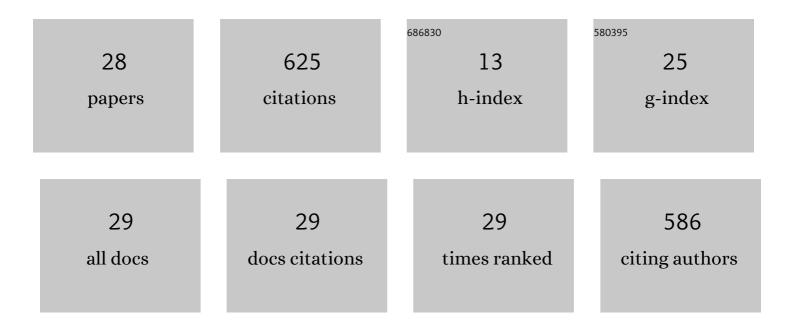
Moshe Ben-Ami

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Protein C global assay evaluation in naturally conceived vs. assisted reproduction-achieved twin pregnancies: a prospective longitudinal study. Archives of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2021, 303, 1549-1555.	0.8	0
2	Perinatal Outcome of Twin Pregnancies Complicated by Rupture ofÂMembranes at 13–20 Weeks: Is Selective Termination anÂAppropriate Management Option?. Ultraschall in Der Medizin, 2020, 41, e17-e22.	0.8	2
3	Mycoplasma and Ureaplasma carriage in pregnant women: the prevalence of transmission from mother to newborn. BMC Pregnancy and Childbirth, 2020, 20, 456.	0.9	12
4	Does the empty follicle syndrome occur in cases of low number of maturing follicles in assisted reproduction?. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2019, 35, 305-308.	0.7	3
5	A comparison of enriched culture and Xpert polymerase chain reaction assay of Group B streptococcus carrier status at 35–37-week gestation to labor onset: a prospective controlled study. Journal of Maternal-Fetal and Neonatal Medicine, 2018, 31, 2170-2174.	0.7	1
6	The "vanishing follicle―in women with low number of developing follicles during assisted reproduction. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2018, 220, 6-11.	0.5	0
7	Peripartum maternal transmission of extended-spectrum β-lactamase organism to newborn infants. Diagnostic Microbiology and Infectious Disease, 2017, 87, 168-171.	0.8	15
8	The association between multinucleated blastomeres and poor ovarian response under the Bologna criteria. Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics, 2016, 33, 885-892.	1.2	1
9	The effect of <scp>LH</scp> supplementation to the Gn <scp>RH</scp> antagonist protocol in advanced reproductive ageing women: a prospective randomized controlled study. Clinical Endocrinology, 2016, 84, 99-106.	1.2	15
10	The Bologna criteria for poor ovarian response: a contemporary critical appraisal. Journal of Ovarian Research, 2015, 8, 76.	1.3	76
11	Reduced protein C Global assay level in infertile women prior to IVF-ET treatment. Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics, 2014, 31, 101-107.	1.2	2
12	The association between poor ovarian response and thrombophilia in assisted reproduction. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2013, 166, 65-69.	0.5	7
13	Prospective evaluation of early follicular ovarian stromal blood flow in infertile women undergoing IVF-ET treatment. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2012, 28, 356-359.	0.7	18
14	Prospective evaluation of basal stromal Doppler studies in women with good ovarian reserve and infertility undergoing in vitro fertilization–embryo transfer treatment: patients with polycystic ovary syndrome versus ovulatory patients. Fertility and Sterility, 2011, 95, 1754-1758.	0.5	22
15	Outcome of Twin Pregnancies Complicated By Early Second Trimester Rupture of Membranes in One Sac. Twin Research and Human Genetics, 2010, 13, 604-608.	0.3	9
16	Evaluation of the Protein C Global Assay During Normal Pregnancy and After Assisted Reproduction. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2010, 115, 969-974.	1.2	7
17	A simple multivariate score could predict ovarian reserve, as well as pregnancy rate, in infertile women. Fertility and Sterility, 2010, 94, 655-661.	0.5	32
18	Early and short follicular gonadotropin-releasing hormone antagonist supplementation improves the meiotic status and competence of retrieved oocytes in in vitro fertilization–embryo transfer cycles. Fertility and Sterility, 2010, 94, 1350-1355.	0.5	27

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19	Premature luteinization defined by an increased progesterone/estradiol ratio on day of human chorionic gonadotropin administration is a manifestation of diminished ovarian responsiveness to controlled ovarian hyperstimulation. Fertility and Sterility, 2010, 93, e29.	0.5	6
20	Does first polar body morphology predict oocyte performance during ICSI treatment?. Journal of Assisted Reproduction and Genetics, 2009, 26, 561-567.	1.2	15
21	First polar body and nucleolar precursor body morphology is related to the ovarian reserve of infertile women. Reproductive BioMedicine Online, 2008, 16, 851-858.	1.1	23
22	Nonconventional Approach to Twin Pregnancies Complicated by Extremely Preterm Premature Rupture of Membranes of One Twin. American Journal of Perinatology, 2008, 25, 161-162.	0.6	10
23	Undetectable basal ovarian stromal blood flow in infertile women is related to low ovarian reserve. Gynecological Endocrinology, 2007, 23, 284-289.	0.7	28
24	DIFFERENT PATTERNS OF LIPOXYGENASE GENE EXPRESSION IN BOTH HUMAN GRANULOSA-LUTEIN CELLS AND CUMULUS CELLS FROM WOMEN UNDERGOING INVITRO FERTILIZATION. Biology of Reproduction, 2007, 77, 94-95.	1.2	0
25	Poor oocyte retrieval is a manifestation of low ovarian reserve. Fertility and Sterility, 2005, 83, 504-507.	0.5	21
26	The effectiveness of spectral and color Doppler in predicting ovarian torsion. European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology, 2002, 104, 64-66.	0.5	108
27	Increased progesterone/estradiol ratio in the late follicular phase could be related to low ovarian reserve in in vitro fertilization–embryo transfer cycles with a long gonadotropin-releasing hormone agonist. Fertility and Sterility, 2001, 76, 294-299.	0.5	104
28	Premature Luteinization: Could It Be An Early Manifestation of Low Ovarian Reserve?. Fertility and Sterility, 1998, 69, 461-465.	0.5	60