Alan W Partin

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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20086
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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Risk of Prostate Cancer–Specific Mortality Following Biochemical Recurrence After Radical Prostatectomy. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2005, 294, 433.	7.4	1,186
2	The Use of Prostate Specific Antigen, Clinical Stage and Gleason Score to Predict Pathological Stage in Men with Localized Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 1993, 150, 110-114.	0.4	1,152
3	Combination of Prostate-Specific Antigen, Clinical Stage, and Gleason Score to Predict Pathological Stage of Localized Prostate Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 1997, 277, 1445.	7.4	1,060
4	Use of the Percentage of Free Prostate-Specific Antigen to Enhance Differentiation of Prostate Cancer From Benign Prostatic Disease. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 1998, 279, 1542.	7.4	990
5	Contemporary update of prostate cancer staging nomograms (Partin Tables) for the new millennium. Urology, 2001, 58, 843-848.	1.0	943
6	LONG-TERM BIOCHEMICAL DISEASE-FREE AND CANCER-SPECIFIC SURVIVAL FOLLOWING ANATOMIC RADICAL RETROPUBIC PROSTATECTOMY. Urologic Clinics of North America, 2001, 28, 555-565.	1.8	939
7	Ligand-Independent Androgen Receptor Variants Derived from Splicing of Cryptic Exons Signify Hormone-Refractory Prostate Cancer. Cancer Research, 2009, 69, 16-22.	0.9	939
8	Genome-wide association study identifies a second prostate cancer susceptibility variant at 8q24. Nature Genetics, 2007, 39, 631-637.	21.4	818
9	Biochemical (Prostate Specific Antigen) Recurrence Probability Following Radical Prostatectomy for Clinically Localized Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 2003, 169, 517-523.	0.4	691
10	Cancer Control and Quality of Life Following Anatomical Radical Retropubic Prostatectomy: Results at 10 Years. Journal of Urology, 1994, 152, 1831-1836.	0.4	650
11	Prostate Cancer–Specific Survival Following Salvage Radiotherapy vs Observation in Men With Biochemical Recurrence After Radical Prostatectomy. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2008, 299, 2760.	7.4	586
12	Predicting 15-Year Prostate Cancer Specific Mortality After Radical Prostatectomy. Journal of Urology, 2011, 185, 869-875.	0.4	574
13	Prostate Specific Antigen in the Staging of Localized Prostate Cancer: Influence of Tumor Differentiation, Tumor Volume and Benign Hyperplasia. Journal of Urology, 1990, 143, 747-752.	0.4	568
14	Germline Mutations in <i>HOXB13</i> and Prostate-Cancer Risk. New England Journal of Medicine, 2012, 366, 141-149.	27.0	566
15	Active Surveillance Program for Prostate Cancer: An Update of the Johns Hopkins Experience. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2011, 29, 2185-2190.	1.6	545
16	PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN AFTER ANATOMIC RADICAL RETROPUBIC PROSTATECTOMY. Urologic Clinics of North America, 1997, 24, 395-406.	1.8	542
17	Prognostic <scp>G</scp> leason grade grouping: data based on the modified <scp>G</scp> leason scoring system. BJU International, 2013, 111, 753-760.	2.5	540
18	Prediction of Progression Following Radical Prostatectomy. American Journal of Surgical Pathology, 1996, 20, 286-292.	3.7	532

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19	PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN: A DECADE OF DISCOVERY-WHAT WE HAVE LEARNED AND WHERE WE ARE GOING. Journal of Urology, 1999, 162, 293-306.	0.4	530
20	SERUM PSA AFTER ANATOMIC RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY. Urologic Clinics of North America, 1993, 20, 713-725.	1.8	451
21	Updated Nomogram to Predict Pathologic Stage of Prostate Cancer Given Prostate-Specific Antigen Level, Clinical Stage, and Biopsy Gleason Score (Partin Tables) Based on Cases from 2000 to 2005. Urology, 2007, 69, 1095-1101.	1.0	410
