Jean Armstrong

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Reasons for the presence or absence of convective (pressurized) ventilation in the genus <i>Equisetum</i> . New Phytologist, 2011, 190, 387-397.	3.5	8
2	Effects of oil on internal gas transport, radial oxygen loss, gas films and bud growth in Phragmites australis. Annals of Botany, 2009, 103, 333-340.	1.4	21
3	Record rates of pressurized gasâ€flow in the great horsetail, <i>Equisetum telmateia. </i> Were Carboniferous Calamites similarly aerated?. New Phytologist, 2009, 184, 202-215.	3 . 5	22
4	Stem Photosynthesis not Pressurized Ventilation is Responsible for Light-enhanced Oxygen Supply to Submerged Roots of Alder (Alnus glutinosa). Annals of Botany, 2005, 96, 591-612.	1.4	50
5	Rice: Sulfide-induced Barriers to Root Radial Oxygen Loss, Fe2+ and Water Uptake, and Lateral Root Emergence. Annals of Botany, 2005, 96, 625-638.	1.4	197
6	An overview of the effects of phytotoxins on Phragmites australis in relation to die-back. Aquatic Botany, 2001, 69, 251-268.	0.8	79
7	A modelling approach to the analysis of pressure-flow in Phragmites stands. Aquatic Botany, 2001, 69, 269-291.	0.8	7
8	Mathematical modelling of methane transport by Phragmites: the potential for diffusion within the roots and rhizosphere. Aquatic Botany, 2001, 69, 293-312.	0.8	40
9	Rice and Phragmites: effects of organic acids on growth, root permeability, and radial oxygen loss to the rhizosphere. American Journal of Botany, 2001, 88, 1359-1370.	0.8	153
10	Phragmites australis: effects of shoot submergence on seedling growth and survival and radial oxygen loss from roots. Aquatic Botany, 1999, 64, 275-289.	0.8	69
11	Pressurised aeration in wetland macrophytes: Some theoretical aspects of humidity-induced convection and thermal transpiration. Folia Geobotanica Et Phytotaxonomica, 1996, 31, 25-36.	0.4	36
12	A role for phytotoxins in thePhragmites die-back syndrome?. Folia Geobotanica Et Phytotaxonomica, 1996, 31, 127-142.	0.4	30
13	Chlorophyll development in mature lysigenous and schizogenous root aerenchymas provides evidence of continuing cortical cell viability. New Phytologist, 1994, 126, 493-497.	3.5	28
14	Phragmites australis: Venturi- and humidity-induced pressure flows enhance rhizome aeration and rhizosphere oxidation. New Phytologist, 1992, 120, 197-207.	3.5	289