Chris R Triggle

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11141702/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

56 papers 4,488 citations

32 h-index 53 g-index

57 all docs

57 docs citations

57 times ranked

5954 citing authors

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | Metformin: Is it a drug for all reasons and diseases?. Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2022, 133, 155223. | 3.4 | 92 |
| 2 | Metformin Prevents Hyperglycemia-Associated, Oxidative Stress-Induced Vascular Endothelial Dysfunction: Essential Role for the Orphan Nuclear Receptor Human Nuclear Receptor 4A1 (Nur77). Molecular Pharmacology, 2021, 100, 428-455. | 2.3 | 17 |
| 3 | A Critical Review of the Evidence That Metformin Is a Putative Anti-Aging Drug That Enhances Healthspan and Extends Lifespan. Frontiers in Endocrinology, 2021, 12, 718942. | 3.5 | 107 |
| 4 | Why the endothelium? The endothelium as a target to reduce diabetes-associated vascular disease. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2020, 98, 415-430. | 1.4 | 36 |
| 5 | Treatment with a Combination of Metformin and 2-Deoxyglucose Upregulates Thrombospondin-1 in Microvascular Endothelial Cells: Implications in Anti-Angiogenic Cancer Therapy. Cancers, 2019, 11, 1737. | 3.7 | 21 |
| 6 | Exercise Alleviates Obesity-Induced Metabolic Dysfunction via Enhancing FGF21 Sensitivity in Adipose Tissues. Cell Reports, 2019, 26, 2738-2752.e4. | 6.4 | 115 |
| 7 | Minimizing Hyperglycemia-Induced Vascular Endothelial Dysfunction by Inhibiting Endothelial Sodium-Glucose Cotransporter 2 and Attenuating Oxidative Stress: Implications for Treating Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes. Canadian Journal of Diabetes, 2019, 43, 510-514. | 0.8 | 23 |
| 8 | Metformin: The Answer to Cancer in a Flower? Current Knowledge and Future Prospects of Metformin as an Anti-Cancer Agent in Breast Cancer. Biomolecules, 2019, 9, 846. | 4.0 | 60 |
| 9 | Impact of currently used anti-diabetic drugs on myoendothelial communication. Current Opinion in Pharmacology, 2019, 45, 1-7. | 3.5 | 8 |
| 10 | Hyperglycaemic impairment of PAR2-mediated vasodilation: Prevention by inhibition of aortic endothelial sodium-glucose-co-Transporter-2 and minimizing oxidative stress. Vascular Pharmacology, 2018, 109, 56-71. | 2.1 | 84 |
| 11 | Metformin represses glucose starvation induced autophagic response in microvascular endothelial cells and promotes cell death. Biochemical Pharmacology, 2017, 132, 118-132. | 4.4 | 34 |
| 12 | Molecular Interplay between microRNA-34a and Sirtuin1 in Hyperglycemia-Mediated Impaired Angiogenesis in Endothelial Cells: Effects of Metformin. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2016, 356, 314-323. | 2.5 | 78 |
| 13 | MicroRNA Signature and Cardiovascular Dysfunction. Journal of Cardiovascular Pharmacology, 2015, 65, 419-429. | 1.9 | 31 |
| 14 | Metformin: An Old Drug for the Treatment of Diabetes but a New Drug for the Protection of the Endothelium. Medical Principles and Practice, 2015, 24, 401-415. | 2.4 | 1,060 |
| 15 | Metformin improves endothelial function in aortic tissue and microvascular endothelial cells subjected to diabetic hyperglycaemic conditions. Biochemical Pharmacology, 2015, 98, 412-421. | 4.4 | 40 |
| 16 | Cardiovascular impact of drugs used in the treatment of diabetes. Therapeutic Advances in Chronic Disease, 2014, 5, 245-268. | 2. 5 | 54 |
| 17 | Metformin modulates hyperglycaemiaâ€induced endothelial senescence and apoptosis through <scp>SIRT1</scp> . British Journal of Pharmacology, 2014, 171, 523-535. | 5.4 | 193 |
| 18 | FGF21 Maintains Glucose Homeostasis by Mediating the Cross Talk Between Liver and Brain During Prolonged Fasting. Diabetes, 2014, 63, 4064-4075. | 0.6 | 217 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Peroxynitrite Biology. , 2014, , 207-242. | | 6 |
