Andree Demers

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11300424/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

414414 471509 1,065 34 17 32 citations h-index g-index papers 34 34 34 1074 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Psychological distress inequality between employed men and women: A gendered exposure model. SSM - Population Health, 2020, 11, 100626.	2.7	25
2	Work, family, work–family conflict and psychological distress: A revisited look at the gendered vulnerability pathways. Stress and Health, 2020, 36, 75-87.	2.6	23
3	Sex, Gender Dynamics, Differential Exposure, and Work–Family Conflict. Journal of Family Issues, 2019, 40, 215-239.	1.6	18
4	Gendered Pathways to Burnout: Results from the SALVEO Study. Annals of Work Exposures and Health, 2018, 62, 426-437.	1.4	20
5	Gendered depression: Vulnerability or exposure to work and family stressors?. Social Science and Medicine, 2016, 166, 160-168.	3.8	52
6	Tridimensionality of alcohol use in Canada: Patterns of drinking, contexts and motivations to drink in the definition of Canadian drinking profiles according to gender. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2015, 106, e59-e65.	2.3	5
7	College Alcohol-Control Policies and Students' Alcohol Consumption: A Matter of Exposure?. Contemporary Drug Problems, 2013, 40, 191-214.	1.6	2
8	Drinking Habits of Older Canadians: A Comparison of the 1994 and 2004 National Surveys. Canadian Journal on Aging, 2012, 31, 379-393.	1.1	1
9	Parenthood, Alcohol Intake, and Drinking Contexts: <i>Occasio Furem Facit</i> . Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2011, 72, 259-269.	1.0	25
10	De la broue dans l'toupet ou Non, les parents boivent moinsÂ!. Drogues, Santé Et Société, 2011, 10, 231-261.	0.1	0
11	Alcohol Consumption: A Different Kind of Canadian Mosaic. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2010, 101, 275-280.	2.3	13
12	The importance of drinking frequency in evaluating individuals' drinking patterns: implications for the development of national drinking guidelines. Addiction, 2009, 104, 1179-1184.	3.3	16
13	Situational and respondent-level motives for drinking and alcohol-related aggression: A multilevel analysis of drinking events in a sample of Canadian University students. Addictive Behaviors, 2009, 34, 264-269.	3.0	17
14	Where, With Whom, and How Much Alcohol Is Consumed on Drinking Events Involving Aggression? Eventâ€Level Associations in a Canadian National Survey of University Students. Alcoholism: Clinical and Experimental Research, 2008, 32, 522-533.	2.4	43
15	The mediating role of work-to-family conflict in the relationship between shiftwork and depression. Work and Stress, 2008, 22, 341-356.	4.5	51
16	Un ModÃ'le Multiniveaux des Déterminants de la Santé Mentale Dans la Main-D'Å"uvre. Canadian Journal of Community Mental Health, 2006, 25, 11-30.	0.4	5
17	Social structures, agent personality and workers' mental health: A longitudinal analysis of the specific role of occupation and of workplace constraints-resources on psychological distress in the Canadian workforce. Human Relations, 2006, 59, 875-901.	5.4	52
18	Do occupation and work conditions really matter? A longitudinal analysis of psychological distress experiences among Canadian workers. Sociology of Health and Illness, 2005, 27, 602-627.	2.1	101

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Does work really cause distress? The contribution of occupational structure and work organization to the experience of psychological distress. Social Science and Medicine, 2005, 61, 1-14.	3.8	136
20	Work and mental health: the experience of the Quebec workforce between 1987 and 1998. Work, 2005, 25, 135-42.	1.1	14
21	Kettil Bruun Society for Social and Epidemiological Research on Alcohol. Addiction, 2004, 99, 161-164.	3.3	3
22	The moderating effect of alcohol intake on the relationship between work strains and psychological distress Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2003, 64, 419-427.	2.3	31
23	Heavy Drinking on Canadian Campuses. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2003, 94, 17-21.	2.3	20
24	Occupational variations in drinking and psychological distress: a multilevel analysis. Work, 2003, 21, 153-63.	1.1	15
25	For all these reasons, I dodrink: a multilevel analysis of contextual reasons for drinking among Canadian undergraduates Journal of Studies on Alcohol and Drugs, 2002, 63, 600-608.	2.3	102
26	Multilevel analysis of situational drinking among Canadian undergraduates. Social Science and Medicine, 2002, 55, 415-424.	3.8	130
27	Comparison of Midwifery Care to Medical Care in Hospitals in the Quebec Pilot Projects Study: Clinical Indicators. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2000, 91, 15-111.	2.3	36
28	Integration of Midwives into the Quebec Health Care System. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2000, 91, 116-120.	2.3	8
29	Evaluation of the Midwifery Pilot Projects in Quebec: An Overview. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2000, 91, 11-14.	2.3	10
30	Cost-effectiveness of Midwifery Services vs. Medical Services in Quebec. Canadian Journal of Public Health, 2000, 91, I12-I15.	2.3	19
31	Positional Role Changes and Drinking Patterns: Results of a Longitudinal Study. Contemporary Drug Problems, 1999, 26, 53-73.	1.6	13
32	When at risk? Drinking contexts and heavy drinking in the Montreal adult population. Contemporary Drug Problems, 1997, 24, 449-471.	1.6	21
33	Solitary drinking: a risk factor for alcohol-related problems?. Addiction, 1997, 92, 303-312.	3.3	31
34	When Anthropology Meets Epidemiology: Using Social Representations to Predict Drinking Patterns. Substance Use and Misuse, 1996, 31, 847-871.	1.4	7