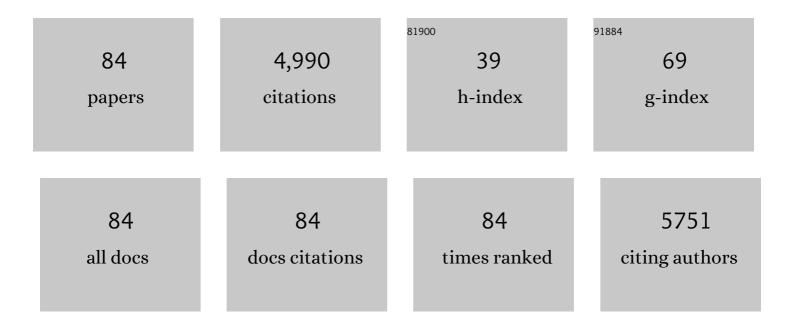
List of Publications by Year in descending order

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THOMAS ELOVE

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Mandible Biomechanics and Continuously Erupting Teeth: A New Defect Model for Studying Load-Bearing Biomaterials. Biomedicines, 2021, 9, 730.	3.2	4
2	Comparative Effectiveness of Stereotactic Electroencephalography Versus Subdural Grids in Epilepsy Surgery. Annals of Neurology, 2021, 90, 927-939.	5.3	45
3	Adoption of Health System Innovations: Evidence of Urban-Rural Disparities from the Ohio Primary Care Marketplace. Journal of General Internal Medicine, 2021, 36, 1584-1590.	2.6	2
4	Initial arterial pH as a predictor of neurologic outcome after out-of-hospital cardiac arrest: A propensity-adjusted analysis. Resuscitation, 2019, 139, 76-83.	3.0	10
5	Digoxin and 30-Day All-Cause Readmission in Long-Term Care Residents Hospitalized for Heart Failure. Journal of the American Medical Directors Association, 2017, 18, 761-765.	2.5	5
6	Heart Rate and Outcomes in HospitalizedÂPatients With Heart Failure With Preserved EjectionÂFraction. Journal of the American College of Cardiology, 2017, 70, 1861-1871.	2.8	34
7	Comparative efficacy and discontinuation of dimethyl fumarate and fingolimod in clinical practice at 24-month follow-up. Multiple Sclerosis Journal - Experimental, Translational and Clinical, 2017, 3, 205521731771548.	1.0	28
8	Lack of evidence of lower 30-day all-cause readmission in Medicare beneficiaries with heart failure and reduced ejection fraction discharged on spironolactone. International Journal of Cardiology, 2017, 227, 462-466.	1.7	16
9	Comparative efficacy and discontinuation of dimethyl fumarate and fingolimod in clinical practice at 12-month follow-up. Multiple Sclerosis and Related Disorders, 2016, 10, 44-52.	2.0	43
10	Association of 30-Day All-Cause Readmission with Long-Term Outcomes in Hospitalized Older Medicare Beneficiaries with Heart Failure. American Journal of Medicine, 2016, 129, 1178-1184.	1.5	44
11	Renin-Angiotensin System Inhibition and Lower 30-Day All-Cause Readmission in Medicare Beneficiaries with Heart Failure. American Journal of Medicine, 2016, 129, 1067-1073.	1.5	42
12	Longâ€ŧerm reduction of health care costs and utilization after epilepsy surgery. Epilepsia, 2016, 57, 316-324.	5.1	32
13	Empirical Treatment Effectiveness Models for Binary Outcomes. Medical Decision Making, 2016, 36, 101-114.	2.4	2
14	Propensity methods for multiple sclerosis: The devil is in the details. Multiple Sclerosis Journal, 2016, 22, 1248-1249.	3.0	0
15	Beta-blocker Use and 30-day All-cause Readmission in Medicare Beneficiaries with Systolic Heart Failure. American Journal of Medicine, 2015, 128, 715-721.	1.5	36
16	MetroHealth Care Plus: Effects Of A Prepared Safety Net On Quality Of Care In A Medicaid Expansion Population. Health Affairs, 2015, 34, 1121-1130.	5.2	13
17	Effect of invasive EEG monitoring on cognitive outcome after left temporal lobe epilepsy surgery. Neurology, 2015, 85, 1475-1481.	1.1	12
18	Discharge Hospice Referral and Lower 30-Day All-Cause Readmission in Medicare Beneficiaries Hospitalized for Heart Failure. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2015, 8, 733-740.	3.9	30

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19	Orthostatic Hypotension and Incident Heart Failure in Community-Dwelling Older Adults. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2014, 69A, 223-230.	3.6	33
20	Beta-blockers in older patients with heart failure and preserved ejection fraction: Class, dosage, and outcomes. International Journal of Cardiology, 2014, 173, 393-401.	1.7	45
21	Calcium Channel Blockers and Outcomes in Older Patients With Heart Failure and Preserved Ejection Fraction. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2014, 7, 945-952.	3.9	32