| 20 | Endothelial Dysfunction in Diabetes Mellitus: Possible Involvement of Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress?. Experimental Diabetes Research, 2012, 2012, 1-14. | 3.8 | 98 |
| 21 | The endothelium: influencing vascular smooth muscle in many ways. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2012, 90, 713-738. | 1.4 | 188 |
| 22 | The endothelium in compliance and resistance vessels. Frontiers in Bioscience - Scholar, 2011, S3, 730-744. | 2.1 | 25 |
| 23 | Endothelial dysfunction in diabetes: multiple targets for treatment. Pflugers Archiv European Journal of Physiology, 2010, 459, 977-994. | 2.8 | 89 |
| 24 | A review of endothelial dysfunction in diabetes: a focus on the contribution of a dysfunctional eNOS. Journal of the American Society of Hypertension, 2010, 4, 102-115. | 2.3 | 84 |
| 25 | A role for nitroxyl (HNO) as an endotheliumâ€derived relaxing and hyperpolarizing factor in resistance arteries. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2009, 157, 540-550. | 5.4 | 110 |
| 26 | Effects of a Western diet versus high glucose on endothelium-dependent relaxation in murine microand macro-vasculature. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2008, 601, 111-117. | 3.5 | 31 |
| 27 | Vascular dysfunction in type 2 diabetic TallyHo mice: role for an increase in the contribution of PGH2/TxA2 receptor activation and cytochrome p450 productsThis paper is one of a selection of papers published in this Special Issue, entitled The Cellular and Molecular Basis of Cardiovascular Dysfunction, Dhalla 70th Birthday Tribute Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2007, | 1.4 | 23 |
| 28 | Oxidative stress and increased eNOS and NADPH oxidase expression in mouse microvessel endothelial cells. Journal of Cellular Physiology, 2007, 212, 682-689. | 4.1 | 89 |
| 29 | Nitrosothiol stores in vascular tissue: Modulation by ultraviolet light, acetylcholine and ionomycin. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2007, 560, 183-192. | 3.5 | 24 |
| 30 | Pharmacological characteristics of endothelium-derived hyperpolarizing factor-mediated relaxation of small mesenteric arteries from db/db mice. European Journal of Pharmacology, 2006, 551, 98-107. | 3.5 | 48 |
| 31 | A Nonthiazolidinedione Peroxisome Proliferator-Activated Receptor \hat{I}^3 Agonist Reverses Endothelial Dysfunction in Diabetic (db/db-/-) Mice. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2006, 316, 364-370. | 2.5 | 9 |
| 32 | Enhanced vascular reactivity of small mesenteric arteries from diabetic mice is associated with enhanced oxidative stress and cyclooxygenase products. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2005, 144, 953-960. | 5.4 | 84 |
| 33 | Twenty-five years since the discovery of endothelium-derived relaxing factor (EDRF): does a dysfunctional endothelium contribute to the development of type 2 diabetes?. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2005, 83, 681-700. | 1.4 | 26 |
| 34 | Endothelial dysfunction in Type 2 diabetes correlates with deregulated expression of the tail-anchored membrane protein SLMAP. American Journal of Physiology - Heart and Circulatory Physiology, 2005, 289, H206-H211. | 3.2 | 20 |
| 35 | The vascular endothelium in diabetes: a practical target fordrug treatment?. Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Targets, 2005, 9, 101-117. | 3.4 | 20 |
| 36 | Endothelial cell dysfunction and the vascular complications associated with type 2 diabetes: assessing the health of the endothelium. Vascular Health and Risk Management, 2005, 1 , 55-71. | 2.3 | 95 |

