

# Thomas H Schindler

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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89  
papers

5,161  
citations

126907

33  
h-index

98798

67  
g-index

91  
all docs

91  
docs citations

91  
times ranked

5063  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Coronary Microvascular Dysfunction. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2020, 13, 140-155.	5.3	930
2	Anatomic Versus Physiologic Assessment of Coronary Artery Disease. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2013, 62, 1639-1653.	2.8	495
3	Cardiac PET Imaging for the Detection and Monitoring of Coronary Artery Disease and Microvascular Health. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2010, 3, 623-640.	5.3	338
4	Cardiovascular effects of marijuana and synthetic cannabinoids: the good, the bad, and the ugly. <i>Nature Reviews Cardiology</i> , 2018, 15, 151-166.	13.7	286
5	Coronary Circulatory Dysfunction in Insulin Resistance, Impaired Glucose Tolerance, and Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus. <i>Circulation</i> , 2005, 111, 2291-2298.	1.6	255
6	Relationship Between Increasing Body Weight, Insulin Resistance, Inflammation, Adipocytokine Leptin, and Coronary Circulatory Function. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2006, 47, 1188-1195.	2.8	215
7	Joint SNMMI/ASNC Expert Consensus Document on the Role of <sup>18</sup> F-FDG PET/CT in Cardiac Sarcoid Detection and Therapy Monitoring. <i>Journal of Nuclear Medicine</i> , 2017, 58, 1341-1353.	5.0	187
8	Clinical Quantification of Myocardial Blood Flow Using PET: Joint Position Paper of the SNMMI Cardiovascular Council and the ASNC. <i>Journal of Nuclear Medicine</i> , 2018, 59, 273-293.	5.0	163
9	Clinical Quantification of Myocardial Blood Flow Using PET: Joint Position Paper of the SNMMI Cardiovascular Council and the ASNC. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2018, 25, 269-297.	2.1	151
10	Positron Emission Tomography-Measured Abnormal Responses of Myocardial Blood Flow to Sympathetic Stimulation Are Associated With the Risk of Developing Cardiovascular Events. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2005, 45, 1505-1512.	2.8	145
11	Joint SNMMI/ASNC expert consensus document on the role of 18F-FDG PET/CT in cardiac sarcoid detection and therapy monitoring. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2017, 24, 1741-1758.	2.1	132
12	Prognostic Value of Abnormal Vasoreactivity of Epicardial Coronary Arteries to Sympathetic Stimulation in Patients With Normal Coronary Angiograms. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 2003, 23, 495-501.	2.4	125
13	Elevated endocannabinoid plasma levels are associated with coronary circulatory dysfunction in obesity. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2011, 32, 1369-1378.	2.2	123
14	Improvement in coronary circulatory function in morbidly obese individuals after gastric bypass-induced weight loss: relation to alterations in endocannabinoids and adipocytokines. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2013, 34, 2063-2073.	2.2	90
15	Coronary vasoregulation in patients with various risk factors in response to cold pressor testing. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2003, 42, 814-822.	2.8	89
16	Pathophysiology of ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction: novel mechanisms and treatments. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2016, 37, 1268-1283.	2.2	88
17	Chronic Inflammation and Impaired Coronary Vasoreactivity in Patients With Coronary Risk Factors. <i>Circulation</i> , 2004, 110, 1069-1075.	1.6	81
18	Coronary Vasomotor Control in Obesity and Morbid Obesity. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2012, 5, 805-815.	5.3	69