22	Digoxin Use and Lower 30-day All-cause Readmission for Medicare Beneficiaries Hospitalized for Heart Failure. American Journal of Medicine, 2014, 127, 61-70.	1.5	50
23	Disparities in access to specialized epilepsy care. Epilepsy Research, 2013, 107, 172-180.	1.6	70
24	Rate-control versus Rhythm-control Strategies and Outcomes in Septuagenarians with Atrial Fibrillation. American Journal of Medicine, 2013, 126, 887-893.	1.5	42
25	Renin-Angiotensin Inhibition in Diastolic Heart Failure and Chronic Kidney Disease. American Journal of Medicine, 2013, 126, 150-161.	1.5	29
26	Design and rationale of studies of neurohormonal blockade and outcomes in diastolic heart failure using OPTIMIZE-HF registry linked to Medicare data. International Journal of Cardiology, 2013, 166, 230-235.	1.7	29
27	Angiotensin-converting Enzyme Inhibitors and Outcomes in Heart Failure and Preserved Ejection Fraction. American Journal of Medicine, 2013, 126, 401-410.	1.5	33
28	Prediabetes is not an independent risk factor for incident heart failure, other cardiovascular events or mortality in older adults: Findings from a population-based cohort study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2013, 168, 3616-3622.	1.7	44
29	Aldosterone Antagonists and Outcomes in Real-World Older Patients With Heart Failure and Preserved Ejection Fraction. JACC: Heart Failure, 2013, 1, 40-47.	4.1	38
30	Angiotensin receptor blockers and outcomes in real-world older patients with heart failure and preserved ejection fraction: a propensity-matched inception cohort clinical effectiveness study. European Journal of Heart Failure, 2012, 14, 1179-1188.	7.1	41
31	Rheumatic heart disease and risk of incident heart failure among community-dwelling older adults: A prospective cohort study. Annals of Medicine, 2012, 44, 253-261.	3.8	8
32	Impairment of activities of daily living and incident heart failure in communityâ€dwelling older adults. European Journal of Heart Failure, 2012, 14, 581-587.	7.1	47
33	Renin-Angiotensin Inhibition in Systolic Heart Failure and Chronic Kidney Disease. American Journal of Medicine, 2012, 125, 399-410.	1.5	69
34	Association between smoking and outcomes in older adults with atrial fibrillation. Archives of Gerontology and Geriatrics, 2012, 55, 85-90.	3.0	8
35	Outcomes in younger and older adults with chronic advanced systolic heart failure: A propensity-matched study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2012, 154, 128-133.	1.7	4
36	Effect of Warfarin on Outcomes in Septuagenarian Patients With Atrial Fibrillation. American Journal of Cardiology, 2012, 109, 370-377.	1.6	16

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37	Gender-related dissociation in outcomes in chronic heart failure: Reduced mortality but similar hospitalization in women. International Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 148, 36-42.	1.7	15
38	Coronary artery disease, coronary revascularization, and outcomes in chronic advanced systolic heart failure. International Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 151, 69-75.	1.7	29
39	Warfarin Use and Outcomes in Patients With Advanced Chronic Systolic Heart Failure Without Atrial Fibrillation, Prior Thromboembolic Events, or Prosthetic Valves. American Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 107, 552-557.	1.6	29
40	Relation of Baseline Systolic Blood Pressure and Long-Term Outcomes in Ambulatory Patients With Chronic Mild to Moderate Heart Failure. American Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 107, 1208-1214.	1.6	92
41	A Propensity-Matched Study of the Comparative Effectiveness of Angiotensin Receptor Blockers Versus Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme Inhibitors in Heart Failure Patients Age ≥65 Years. American Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 108, 1443-1448.	1.6	11
42	A Propensity-Matched Study of the Association of Diabetes Mellitus With Incident Heart Failure and Mortality Among Community-Dwelling Older Adults. American Journal of Cardiology, 2011, 108, 1747-1753.	1.6	11
