

John F Gaskin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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56
papers

1,552
citations

394421

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37
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56
all docs

56
docs citations

56
times ranked

1524
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hybrid Tamarix widespread in U.S. invasion and undetected in native Asian range. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2002, 99, 11256-11259.	7.1	333
2	Ecological Genetics of Plant Invasion: What Do We Know?. Invasive Plant Science and Management, 2008, 1, 98-109.	1.1	122
3	Applying molecular-based approaches to classical biological control of weeds. Biological Control, 2011, 58, 1-21.	3.0	114
4	Introgression between invasive saltcedars (<i>Tamarix chinensis</i> and <i>T. ramosissima</i>) in the USA. Biological Invasions, 2009, 11, 1121-1130.	2.4	110
5	Invasion of <i>Lepidium draba</i> (Brassicaceae) in the western United States: distributions and origins of chloroplast DNA haplotypes. Molecular Ecology, 2005, 14, 2331-2341.	3.9	61
6	Latitudinal variation in cold hardiness in introduced <i>Tamarix</i> and native <i>Populus</i> . Evolutionary Applications, 2008, 1, 598-607.	3.1	61
7	Hybridization of an invasive shrub affects tolerance and resistance to defoliation by a biological control agent. Evolutionary Applications, 2014, 7, 381-393.	3.1	47
8	Extreme differences in population structure and genetic diversity for three invasive congeners: knotweeds in western North America. Biological Invasions, 2014, 16, 2127-2136.	2.4	43
9	Effects of <i>Agaricus liliceps</i> Fairy Rings on Soil Aggregation and Microbial Community Structure in Relation to Growth Stimulation of Western Wheatgrass (<i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>) in Eastern Montana Rangeland. Microbial Ecology, 2013, 66, 120-131.	2.8	40
10	HYBRIDIZATION OF TAMARIX RAMOSISSIMA AND T. CHINENSIS (SALT CEDARS) WITH T. APHYLLA (ATHEL) (TAMARICACEAE) IN THE SOUTHWESTERN USA DETERMINED FROM DNA SEQUENCE DATA. Madroño, 2005, 52, 1-10.	0.4	34
11	Effects of tillage on microbial populations associated to soil aggregation in dryland spring wheat system. European Journal of Soil Biology, 2010, 46, 119-127.	3.2	32
12	Invasion of tamarisk (<i>Tamarix</i> spp.) in a southern California salt marsh. Biological Invasions, 2007, 9, 875-879.	2.4	30
13	Molecular evidence of hybridization in Florida's sheoak (<i>Casuarina</i> spp.) invasion. Molecular Ecology, 2009, 18, 3216-3226.	3.9	30
14	Double trouble for grasshopper molecular systematics: intra-individual heterogeneity of both mitochondrial 12S-valine-16S and nuclear internal transcribed spacer ribosomal DNA sequences in <i>Hesperotettix viridis</i> (Orthoptera: Acrididae). Systematic Entomology, 2007, 32, 420-428.	3.9	28
15	Tumbleweed (<i>Salsola</i> , section <i>Kali</i>) species and speciation in California. Biological Invasions, 2009, 11, 1175-1187.	2.4	28
16	Soil-Aggregating Bacterial Community as Affected by Irrigation, Tillage, and Cropping System in the Northern Great Plains. Soil Science, 2014, 179, 11-20.	0.9	27
17	Propagule pressure, genetic structure, and geographic origins of <i>Chondrilla juncea</i> (Asteraceae): An apomictic invader on three continents. American Journal of Botany, 2013, 100, 1871-1882.	1.7	26
18	Molecular Genetic and Hybridization Studies of <i>Diorhabda</i> spp. Released for Biological Control of <i>Tamarix</i> . Invasive Plant Science and Management, 2013, 6, 1-15.	1.1	22

