, 15-32.	0.6	2
36	BEHAVIORAL ECONOMICS AND WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN RESPONDING. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1999, 72, 355-371.	0.8	23

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37	Do animals satiate or habituate to repeatedly presented reinforcers?. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 1998, 5, 428-442.	1.4	55
38	Within-Session Patterns of Pigeons' General Activity. Learning and Motivation, 1998, 29, 444-460.	0.6	4
39	The effects of stopping and restarting a session on within-session patterns of responding. Behavioural Processes, 1998, 43, 153-162.	0.5	5
40	Exposure to context may contribute to within-session changes in responding. Behavioural Processes, 1998, 43, 315-328.	0.5	8
41	Women in the experimental analysis of behavior. The Behavior Analyst, 1998, 21, 193-202.	2.5	24
42	HABITUATION TO THE REINFORCER MAY CONTRIBUTE TO MULTIPLE-SCHEDULE BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1998, 69, 199-220.	0.8	44
43	Within-session patterns of responding with changes in the variability and probability of food delivery. Behavioural Processes, 1997, 39, 279-289.	0.5	7
44	Within-session changes in operant responding when gerbils (<i>Meriones unguiculatus</i>) serve as subjects. Current Psychology, 1997, 15, 340-345.	0.4	8
45	Knowledge of session length is a determinant of within-session response patterns in a human operant paradigm. Behavioural Processes, 1996, 36, 1-9.	0.5	7
46	Within-session changes in responding during variable interval schedules. Behavioural Processes, 1996, 36, 67-75.	0.5	16
47	A preliminary examination of some effects of cocaine on within-session patterns of responding. Behavioural Processes, 1996, 37, 9-20.	0.5	4
48	WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN RESPONDING DURING AUTOSHAPING AND AUTOMAINTENANCE PROCEDURES. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1996, 66, 51-61.	0.8	14
49	WITHIN-SESSION RESPONSE PATTERNS ON CONJOINT VARIABLE-INTERVAL VARIABLE-TIME SCHEDULES. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1996, 66, 205-218.	0.8	11
50	WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN RESPONDING DURING CONCURRENT VARIABLE-INTERVAL SCHEDULES. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1996, 66, 75-95.	0.8	12
51	WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN RESPONDING DURING CONCURRENT SCHEDULES WITH DIFFERENT REINFORCERS IN THE COMPONENTS. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1996, 66, 369-390.	0.8	29
52	Sensitization-habituation may occur during operant conditioning.. Psychological Bulletin, 1996, 120, 256-271.	5.5	122
53	Within-session changes in responding during delayed matching-to-sample and discrimination procedures. Learning and Behavior, 1996, 24, 290-299.	3.4	16
54	Reinforcer value may change within experimental sessions. Psychonomic Bulletin and Review, 1996, 3, 372-375.	1.4	26

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55	Within-Session Changes in Adjunctive and Instrumental Responding. <i>Learning and Motivation</i> , 1996, 27, 408-427.	0.6	10
56	Within-session patterns of responding when the operandum changes during the session. <i>Learning and Motivation</i> , 1995, 26, 403-420.	0.6	20
57	On the contributions of responding and reinforcement to within-session patterns of responding. <i>Learning and Motivation</i> , 1995, 26, 421-432.	0.6	28
58	Satiety contributes little to within-session decreases in responding. <i>Learning and Motivation</i> , 1995, 26, 323-341.	0.6	43
59	Within-session changes in responding during concurrent schedules that employ two different operanda. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1995, 23, 237-244.	3.4	20
60	Prospective factors contribute little to within-session changes in responding. <i>Psychonomic Bulletin and Review</i> , 1995, 2, 234-238.	1.4	19
61	WITHIN-SESSION RESPONSE RATES WHEN REINFORCEMENT RATE IS CHANGED WITHIN EACH SESSION. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1995, 64, 237-246.	0.8	9
62	WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN KEY AND LEVER PRESSING FOR WATER DURING SEVERAL MULTIPLE VARIABLE-INTERVAL SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1995, 64, 75-94.	0.8	17
63	Within-session response patterns when rats press levers for water: Effects of component stimuli and experimental environment. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 1995, 34, 141-152.	0.5	7
64	Within-session changes in responding when rate and duration of reinforcement vary. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 1995, 34, 285-292.	0.5	26
65	WITHIN-SESSION CHANGES IN RESPONDING DURING SEVERAL SIMPLE SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1994, 62, 109-132.	0.8	50
66	The generality of within-session patterns of responding: Rate of reinforcement and session length. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1994, 22, 252-266.	3.4	46
67	The effect of time between sessions on within-session patterns of responding. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 1994, 31, 207-217.	0.5	31
68	BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST FOR KEY PECKING AS A FUNCTION OF COMPONENT DURATION WHEN ONLY ONE COMPONENT VARIES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1993, 60, 331-343.	0.8	4
69	RESPONDING CHANGES SYSTEMATICALLY WITHIN SESSIONS DURING CONDITIONING PROCEDURES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1993, 60, 621-640.	0.8	74
70	PATTERNS OF RESPONDING WITHIN SESSIONS. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1992, 58, 19-36.	0.8	55
71	Failure to find positive key-press contrast for milk reinforcers using a within-session procedure. <i>Behavioural Processes</i> , 1992, 27, 113-123.	0.5	0
72	Rate of reinforcement and session duration as determinants of within-session patterns of responding. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1992, 20, 160-169.	3.4	107