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19	Determinants of myocardial blood flow response to cold pressor testing and pharmacologic vasodilation in healthy humans. <i>European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging</i> , 2007, 34, 20-27.	6.4	67
20	Role of PET in the evaluation and understanding of coronary physiology. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2007, 14, 589-603.	2.1	65
21	Assessment of intra- and interobserver reproducibility of rest and cold pressor test-stimulated myocardial blood flow with <sup>13</sup> N-ammonia and PET. <i>European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging</i> , 2007, 34, 1178-1188.	6.4	56
22	Quantitative Assessment of Myocardial Blood Flow—Clinical and Research Applications. <i>Seminars in Nuclear Medicine</i> , 2014, 44, 274-293.	4.6	52
23	Improvement in coronary endothelial function is independently associated with a slowed progression of coronary artery calcification in type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2009, 30, 3064-3073.	2.2	51
24	Structural alterations of the coronary arterial wall are associated with myocardial flow heterogeneity in type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging</i> , 2009, 36, 219-229.	6.4	44
25	Effect of Evolocumab on Atherogenic Lipoproteins During the Peri- and Early Postinfarction Period. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020, 142, 419-421.	1.6	42
26	Myocardial Blood Flow and Inflammatory Cardiac Sarcoidosis. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2017, 10, 157-167.	5.3	41
27	Effect of hormone replacement therapy on vasomotor function of the coronary microcirculation in post-menopausal women with medically treated cardiovascular risk factors. <i>European Heart Journal</i> , 2008, 30, 978-986.	2.2	39
28	Current practice for measurement of radionuclide therapy doses in the UK. <i>Nuclear Medicine Communications</i> , 2004, 25, 419.	1.1	37
29	PET-Determined Hyperemic Myocardial Blood Flow. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2014, 64, 1476-1478.	2.8	37
30	Diagnostic Value of PET-Measured Longitudinal Flow Gradient for the Identification of Coronary Artery Disease. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2014, 7, 387-396.	5.3	36
31	Appropriate Use Criteria for PET Myocardial Perfusion Imaging. <i>Journal of Nuclear Medicine</i> , 2020, 61, 1221-1265.	5.0	36
32	PET-measured heterogeneity in longitudinal myocardial blood flow in response to sympathetic and pharmacologic stress as a non-invasive probe of epicardial vasomotor dysfunction. <i>European Journal of Nuclear Medicine and Molecular Imaging</i> , 2006, 33, 1140-1149.	6.4	35
33	Quantitative PET/CT Measures of Myocardial Flow Reserve and Atherosclerosis for Cardiac Risk Assessment and Predicting Adverse Patient Outcomes. <i>Current Cardiology Reports</i> , 2013, 15, 344.	2.9	34
34	Stress Myocardial Blood Flow Heterogeneity Is a Positron Emission Tomography Biomarker of Ventricular Arrhythmias in Patients With Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2018, 121, 1081-1089.	1.6	31
35	Gastric bypass in morbid obese patients is associated with reduction in adipose tissue inflammation via N-oleoylethanolamide (OEA)-mediated pathways. <i>Thrombosis and Haemostasis</i> , 2015, 113, 838-850.	3.4	29
36	Role of risk stratification by SPECT, PET, and hybrid imaging in guiding management of stable patients with ischaemic heart disease: expert panel of the EANM cardiovascular committee and EACVI. <i>European Heart Journal Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2015, 16, 1289-1298.	1.2	29

