

# Noam Barnea-Ygael

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/10901165/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

17  
papers

911  
citations

949033

11  
h-index

1051228

16  
g-index

17  
all docs

17  
docs citations

17  
times ranked

1316  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Efficacy and Safety of Deep Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation for Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder: A Prospective Multicenter Randomized Double-Blind Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>Focus (American J Psychiatry)</i> , 2019, 117, 1073-1081.	10.784314	1073
2	Application of transcranial magnetic stimulation for major depression: Coil design and neuroanatomical variability considerations. <i>European Neuropsychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 45, 73-88.	0.3	27
3	Repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation for smoking cessation: A pivotal multicenter double-blind randomized controlled trial. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 20, 397-404.	4.8	97
4	Increased relapse to cocaine seeking in a genetic model for depression. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2020, 25, e12756.	1.4	2
5	Deep transcranial magnetic stimulation for obsessive-compulsive disorder is efficacious even in patients who failed multiple medications and CBT. <i>Psychiatry Research</i> , 2020, 290, 113179.	1.7	10
6	Rotational field TMS: Comparison with conventional TMS based on motor evoked potentials and thresholds in the hand and leg motor cortices. <i>Brain Stimulation</i> , 2020, 13, 900-907.	0.7	11
7	Alleviation of ADHD symptoms by non-invasive right prefrontal stimulation is correlated with EEG activity. <i>NeuroImage: Clinical</i> , 2020, 26, 102206.	1.4	27
8	A Method to Provoke Obsessive Compulsive Symptoms for Basic Research and Clinical Interventions. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 10, 814.	1.3	16
9	Efficacy and Safety of Deep Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation for Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder: A Prospective Multicenter Randomized Double-Blind Placebo-Controlled Trial. <i>American Journal of Psychiatry</i> , 2019, 176, 931-938.	4.0	250
10	Clinical and electrophysiological outcomes of deep TMS over the medial prefrontal and anterior cingulate cortices in OCD patients. <i>Brain Stimulation</i> , 2018, 11, 158-165.	0.7	164
11	How to Use the H1 Deep Transcranial Magnetic Stimulation Coil for Conditions Other than Depression. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2017, , .	0.2	8
12	Chronic cocaine administration induces long-term impairment in the drive to obtain natural reinforcers in high- but not low-demanding tasks. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2016, 21, 294-303.	1.4	7
13	Prelimbic Stimulation Ameliorates Depressive-Like Behaviors and Increases Regional BDNF Expression in a Novel Drug-Resistant Animal Model of Depression. <i>Brain Stimulation</i> , 2016, 9, 243-250.	0.7	28
14	Induction of depressive-like effects by subchronic exposure to cocaine or heroin in laboratory rats. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2014, 130, 575-582.	2.1	20
15	Cue-induced reinstatement of cocaine seeking in the rat "conflict model": Effect of prolonged home-cage confinement. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2012, 219, 875-883.	1.5	27
16	Repeated Electrical Stimulation of Reward-Related Brain Regions Affects Cocaine But Not "Natural" Reinforcement. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 27, 14179-14189.	1.7	130
17	A conflict rat model of cue-induced relapse to cocaine seeking. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 2007, 194, 117-125.	1.5	87