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73	Within-session responding as a function of post-session feedings. Behavioural Processes, 1991, 22, 177-186.	0.5	55
74	Behavioral contrast as a function of component duration for leverpressing using a within-session procedure. Learning and Behavior, 1991, 19, 71-80.	3.4	14
75	Positive behavioral contrast as a function of time-out duration when pigeons peck keys on a within-session procedure. Learning and Behavior, 1991, 19, 249-256.	3.4	2
76	Behavioral contrast in pigeons and rats: A comparative analysis. Learning and Behavior, 1989, 17, 247-255.	3.4	8
77	Positive contrast as a function of component duration using a within-session procedure. Behavioural Processes, 1988, 16, 21-41.	0.5	12
78	POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST ACROSS FOOD AND ALCOHOL REINFORCERS. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1988, 50, 469-481.	0.8	9
79	Behavioral contrast in rats when qualitatively different reinforcers are used. Behavioural Processes, 1987, 15, 131-142.	0.5	6
80	Suppression by reinforcement, a model for multiple-schedule behavioral contrast. Behavioural Processes, 1987, 15, 191-209.	0.5	18
81	Rate of responding as a function of ratio requirement when to supplemental feedings are given. Behavioural Processes, 1987, 15, 293-303.	0.5	5
82	Simple and multiple schedule responding and behavioral contrast when pigeons press treadles. Behavioural Processes, 1986, 12, 273-285.	0.5	3
83	Simple schedule and signal-key multiple schedule responding and behavioral contrast. Bulletin of the Psychonomic Society, 1986, 24, 88-90.	0.2	4
84	THE GENERALIZED MATCHING LAW AS A DESCRIPTION OF MULTIPLE-SCHEDULE RESPONDING. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1986, 45, 83-101.	0.8	30
85	BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST IN COMPETITIVE AND NONCOMPETITIVE ENVIRONMENTS. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1986, 46, 185-197.	0.8	7
86	Behavioral contrast as a function of component duration and baseline rate of reinforcement. Learning and Behavior, 1986, 14, 173-183.	3.4	35
87	VARIATION IN HERRNSTEIN'S r_0 AS A FUNCTION OF ALTERNATIVE REINFORCEMENT RATE. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1985, 43, 215-223.	0.8	48
88	SOME PARAMETERS OF BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST AND ALLOCATION OF INTERIM BEHAVIOR IN RATS. Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior, 1985, 44, 325-335.	0.8	20
89	Recent Developments in Classical Conditioning. Journal of Consumer Research, 1984, 11, 619.	3.5	121
90	Herrnstein's equation for the rates of responding during concurrent schedules. Learning and Behavior, 1983, 11, 275-289.	3.4	33

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91	LOCAL RATES OF RESPONDING AND REINFORCEMENT DURING CONCURRENT SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1983, 40, 79-98.	0.8	5
92	POSITIVE BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST WHEN PIGEONS PRESS TREADLES DURING MULTIPLE SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1983, 39, 149-156.	0.8	13
93	POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE CONTRAST AS A FUNCTION OF COMPONENT DURATION FOR KEY PECKING AND TREADLE PRESSING. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1982, 37, 281-293.	0.8	36
94	CONTRAST AND UNDERMATCHING AS A FUNCTION OF REINFORCER DURATION AND QUALITY DURING MULTIPLE SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1981, 35, 271-282.	0.8	15
95	THREE VERSIONS OF THE ADDITIVE THEORIES OF BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1981, 36, 285-297.	0.8	14
96	Differences between rates of responding emitted during simple and multiple schedules. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1980, 8, 392-400.	3.4	13
97	DEFINING BEHAVIORAL CONTRAST FOR MULTIPLE SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1979, 32, 457-461.	0.8	51
98	Prediction of concurrent keypeck treadle-press responding from simple schedule performance. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1978, 6, 444-450.	3.4	65
99	The role of generalization in the acquisition of autoshaped keypecking in pigeons. <i>Bulletin of the Psychonomic Society</i> , 1978, 12, 235-238.	0.2	4
100	Sum of responding as a function of sum of reinforcement on two-key concurrent schedules. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1977, 5, 110-114.	3.4	5
101	MATCHING AND CONTRAST ON SEVERAL CONCURRENT TREADLE-PRESS SCHEDULES. <i>Journal of the Experimental Analysis of Behavior</i> , 1975, 23, 193-198.	0.8	33
102	Concurrent schedule responding as a function of body weight. <i>Learning and Behavior</i> , 1975, 3, 264-270.	3.4	81