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37	Structural epicardial disease and microvascular function are determinants of an abnormal longitudinal myocardial blood flow difference in cardiovascular risk individuals as determined with PET/CT. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2010, 17, 1023-1033.	2.1	28
38	Positron-Emitting Myocardial Blood Flow Tracers and Clinical Potential. <i>Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2015, 57, 588-606.	3.1	26
39	Diagnostic value of PET-measured heterogeneity in myocardial blood flows during cold pressor testing for the identification of coronary vasomotor dysfunction. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2007, 14, 688-697.	2.1	24
40	Feasibility Evaluation of Myocardial Cannabinoid Type 1 Receptor Imaging in Obesity. <i>JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2018, 11, 320-332.	5.3	24
41	Effect of Ascorbic Acid on Endothelial Dysfunction of Epicardial Coronary Arteries in Chronic Smokers Assessed by Cold Pressor Testing. <i>Cardiology</i> , 2000, 94, 239-246.	1.4	23
42	Long-Term Survival of Patients with Viable and Nonviable Aneurysms Assessed by <sup>99m</sup> Tc-MIBI SPECT and <sup>18</sup> F-FDG PET: A Comparative Study of Medical and Surgical Treatment. <i>Journal of Nuclear Medicine</i> , 2008, 49, 1288-1298.	5.0	23
43	The Influence of Insulin Resistance, Obesity, and Diabetes Mellitus on Vascular Tone and Myocardial Blood Flow. <i>Current Cardiology Reports</i> , 2012, 14, 217-225.	2.9	23
44	The impacts of severe perfusion defects, akinetic/dyskinetic segments, and viable myocardium on the accuracy of volumes and LVEF measured by gated <sup>99m</sup> Tc-MIBI SPECT and gated <sup>18</sup> F-FDG PET in patients with left ventricular aneurysm: cardiac magnetic resonance imaging as the reference. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2014, 21, 1230-1244.	2.1	20
45	Anti-Apolipoprotein A-1 IgG Levels Predict Coronary Artery Calcification in Obese but Otherwise Healthy Individuals. <i>Mediators of Inflammation</i> , 2012, 2012, 1-10.	3.0	18
46	Effect of Diffuse Subendocardial Hypoperfusion on Left Ventricular Cavity Size by <sup>13</sup> N-Ammonia Perfusion PET in Patients With Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2016, 118, 1908-1915.	1.6	18
47	PET-measured longitudinal flow gradient correlates with invasive fractional flow reserve in CAD patients. <i>European Heart Journal Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2016, 18, jew116.	1.2	18
48	Cardiac Positron Emission Tomography/Computed Tomography Imaging of the Renin-Angiotensin System in Humans Holds Promise for Image-Guided Approach to Heart Failure Therapy. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2012, 60, 2535-2538.	2.8	16
49	“Mismatch” in regional myocardial perfusion defects during exercise and pharmacologic vasodilation: A noninvasive marker of epicardial vasomotor dysfunction?. <i>Journal of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2007, 14, 769-774.	2.1	12
50	Impact of Obesity and Bariatric Surgery on Metabolism and Coronary Circulatory Function. <i>Current Cardiology Reports</i> , 2014, 16, 433.	2.9	12
51	Role of PET/CT for the Identification of Cardiac Sarcoid Disease. <i>Annals of Nuclear Cardiology</i> , 2015, 1, 79-86.	0.2	12
52	Plasma palmitoylethanolamide (PEA) as a potential biomarker for impaired coronary function. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2017, 231, 1-5.	1.7	11
53	The Trajectory of Lipoprotein(a) During the Peri- and Early Postinfarction Period and the Impact of Proprotein Convertase Subtilisin/Kexin Type 9 Inhibition. <i>American Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2022, 171, 1-6.	1.6	11
54	Coronary circulatory function with increasing obesity: A complex U-turn. <i>European Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2022, 52, e13755.	3.4	10

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55	Alcohol Binge-Induced Cardiovascular Dysfunction Involves Endocannabinoidâ€“CB1-R Signaling. JACC Basic To Translational Science, 2019, 4, 625-637.	4.1	9
56	68Ga-DOTATOC PET for Treatment Efficacy Evaluation of Cardiac Sarcoidosis. Clinical Nuclear Medicine, 2020, 45, e416-e418.	1.3	9
57	Towards Quantitative Myocardial Perfusion PET in the Clinic. Journal of the American College of Radiology, 2014, 11, 429-432.	1.8	8
58	Comparison of two software systems for quantification of myocardial blood flow in patients with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2019, 26, 1243-1253.	2.1	8
59	Higher incidence of vasodilator-induced left ventricular cavity dilation by PET when compared to treadmill exercise-ECHO in hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2020, 27, 2031-2043.	2.1	8
60	Assessment of coronary artery plaque with non-contrast and T1-weighted magnetic resonance: promise for clinical use?. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, e20-e22.	2.2	6
61	Clinical Application of Myocardial Blood Flow Quantification in CAD Patients. Annals of Nuclear Cardiology, 2016, 2, 84-93.	0.2	5
62	Emergence of Integrated Cardiac Magneticâ€“Resonance/Positron Emission Tomography Imaging as the Preferred Imaging Modality in Cardiac Sarcoidosis. JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2018, 11, 108-110.	5.3	5
63	Novel Myocardial PET/CT Receptor Imaging and Potential Therapeutic Targets. Current Cardiology Reports, 2019, 21, 55.	2.9	5
64	Matching between regional coronary vasodilator capacity and corresponding circumferential strain in individuals with normal and increasing body weight. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2012, 19, 693-703.	2.1	4
65	Epicardial adipose tissue: A new cardiovascular risk marker?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2019, 278, 263-264.	1.7	4
66	Another Step Toward Integrated MR/PET as Favored Imaging Modality in Cardiac Sarcoidosis. JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2022, 15, 457-459.	5.3	4
67	Vascular function of the peripheral and coronary circulation: Worthwhile to assess their relation?. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2011, 18, 201-203.	2.1	3
68	Longitudinal Myocardial Blood Flow Gradient and CAD Detection. Current Cardiology Reports, 2015, 17, 550.	2.9	3
69	Isolated cardiac sarcoidosis - A rare disease entity?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2018, 253, 194-195.	1.7	3
70	Noninvasive stress testing of myocardial perfusion defects: head-to-head comparison of thallium-201 SPECT to MRI perfusion. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2009, 16, 549-561.	2.1	2
71	Coronary Microvascular Dysfunction. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2018, 72, 718-720.	2.8	2
72	A Genetic Polymorphism in the Pannexin1 Gene Predisposes for The Development of Endothelial Dysfunction with Increasing BMI. Biomolecules, 2020, 10, 208.	4.0	2