43	History of cancer and mortality in community-dwelling older adults. Cancer Epidemiology, 2011, 35, 30-36.	1.9	7
44	Intrinsic Association of Widowhood With Mortality in Community-Dwelling Older Women and Men: Findings From a Prospective Propensity-Matched Population Study. Journals of Gerontology - Series A Biological Sciences and Medical Sciences, 2011, 66A, 1360-1368.	3.6	6
45	Hypoalbuminaemia and incident heart failure in older adults. European Journal of Heart Failure, 2011, 13, 1078-1086.	7.1	50
46	Impact of diabetes mellitus on outcomes in patients with acute myocardial infarction and systolic heart failure. European Journal of Heart Failure, 2011, 13, 551-559.	7.1	35
47	Absence of obesity paradox in patients with chronic heart failure and diabetes mellitus: a propensityâ€matched study. European Journal of Heart Failure, 2011, 13, 200-206.	7.1	87
48	Electronic Health Records and Quality of Diabetes Care. New England Journal of Medicine, 2011, 365, 825-833.	27.0	298
49	Isolated Diastolic Hypotension and Incident Heart Failure in Older Adults. Hypertension, 2011, 58, 895-901.	2.7	44
50	Relationship between Stage of Kidney Disease and Incident Heart Failure in Older Adults. American Journal of Nephrology, 2011, 34, 135-141.	3.1	10
51	Hyperuricaemia, chronic kidney disease, and outcomes in heart failure: potential mechanistic insights from epidemiological data. European Heart Journal, 2011, 32, 712-720.	2.2	124
52	Impact of Baseline Systolic Blood Pressure on Long-Term Outcomes in Patients With Advanced Chronic Systolic Heart Failure (Insights from the BEST Trial). American Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 106, 221-227.	1.6	44
53	Effects of Peripheral Arterial Disease on Outcomes in Advanced Chronic Systolic Heart Failure. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2010, 3, 118-124.	3.9	38
54	Hypokalemia and Outcomes in Patients With Chronic Heart Failure and Chronic Kidney Disease. Circulation: Heart Failure, 2010, 3, 253-260.	3.9	123

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55	Incident coronary revascularization and subsequent mortality in chronic heart failure: A propensity-matched study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 140, 55-59.	1.7	12
56	Oral potassium supplement use and outcomes in chronic heart failure: A propensity-matched study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 141, 167-174.	1.7	26
57	Association between hyperuricemia and incident heart failure among older adults: A propensity-matched study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 142, 279-287.	1.7	92
58	Transatlantic similarities and differences in major natural history endpoints of heart failure after acute myocardial infarction: A propensity-matched study of the EPHESUS trial. International Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 143, 309-316.	1.7	18
59	Mild hyperkalemia and outcomes in chronic heart failure: A propensity matched study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2010, 144, 383-388.	1.7	48
60	Uncontrolled hypertension and increased risk for incident heart failure in older adults with hypertension: findings from a propensity-matched prospective population study. Journal of the American Society of Hypertension, 2010, 4, 22-31.	2.3	58
61	A history of atrial fibrillation and outcomes in chronic advanced systolic heart failure: a propensity-matched study. European Heart Journal, 2009, 30, 2029-2037.	2.2	70
62	lsolated Systolic Hypertension and Incident Heart Failure in Older Adults. Hypertension, 2009, 53, 458-465.	2.7	65
63	Low serum magnesium and cardiovascular mortality in chronic heart failure: A propensity-matched study. International Journal of Cardiology, 2009, 136, 270-277.	1.7	65
64	A propensity-matched study of low serum potassium and mortality in older adults with chronic heart failure. International Journal of Cardiology, 2009, 137, 1-8.	1.7	43
