

C Reyes-Vazquez

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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papers

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#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Galphimine B Modulates Synaptic Transmission on Dopaminergic Ventral Tegmental Area Neurons. <i>Planta Medica</i> , 2003, 69, 38-43.	1.3	28
2	Galphimine-B Modifies Electrical Activity of Ventral Tegmental Area Neurons in Rats. <i>Planta Medica</i> , 1998, 64, 309-313.	1.3	31
3	Apamin blocks the direct relaxant effect of melatonin on rat ileal smooth muscle. <i>Journal of Pineal Research</i> , 1997, 22, 1-8.	7.4	30
4	Interferon modulates glucose-sensitive neurons in the hypothalamus. <i>Experimental Brain Research</i> , 1997, 116, 519-524.	1.5	15
5	Lateral hypothalamus: Site involved in pain modulation. <i>Neuroscience</i> , 1996, 70, 449-460.	2.3	124
6	Melatonin modulates cholinergic transmission by blocking nicotinic channels in the guinea-pig submucous plexus. <i>European Journal of Pharmacology</i> , 1996, 312, 319-325.	3.5	46
7	Alpha-interferon suppresses food intake and neuronal activity of the lateral hypothalamus. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 1994, 33, 1545-1552.	4.1	31
8	Melatonin modifies the spontaneous multiunit activity recorded in several brain nuclei of freely behaving rats. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 1991, 27, 595-600.	3.0	15
9	Modification of nociceptively identified neurons in thalamic parafascicularis by chemical stimulation of dorsal raphe with glutamate, morphine, serotonin and focal dorsal raphe electrical stimulation. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 1990, 24, 717-723.	3.0	44
10	Dorsal raphe stimulation, 5-HT and morphine microiontophoresis effects on noxious and nonnoxious identified neurons in the medial thalamus of the rat. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 1989, 22, 937-943.	3.0	39
11	Nociceptive responses in nucleus parafascicularis thalami are modulated by dorsal raphe stimulation and microiontophoretic application of morphine and serotonin. <i>Brain Research Bulletin</i> , 1989, 23, 405-411.	3.0	55
12	Noxious and non-noxious responses in the medial thalamus of the rat. <i>Neurological Research</i> , 1989, 11, 177-180.	1.3	12
13	Single Injection of Three Different Preparations of β -Interferon Modifies Morphine Abstinence Signs for a Prolonged Period. <i>International Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1987, 32, 953-961.	1.6	12
14	Persistence of Photic Evoked Responses in Pineal Gland After Its Pedunculotomy Superior Cervical Ganglionectomy. <i>Journal of Pineal Research</i> , 1987, 4, 287-294.	7.4	5
15	The parafasciculus thalami as a site for mediating the antinociceptive response to GABAergic drugs. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1986, 383, 177-184.	2.2	42
16	Rat Pineal Exhibits Two Electrophysiological Patterns of Response to Microiontophoretic Norepinephrine Application. <i>Journal of Pineal Research</i> , 1986, 3, 213-222.	7.4	16
17	Three different types of β -interferons alter naloxone-induced abstinence in morphine-addicted rats. <i>Immunopharmacology</i> , 1985, 9, 13-17.	2.0	37
18	Does the immune system communicate with the central nervous system?. <i>Journal of Neuroimmunology</i> , 1985, 9, 1-12.	2.3	112

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19	Interaction of norepinephrine and superior cervical ganglion input in the rat pineal body. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 1985, 90, 522-528.	4.1	2
20	Does interferon exert its actions through opiate receptors. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1984, 35, 1015-1021.	4.3	33
21	Microiontophoretic application of morphine and naloxone to neurons in hypothalamus of rat. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 1984, 23, 1081-1089.	4.1	8
22	Microiontophoretically applied morphine and naloxone on single cell activity in the parafasciculus nucleus of naive and morphine-dependent rats. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 1984, 229, 583-8.	2.5	11
23	Differential effects of interferon on ventromedial hypothalamus and dorsal hippocampus. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 1983, 10, 273-278.	2.9	19
24	Does naloxone have functional significant activity on medial thalamic neurons? microiontophoretical study. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 1983, 32, 1443-1448.	4.3	3
25	Alteration of morphine withdrawal to naloxone by interferon. <i>Neuropeptides</i> , 1983, 3, 453-463.	2.2	52
26	Microiontophoretically Applied THIP Effects upon Nociceptive Responses of Neurons in Medial Thalamus. <i>Stereotactic and Functional Neurosurgery</i> , 1983, 46, 254-260.	1.5	5
27	Novel effects of interferon on the brain: Microiontophoretic application and single cell recording in the rat. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1982, 34, 201-206.	2.1	20
28	Response characteristics of thalamic neurons to microiontophoretically applied morphine. <i>Neuropharmacology</i> , 1982, 21, 733-738.	4.1	8
29	Facilitation of the suppressing effect of dopamine upon a motor conditioned response by 6-hydroxydopamine applied into the caudate nucleus in cats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 1980, 13, 97-101.	2.9	1
30	Facilitation of conditioned motor suppression by microinjections of dopamine in the caudate nucleus of cats. <i>Pharmacology Biochemistry and Behavior</i> , 1979, 10, 771-775.	2.9	1