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73	<sup>18</sup> F-FDG PET in Myocardial Viability Assessment: A Practical and Time-Efficient Protocol. Journal of Nuclear Medicine, 2022, 63, 602-608.	5.0	2
74	Quantitation of Myocardial Perfusion: Absolute Blood Flow Versus Relative Uptake. , 2013, , 145-194.		2
75	Psoriasis-Related Visceral Adiposity and Arterial Inflammation. JACC: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2018, 11, 358-360.	5.3	1
76	Relative disagreement among different software packages in PET-flow quantitation: An appeal for consistency. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2020, 27, 1234-1236.	2.1	1
77	Emergence of endocardium/epicardium flow gradient as novel risk biomarker in patients with hypertrophic cardiomyopathy. IJC Heart and Vasculature, 2020, 26, 100467.	1.1	1
78	Cardiac sarcoidosis and prediction of sudden death: An ongoing clinical dilemma?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2021, 329, 177-178.	1.7	1
79	Entering a new era of the identification and characterization of myocardial ischemic burden with 15O-water PET?. International Journal of Cardiology, 2021, 341, 22-23.	1.7	1
80	Myocardial Perfusion and Coronary Vasomotor Function: Emerging Role of PET Imaging. Vascular Disease Prevention, 2007, 4, 322-332.	0.2	0
81	Role of myocardial perfusion scintigraphy in octogenarians: Time for reappraisal?. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2018, 25, 1350-1352.	2.1	0
82	PET Myocardial Perfusion Imaging. , 0, , 129-174.		0
83	123I-MIBG cardiac sympathetic imaging provides further insight into cardiorenal interactions in systolic heart failure patients. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2021, 28, 2123-2125.	2.1	0
84	Revival of an old stressor: Dobutamine-stimulation for PET myocardial perfusion imaging in patients with end-stage liver disease?. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2020, 27, 2060-2062.	2.1	0
85	Adding clinical value with coronary flow assessment in hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy. IJC Heart and Vasculature, 2020, 27, 100512.	1.1	0
86	Added value gated PET with phase analysis for the detection of scar burden and prognostication in cardiac sarcoidosis?. Journal of Nuclear Cardiology, 2022, 29, 1402-1404.	2.1	0
87	Cardiac Magnetic Resonance Determined T1 Reactivity Holds Promise for a New Avenue of Coronary Circulatory Function Characterization. Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2021, 14, e012429.	2.6	0
88	Advances in Cardiac Applications for PET and PET/CT. , 2004, , 424-443.		0
89	From Myocardial Blood Flow to Receptor Imaging with PET. Annals of Nuclear Cardiology, 2019, 5, 131-140.	0.2	0