65	Electronic Medical Record-Assisted Design of a Cluster-Randomized Trial to Improve Diabetes Care and Outcomes. Journal of General Internal Medicine, 2008, 23, 383-391.	2.6	24
66	A Propensity-Matched Study of the Association of Cardiothoracic Ratio With Morbidity and Mortality in Chronic Heart Failure. American Journal of Cardiology, 2008, 101, 343-347.	1.6	46
67	A Propensity-Matched Study of Hypertension and Increased Stroke-Related Hospitalization in Chronic Heart Failure. American Journal of Cardiology, 2008, 101, 1772-1776.	1.6	19
68	Digoxin and Reduction of Heart Failure Hospitalization in Chronic Systolic and Diastolic Heart Failure. American Journal of Cardiology, 2008, 102, 1681-1686.	1.6	25
69	Effects of digoxin at low serum concentrations on mortality and hospitalization in heart failure: A propensity-matched study of the DIG trial. International Journal of Cardiology, 2008, 123, 138-146.	1.7	107
70	A propensity-matched study of the effects of chronic diuretic therapy on mortality and hospitalization in older adults with heart failure. International Journal of Cardiology, 2008, 125, 246-253.	1.7	69
71	Incident Heart Failure Hospitalization and Subsequent Mortality in Chronic Heart Failure: A Propensity-Matched Study. Journal of Cardiac Failure, 2008, 14, 211-218.	1.7	139
72	Race and the Natural History of Chronic Heart Failure: A Propensity-Matched Study. Journal of Cardiac Failure, 2008, 14, 373-378.	1.7	10

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73	History of Hypertension and Eplerenone in Patients With Acute Myocardial Infarction Complicated by Heart Failure. Hypertension, 2008, 52, 271-278.	2.7	22
74	Association of chronic kidney disease with outcomes in chronic heart failure: a propensity-matched study. Nephrology Dialysis Transplantation, 2008, 24, 186-193.	0.7	50
75	A propensity-matched study of the association of low serum potassium levels and mortality in chronic heart failure. European Heart Journal, 2007, 28, 1334-1343. Chronic Kidney Disease Associated Mortality in Diastolic Versus Systolic Heart Failure: A Propensity	2.2	166
76	Matched Studyâ€â€The Digitalis Investigation Group study was conducted and supported by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute in collaboration with the Digitalis Investigation Group Investigators. This manuscript was prepared using a limited access data set obtained by the National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute and does not necessarily reflect the opinions or views of the Digitalis Investigation	1.6	217
77	Cro. American Journal of Cardiology, 2007, 99, 393-398 Abstract 3395: Potassium Supplement Use May Increase Hospitalization without Affecting Mortality in Chronic Heart Failure: Implications for Use of Aldosterone Antagonists to Maintain Potassium Balance in Chronic Heart Failure. Circulation, 2007, 116, .	1.6	3
78	Effects of Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme Inhibitors in Systolic Heart Failure Patients With Chronic Kidney Disease: A Propensity Score Analysis. Journal of Cardiac Failure, 2006, 12, 499-506.	1.7	28
79	Outcomes in ambulatory chronic systolic and diastolic heart failure: A propensity score analysis. American Heart Journal, 2006, 152, 956-966.	2.7	63
80	Digoxin and reduction in mortality and hospitalization in heart failure: a comprehensive post hoc analysis of the DIG trial. European Heart Journal, 2006, 27, 178-186.	2.2	344
81	Heart failure, chronic diuretic use, and increase in mortality and hospitalization: an observational study using propensity score methods. European Heart Journal, 2006, 27, 1431-1439.	2.2	398
82	Effects of Digoxin on Morbidity and Mortality in Diastolic Heart Failure. Circulation, 2006, 114, 397-403.	1.6	539
83	A propensity-matched study of the effect of diabetes on the natural history of heart failure: variations by sex and age. Heart, 2006, 93, 1584-1590.	2.9	50
84	Context and Healthcare Access. Medical Care, 2005, 43, 531-540.	2.4	85