22	A Multicenter Study of [-2]Pro-Prostate Specific Antigen Combined With Prostate Specific Antigen and Free Prostate Specific Antigen for Prostate Cancer Detection in the 2.0 to 10.0 ng/ml Prostate Specific Antigen Range. Journal of Urology, 2011, 185, 1650-1655.	0.4	408
23	A meta-analysis of 87,040 individuals identifies 23 new susceptibility loci for prostate cancer. Nature Genetics, 2014, 46, 1103-1109.	21.4	408
24	PCA3: A Molecular Urine Assay for Predicting Prostate Biopsy Outcome. Journal of Urology, 2008, 179, 1587-1592.	0.4	404
25	Evaluation of serum prostate-specific antigen velocity after radical prostatectomy to distinguish local recurrence from distant metastases. Urology, 1994, 43, 649-659.	1.0	376
26	The Clinical Usefulness of Prostate Specific Antigen: Update 1994. Journal of Urology, 1994, 152, 1358-1368.	0.4	372
27	Effect of Testosterone Replacement Therapy on Prostate Tissue in Men With Late-Onset Hypogonadism. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2006, 296, 2351.	7.4	360
28	Common sequence variants on $2p15$ and $Xp11.22$ confer susceptibility to prostate cancer. Nature Genetics, 2008 , 40 , $281-283$.	21.4	357
29	An updated prostate cancer staging nomogram (<scp>P</scp> artin tables) based on cases from 2006 to 2011. BJU International, 2013, 111, 22-29.	2.5	323
30	Germline mutations and sequence variants of the macrophage scavenger receptor 1 gene are associated with prostate cancer risk. Nature Genetics, 2002, 32, 321-325.	21.4	318
31	Is Tumor Volume an Independent Predictor of Progression Following Radical Prostatectomy? A Multivariate Analysis of 185 Clinical Stage B Adenocarcinomas of the Prostate with 5 Years of Followup. Journal of Urology, 1993, 149, 1478-1481.	0.4	314
32	PTEN Protein Loss by Immunostaining: Analytic Validation and Prognostic Indicator for a High Risk Surgical Cohort of Prostate Cancer Patients. Clinical Cancer Research, 2011, 17, 6563-6573.	7.0	309
33	Prognostic significance of Gleason score 3+4 versus Gleason score 4+3 tumor at radical prostatectomy. Urology, 2000, 56, 823-827.	1.0	298
34	Obesity-Related Plasma Hemodilution and PSA Concentration Among Men With Prostate Cancer. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 298, 2275.	7.4	291
35	Metabolic Factors Associated with Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2006, 91, 2562-2568.	3.6	281
36	Comparison of percent free PSA, PSA density, and age-specific PSA cutoffs for prostate cancer detection and staging. Urology, 2000, 56, 255-260.	1.0	275

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37	Biochemical (prostate specific antigen) recurrence probability following radical prostatectomy for clinically localized prostate cancer. Journal of Urology, 2003, 169, 517-23.	0.4	271
38	Human Kallikrein 2 (hK2) and Prostate-Specific Antigen (PSA): Two Closely Related, but Distinct, Kallikreins in the Prostate. Critical Reviews in Clinical Laboratory Sciences, 1998, 35, 275-368.	6.1	269
39	Germline Mutations in ATM and BRCA1/2 Distinguish Risk for Lethal and Indolent Prostate Cancer and are Associated with Early Age at Death. European Urology, 2017, 71, 740-747.	1.9	256
40	Prostate-Specific Antigen Kinetics During Follow-Up Are an Unreliable Trigger for Intervention in a Prostate Cancer Surveillance Program. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2010, 28, 2810-2816.	1.6	237
41	Two Genome-wide Association Studies of Aggressive Prostate Cancer Implicate Putative Prostate Tumor Suppressor Gene DAB2IP. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2007, 99, 1836-1844.	6.3	235
42	Can Urinary PCA3 Supplement PSA in the Early Detection of Prostate Cancer?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2014, 32, 4066-4072.	1.6	234
43	The Prostate Health Index Selectively Identifies Clinically Significant Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 2015, 193, 1163-1169.	0.4	228