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19	A new species of Kali (Salsoloideae, Chenopodiaceae) from Sicily, supported by molecular analysis. <i>Phytotaxa</i> , 2015, 201, 256.	0.3	21
20	Tamarix (Tamaricaceae) hybrids: the dominant invasive genotype in southern Africa. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 3575-3594.	2.4	20
21	Loss of monoterpenes from <i>Umbellularia californica</i> leaf litter. <i>Biochemical Systematics and Ecology</i> , 1995, 23, 581-591.	1.3	18
22	An unusual case of seed dispersal in an invasive aquatic; yellow flag iris (<i>Iris pseudacorus</i>). <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2016, 18, 2067-2075.	2.4	18
23	The dilemma of Guinea grass (<i>Megathyrus maximus</i>): a valued pasture grass and a highly invasive species. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2021, 23, 3653-3669.	2.4	18
24	Can local adaptation explain varying patterns of herbivory tolerance in a recently introduced woody plant in North America?. , 2017, 5, cox016.		17
25	Reevaluating establishment and potential hybridization of different biotypes of the biological control agent <i>Longitarsus jacobaeae</i> using molecular tools. <i>Biological Control</i> , 2011, 58, 44-52.	3.0	16
26	Stem anatomy is congruent with molecular phylogenies placing <i>Hypericopsis persica</i> in <i>Frankenia</i> (Frankeniaceae): comments on vascentric tracheids. <i>Taxon</i> , 2003, 52, 525-532.	0.7	14
27	GENOTYPE DIVERSITY OF SALSOLA TRAGUS AND POTENTIAL ORIGINS OF A PREVIOUSLY UNIDENTIFIED INVASIVE SALSOLA FROM CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA. <i>Madroño</i> , 2006, 53, 244-251.	0.4	14
28	Establishment and Spread of a Single Parthenogenic Genotype of the Mediterranean Arundo Wasp, <i>Tetramesa romana</i> , in the Variable Climate of Texas. <i>Southwestern Entomologist</i> , 2014, 39, 675-690.	0.2	14
29	The role of hybridization in facilitating tree invasion. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2016, , plw079.	2.3	14
30	Out of the Middle East: New phylogenetic insights in the genus <i>Tamarix</i> (Tamaricaceae). <i>Journal of Systematics and Evolution</i> , 2019, 57, 488-507.	3.1	14
31	Clonal structure of invasive hoary cress (<i>Lepidium draba</i>) infestations. <i>Weed Science</i> , 2006, 54, 428-434.	1.5	12
32	Morphological variation and chromosome studies in <i>Calligonum mongolicum</i> and <i>C. pumilum</i> (Polygonaceae) suggests the presence of only one species. <i>Nordic Journal of Botany</i> , 2009, 27, 81-85.	0.5	12
33	Genetic Identity and Diversity of Perennial Pepperweed (<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>) in Its Native and Invaded Ranges. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2013, 6, 268-280.	1.1	12
34	Geographic and genetic variation in susceptibility of <i>Butomus umbellatus</i> to foliar fungal pathogens. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2020, 22, 535-548.	2.4	12
35	Feeding intensity of insect herbivores is associated more closely with key metabolite profiles than phylogenetic relatedness of their potential hosts. <i>PeerJ</i> , 2019, 7, e8203.	2.0	12
36	Isolation and characterization of 10 polymorphic microsatellites in saltcedars (<i>Tamarix chinensis</i> and) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf		11

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37	Levels of novel hybridization in the saltcedar invasion compared over seven decades. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2012, 14, 693-699.	2.4	11
38	Water Deficit Transcriptomic Responses Differ in the Invasive <i>Tamarix chinensis</i> and <i>T. ramosissima</i> Established in the Southern and Northern United States. <i>Plants</i> , 2020, 9, 86.	3.5	10
39	Pollen source and resource limitation to fruit production in the rare species <i>Eremosparton songoricum</i> (Fabaceae). <i>Nordic Journal of Botany</i> , 2010, 28, 438-444.	0.5	9
40	Microsatellite Markers for Russian Olive (<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i> ; Elaeagnaceae). <i>Applications in Plant Sciences</i> , 2013, 1, 1300013.	2.1	8
41	Russian-olive (<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>) genetic diversity in the western United States and implications for biological control. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2019, 12, 89-96.	1.1	8
42	Diversity and origins of <i>Butomus umbellatus</i> (flowering rush) invasion in North America. <i>Aquatic Botany</i> , 2021, 173, 103400.	1.6	8
43	Minimal genetic diversity in the facultatively outcrossing perennial pepperweed (<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>) invasion. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2012, 14, 1797-1807.	2.4	7
44	Molecular diagnosis for a <i>Tamarix</i> species from two reclaimed lands along the Yellow Sea in Korea inferred from genome wide SNP markers. <i>Journal of Systematics and Evolution</i> , 2019, 57, 247-255.	3.1	7
45	Morphology delimits more species than molecular genetic clusters of invasive <i>Pilosella</i> . <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2015, 102, 1145-1159.	1.7	5
46	Invasive Russian Knapweed (<i>Acroptilon repens</i>) Creates Large Patches Almost Entirely by Rhizomic Growth. <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2017, 10, 119-124.	1.1	5
47	New Synonymy and Useful Taxonomic Characters in <i>Smilax</i> (Smilacaceae) from the Venezuelan Guayana. <i>Novon</i> , 1998, 8, 364.	0.3	4
48	Increased ploidy of <i>Butomus umbellatus</i> in introduced populations is not associated with higher phenotypic plasticity to N and P. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2021, 13, plab045.	2.3	3
49	From Hybrid Swarms to Swarms of Hybrids. <i>Environment and Ecology Research</i> , 2014, 2, 311-318.	0.5	3
50	One genotype dominates a facultatively outcrossing plant invasion. <i>Biological Invasions</i> , 2021, 23, 1901-1914.	2.4	2
51	Biology of an Adventive Population of the Armored Scale <i>Rhizaspidiotus donacis</i> , a Biological Control Agent of <i>Arundo donax</i> in California. <i>Insects</i> , 2021, 12, 588.	2.2	2
52	A New <i>Croton</i> (Euphorbiaceae) from the Western Guayana Shield and its Anomalous Sectional Placement. <i>Systematic Botany</i> , 1998, 23, 171.	0.5	1
53	Use of Wheat SSRs to Assess Genetic Diversity in Medusahead (<i>Taeniatherum caput-medusae</i>). <i>Invasive Plant Science and Management</i> , 2013, 6, 352-361.	1.1	1
54	Geographic population structure in an outcrossing plant invasion after centuries of cultivation and recent founding events. <i>AoB PLANTS</i> , 2018, 10, 020.	2.3	1

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55	CARDUUS CINEREUS (ASTERACEAE) " NEW TO NORTH AMERICA. MadroÃ±o, 2020, 66, 142.	0.4	0
56	Identifying the geographic origins of invasive Guineagrass in the USA using molecular data. Invasive Plant Science and Management, 0, , 1-14.	1.1	0