## Simonetta Salvini

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/11096929/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

24 papers 5,340 citations

293460 24 h-index 685536 24 g-index

24 all docs

24 docs citations

times ranked

24

5530 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Intake estimation of total and individual flavan-3-ols, proanthocyanidins and theaflavins, their food sources and determinants in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2012, 108, 1095-1108.	1.2	90
2	Fruit, vegetables, and olive oil and risk of coronary heart disease in Italian women: the EPICOR Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 93, 275-283.	2.2	150
3	Estimation of the intake of anthocyanidins and their food sources in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study. British Journal of Nutrition, 2011, 106, 1090-1099.	1.2	108
4	Establishing quality management systems for European food composition databases. Food Chemistry, 2009, 113, 776-780.	4.2	26
5	Anthropometric and dietary determinants of blood pressure in over 7000 Mediterranean women: the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition-Florence cohort. Journal of Hypertension, 2008, 26, 2112-2120.	0.3	57
6	A dietary pattern rich in olive oil and raw vegetables is associated with lower mortality in Italian elderly subjects. British Journal of Nutrition, 2007, 98, 406-415.	1.2	59
7	Daily consumption of a high-phenol extra-virgin olive oil reduces oxidative DNA damage in postmenopausal women. British Journal of Nutrition, 2006, 95, 742-751.	1.2	153
8	Dietary intake estimated using different methods in two Italian older populations. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2004, 38, 51-60.	1.4	43
9	The update of the Italian Food Composition Database. Journal of Food Composition and Analysis, 2004, 17, 509-522.	1.9	138
10	Diet in the Italian Epic Cohorts: Presentation of Data and Methodological Issues. Tumori, 2003, 89, 594-607.	0.6	192
11	Age and Disability Affect Dietary Intake. Journal of Nutrition, 2003, 133, 2868-2873.	1.3	81
12	A Molecular Epidemiology Project on Diet and Cancer: The Epic-Italy Prospective Study. Design and Baseline Characteristics of Participants. Tumori, 2003, 89, 586-593.	0.6	120
13	Nutritional and lifestyle determinants of DNA oxidative damage: a study in a Mediterranean population. Carcinogenesis, 2002, 23, 1483-1489.	1.3	96
14	Dietary and familial determinants of 10-year survival among patients with gastric carcinoma. Cancer, 2000, 89, 1205-1213.	2.0	50
15	Validation of a food-frequency questionnaire to assess dietary intakes in cancer studies in Italy results for specific nutrients. Annals of Epidemiology, 1996, 6, 110-118.	0.9	375
16	The Food Composition Database for an Italian Food Frequency Questionnaire. Journal of Food Composition and Analysis, 1996, 9, 57-71.	1.9	54
17	Validity and Reproducibility of Alcohol Consumption in Italy. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1996, 25, 775-782.	0.9	127
18	Plasma levels of the antioxidant selenium and risk of myocardial infarction among U.S. physicians. American Journal of Cardiology, 1995, 76, 1218-1221.	0.7	98

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Influence of food groups and food diversity on breast cancer risk in Italy. International Journal of Cancer, 1995, 63, 785-789.	2.3	145
20	Reproducibility of an Italian food frequency questionnaire for cancer studies. Annals of Epidemiology, 1995, 5, 69-75.	0.9	182
21	Development and Validation of a Food Frequency Questionnaire in Spain. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1993, 22, 512-519.	0.9	721
22	Reproducibility of an Italian food frequency questionnaire for cancer studies: Results for specific food items. European Journal of Cancer, 1993, 29, 2298-2305.	1.3	255
23	A Prospective Study of Cholesterol, Apolipoproteins, and the Risk of Myocardial Infarction. New England Journal of Medicine, 1991, 325, 373-381.	13.9	1,084
24	Food-Based Validation of a Dietary Questionnaire: The Effects of Week-to-Week Variation in Food Consumption. International Journal of Epidemiology, 1989, 18, 858-867.	0.9	936