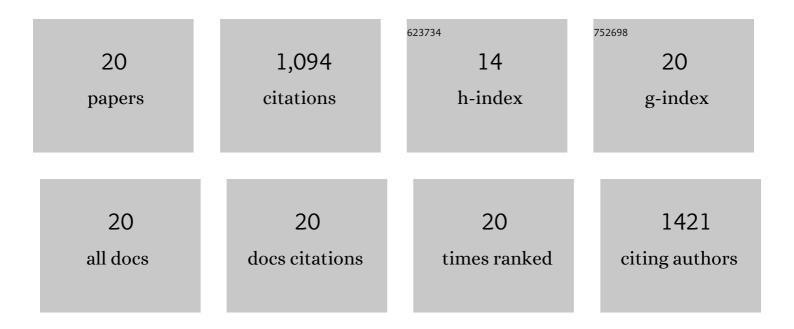
Jan Ostermann

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11242920/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	Exploring Lack of Trust in Care Providers and the Government as a Barrier to Health Service Use. American Journal of Public Health, 2006, 96, 716-721.	2.7	240
2	Barriers to Antiretroviral Adherence: The Importance of Depression, Abuse, and Other Traumatic Events. AIDS Patient Care and STDs, 2006, 20, 418-428.	2.5	188
3	A Comparison of the Wellbeing of Orphans and Abandoned Children Ages 6–12 in Institutional and Community-Based Care Settings in 5 Less Wealthy Nations. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e8169.	2.5	117
4	Treating Maladaptive Grief and Posttraumatic Stress Symptoms in Orphaned Children in Tanzania: Groupâ€Based Traumaâ€Focused Cognitive–Behavioral Therapy. Journal of Traumatic Stress, 2014, 27, 664-671.	1.8	71
5	Child work and labour among orphaned and abandoned children in five low and middle income countries. BMC International Health and Human Rights, 2011, 11, 1.	2.5	66
6	Who Tests, Who Doesn't, and Why? Uptake of Mobile HIV Counseling and Testing in the Kilimanjaro Region of Tanzania. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e16488.	2.5	54
7	More than the loss of a parent: Potentially traumatic events among orphaned and abandoned children. Journal of Traumatic Stress, 2011, 24, 174-182.	1.8	54
8	Three-Year Change in the Wellbeing of Orphaned and Separated Children in Institutional and Family-Based Care Settings in Five Low- and Middle-Income Countries. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e104872.	2.5	51
9	Heterogeneous HIV Testing Preferences in an Urban Setting in Tanzania: Results from a Discrete Choice Experiment. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e92100.	2.5	45
10	Adverse childhood experiences, psychosocial well-being and cognitive development among orphans and abandoned children in five low income countries. BMC International Health and Human Rights, 2014, 14, 6.	2.5	43
11	HIV testing preferences in Tanzania: a qualitative exploration of the importance of confidentiality, accessibility, and quality of service. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 838.	2.9	40
12	Prevalence and predictors of HIV-related stigma among institutional- and community-based caregivers of orphans and vulnerable children living in five less-wealthy countries. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 504.	2.9	32
13	Correlates of Poor Health among Orphans and Abandoned Children in Less Wealthy Countries: The Importance of Caregiver Health. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e38109.	2.5	28
14	Prevalence and Incidence of Traumatic Experiences Among Orphans in Institutional and Family-Based Settings in 5 Low- and Middle-Income Countries: A Longitudinal Study. Global Health, Science and Practice, 2015, 3, 395-404.	1.7	24
15	Characteristics of HIV Voluntary Counseling and Testing Clients Before and During Care and Treatment Scale-Up in Moshi, Tanzania. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2009, 52, 648-654.	2.1	13
16	A Brief Assessment of Learning for Orphaned and Abandoned Children in Low and Middle Income Countries. AIDS and Behavior, 2012, 16, 480-490.	2.7	12
17	Child and caregiver concordance of potentially traumatic events experienced by orphaned and abandoned children. Vulnerable Children and Youth Studies, 2014, 9, 220-233.	1.1	8
18	Potentially traumatic experiences and sexual health among orphaned and separated adolescents in five low- and middle-income countries. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2016, 28, 857-865.	1.2	6

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Civic engagement among orphans and non-orphans in five low- and middle-income countries. Globalization and Health, 2016, 12, 61.	4.9	1
20	Family Composition and Stability for Orphans: A Longitudinal Study of Well-Being in 5 Low- and Middle-Income Countries. International Journal of Public Health, 2021, 66, 1604057.	2.3	1