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|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 37 | 2-Furoyl-LIGRLO-amide: A Potent and Selective Proteinase-Activated Receptor 2 Agonist. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2004, 309, 1124-1131. | 2.5 | 128 |
| 38 | The endothelium in health and disease: A discussion of the contribution of non-nitric oxide endothelium-derived vasoactive mediators to vascular homeostasis in normal vessels and in type II diabetes. Molecular and Cellular Biochemistry, 2004, 263, 21-27. | 3.1 | 27 |
| 39 | Hyperpolarization of murine small caliber mesenteric arteries by activation of endothelial proteinase-activated receptor 2. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2004, 82, 1103-1112. | 1.4 | 35 |
| 40 | Endothelium-Derived Hyperpolarizing Factor(s). Does it Exist and What Role Does it Play in the Regulation of Blood Flow?. Progress in Experimental Cardiology, 2004, , 341-348. | 0.0 | 0 |
| 41 | Endothelial cell dysfunction in type I and II diabetes: The cellular basis for dysfunction. Drug Development Research, 2003, 58, 28-41. | 2.9 | 11 |
| 42 | Searching for the physiological role and therapeutic potential of vascular proteinase-activated receptor-2 (PAR2). Drug Development Research, 2003, 60, 14-19. | 2.9 | 2 |
| 43 | A photosensitive vascular smooth muscle store of nitric oxide in mouse aorta: no dependence on expression of endothelial nitric oxide synthase. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2003, 138, 932-940. | 5.4 | 28 |
| 44 | Chronic oral supplementation with sepiapterin prevents endothelial dysfunction and oxidative stress in small mesenteric arteries from diabetic (db/db) mice. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2003, 140, 701-706. | 5.4 | 86 |
| 45 | Catalase has negligible inhibitory effects on endothelium-dependent relaxations in mouse isolated aorta and small mesenteric artery. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2003, 140, 1193-1200. | 5.4 | 63 |
| 46 | Endothelium-derived reactive oxygen species: their relationship to endothelium-dependent hyperpolarization and vascular tone. Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2003, 81, 1013-1028. | 1.4 | 76 |
| 47 | The Endothelium in Health and Disease-A Target for Therapeutic Intervention Journal of Smooth Muscle Research, 2003, 39, 249-267. | 1.2 | 90 |
| 48 | Proteinase-Activated Receptor-2 (PAR2): Vascular Effects of a PAR2-Derived Activating Peptide via a Receptor Different than PAR2. Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics, 2002, 303, 985-992. | 2.5 | 36 |
| 49 | Endotheliumâ€Derived Hyperpolarizing Factor: Is There A Novel Chemical Mediator?. Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology and Physiology, 2002, 29, 153-160. | 1.9 | 42 |
| 50 | Multiple mechanisms of vascular smooth muscle relaxation by the activation of Proteinase-Activated Receptor 2 in mouse mesenteric arterioles. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2002, 135, 155-169. | 5.4 | 76 |
| 51 | Cellular basis of endothelial dysfunction in small mesenteric arteries from spontaneously diabetic $(xi>db/dba^*/a^*)$ mice: role of decreased tetrahydrobiopterin bioavailability. British Journal of Pharmacology, 2002, 136, 255-263. | 5.4 | 164 |
| 52 | NO and the vasculature: where does it come from and what does it do?. Heart Failure Reviews, 2002, 7, 423-445. | 3.9 | 26 |
| 53 | Endothelium-derived relaxing factors: A focus on endothelium-derived hyperpolarizing factor(s). Canadian Journal of Physiology and Pharmacology, 2001, 79, 443-470. | 1.4 | 146 |
| 54 | Novel endothelium-derived relaxing factors. Journal of Pharmacological and Toxicological Methods, 2000, 44, 441-452. | 0.7 | 22 |

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| 55 | Desensitization of a-Adrenoceptor Mediated Responses in Vascular Smooth Muscle. , 1996, , 119-138. | | O |
| 56 | Role of NO in vascular smooth muscle and cardiac muscle function. Trends in Pharmacological Sciences, 1994, 15, 255-259. | 8.7 | 90 |