

France Kittel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

33
papers

3,597
citations

279798

23
h-index

377865

34
g-index

34
all docs

34
docs citations

34
times ranked

3823
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Job strain as a risk factor for coronary heart disease: a collaborative meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2012, 380, 1491-1497.	13.7	786
2	Long working hours and risk of coronary heart disease and stroke: a systematic review and meta-analysis of published and unpublished data for 603 838 individuals. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2015, 386, 1739-1746.	13.7	529
3	A prospective study of cumulative job stress in relation to mental health. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2005, 5, 67.	2.9	214
4	Job Strain as a Risk Factor for Leisure-Time Physical Inactivity: An Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of Up to 170,000 Men and Women: The IPD-Work Consortium. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012, 176, 1078-1089.	3.4	198
5	Perceived job insecurity as a risk factor for incident coronary heart disease: systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2013, 347, f4746-f4746.	6.0	181
6	Long working hours and alcohol use: systematic review and meta-analysis of published studies and unpublished individual participant data. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2015, 350, g7772-g7772.	6.0	152
7	Job Strain and Cardiovascular Disease Risk Factors: Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 47,000 Men and Women. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e67323.	2.5	144
8	Comparison of alternative versions of the job demand-control scales in 17 European cohort studies: the IPD-Work consortium. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 62.	2.9	137
9	Job stress and depression symptoms in middle-aged workersâ€™ prospective results from the Belstress study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Work, Environment and Health</i> , 2007, 33, 252-259.	3.4	120
10	Job Strain and Health-Related Lifestyle: Findings From an Individual-Participant Meta-Analysis of 118 000 Working Adults. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2013, 103, 2090-2097.	2.7	114
11	Job Strain and Tobacco Smoking: An Individual-Participant Data Meta-Analysis of 166 130 Adults in 15 European Studies. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e35463.	2.5	102
12	The Impact of Psychosocial Factors on Low Back Pain. <i>Spine</i> , 2007, 32, 262-268.	2.0	96
13	Associations of job strain and lifestyle risk factors with risk of coronary artery disease: a meta-analysis of individual participant data. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2013, 185, 763-769.	2.0	95
14	Job Strain and Alcohol Intake: A Collaborative Meta-Analysis of Individual-Participant Data from 140 000 Men and Women. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40101.	2.5	93
15	Psychosocial work environment and psychological well-being: assessment of the buffering effects in the job demand-control (-support) model in BELSTRESS. <i>Stress and Health</i> , 2002, 18, 43-56.	2.6	80
16	Occupational and leisure time physical activity in contrasting relation to ambulatory blood pressure. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2012, 12, 1002.	2.9	76
17	The perception of work stressors is related to reduced parasympathetic activity. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2011, 84, 185-191.	2.3	70
18	The Combined Relationship of Occupational and Leisure-Time Physical Activity With All-Cause Mortality Among Men, Accounting for Physical Fitness. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2014, 179, 559-566.	3.4	62

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	The relation between psychosocial risk factors and cause-specific long-term sickness absence. <i>European Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014, 24, 428-433.	0.3	60
20	The association between leisure time physical activity and coronary heart disease among men with different physical work demands: a prospective cohort study. <i>European Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2013, 28, 241-247.	5.7	59
21	Measures of Work-Family Conflict Predict Sickness Absence From Work. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2009, 51, 879-886.	1.7	41
22	The Association Between Body Mass Index Class, Sickness Absence, and Presenteeism. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2012, 54, 604-609.	1.7	29
23	Long working hours and change in body weight: analysis of individual-participant data from 19 cohort studies. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2020, 44, 1368-1375.	3.4	29
24	The Relation of Ambulatory Heart Rate with All-Cause Mortality among Middle-Aged Men: A Prospective Cohort Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0121729.	2.5	23
25	Do psychosocial job resources buffer the relation between physical work demands and coronary heart disease? A prospective study among men. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2016, 89, 1299-1307.	2.3	20
26	Gender specificity in the prediction of clinically diagnosed depression. <i>Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology</i> , 2009, 44, 592-600.	3.1	19
27	The indirect association of job strain with long-term sickness absence through bullying: a mediation analysis using structural equation modeling. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2016, 16, 851.	2.9	19
28	Type a in Relation to Job-Stress, Social and Bioclinical Variables: The Belgian Physical Fitness Study. <i>Journal of Human Stress</i> , 1983, 9, 37-45.	0.7	18
29	Metrological study of psychological questionnaires with reference to social variables: The belgian heart disease prevention project (BHDPP). <i>Journal of Behavioral Medicine</i> , 1982, 5, 9-35.	2.1	9
30	Health Behaviours As a Mechanism in the Prospective Relation between Workplace Reciprocity and Absenteeism: A Bridge too Far ?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0141608.	2.5	8
31	Long-Term Changes in the Perception of Job Characteristics: Results from the Belstress II Study. <i>Journal of Occupational Health</i> , 2006, 48, 339-346.	2.1	7
32	Reciprocity and Depressive Symptoms in Belgian Workers. <i>Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine</i> , 2013, 55, 824-831.	1.7	3
33	Work stress assessment and instability of employment: complementary contribution of different data sources. <i>Stress and Health</i> , 2006, 22, 51-58.	2.6	2