44	Analysis of percent free prostate-specific antigen (PSA) for prostate cancer detection: Influence of total psa, prostate volume, and age. Urology, 1996, 48, 55-61.	1.0	226
45	The natural history of metastatic progression in men with prostateâ€specific antigen recurrence after radical prostatectomy: longâ€term followâ€up. BJU International, 2012, 109, 32-39.	2.5	221
46	African American Men With Very Low–Risk Prostate Cancer Exhibit Adverse Oncologic Outcomes After Radical Prostatectomy: Should Active Surveillance Still Be an Option for Them?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2013, 31, 2991-2997.	1.6	220
47	Characteristics of insignificant clinical T1c prostate tumors. Cancer, 2004, 101, 2001-2005.	4.1	213
48	Tissue-based Genomics Augments Post-prostatectomy Risk Stratification in a Natural History Cohort of Intermediate- and High-Risk Men. European Urology, 2016, 69, 157-165.	1.9	206
49	INTERPRETATION OF FREE PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN CLINICAL RESEARCH STUDIES FOR THE DETECTION OF PROSTATE CANCER. Journal of Urology, 1998, 159, 5-12.	0.4	204
50	LONG-TERM RESULTS OF RADIATION THERAPY FOR PROSTATE CANCER RECURRENCE FOLLOWING RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY. Journal of Urology, 1998, 159, 173-178.	0.4	200
51	Preoperative Serum DNA GSTP1 CpG Island Hypermethylation and the Risk of Early Prostate-Specific Antigen Recurrence Following Radical Prostatectomy. Clinical Cancer Research, 2005, 11, 4037-4043.	7.0	198
52	OA-519 (fatty acid synthase) as an independent predictor of pathologic stage in adenocarcinoma of the prostate. Urology, 1995, 45, 81-86.	1.0	196
53	Clinical Validation of an Epigenetic Assay to Predict Negative Histopathological Results in Repeat Prostate Biopsies. Journal of Urology, 2014, 192, 1081-1087.	0.4	196
54	The Prognostic Significance of Tertiary Gleason Patterns of Higher Grade in Radical Prostatectomy Specimens. American Journal of Surgical Pathology, 2000, 24, 563-569.	3.7	195

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55	Profiling the Urinary Microbiome in Men with Positive versus Negative Biopsies for Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 2018, 199, 161-171.	0.4	188
56	A Prospective, Multicenter, National Cancer Institute Early Detection Research Network Study of [â^2] proPSA: Improving Prostate Cancer Detection and Correlating with Cancer Aggressiveness. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2010, 19, 1193-1200.	2.5	186
57	Biomarkers for Prostate Cancer. Annual Review of Medicine, 2009, 60, 139-151.	12.2	180
58	¹⁸ F-DCFBC PET/CT for PSMA-Based Detection and Characterization of Primary Prostate Cancer. Journal of Nuclear Medicine, 2015, 56, 1003-1010.	5.0	180
59	Selection of men at high risk for disease recurrence for experimental adjuvant therapy following radical prostatectomy. Urology, 1995, 45, 831-838.	1.0	179
60	Tumor angiogenesis correlates with progression after radical prostatectomy but not with pathologic stage in gleason sum 5 to 7 adenocarcinoma of the prostate., 1997, 79, 772-779.		179
61	Death in Patients With Recurrent Prostate Cancer After Radical Prostatectomy: Prostate-Specific Antigen Doubling Time Subgroups and Their Associated Contributions to All-Cause Mortality. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2007, 25, 1765-1771.	1.6	177
62	Free prostate-specific antigen in serum is becoming more complex. Urology, 2002, 59, 797-802.	1.0	174
63	Morphometric Measurement of Tumor Volume and Per Cent of Gland Involvement as Predictors of Pathological Stage in Clinical Stage B Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 1989, 141, 341-345.	0.4	168
64	Gleason Score 6 Adenocarcinoma: Should It Be Labeled As Cancer?. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2012, 30, 4294-4296.	1.6	162
65	Prostate Cancer Gene 3 (PCA3): Development and Internal Validation of a Novel Biopsy Nomogram. European Urology, 2009, 56, 659-668.	1.9	161
66	VALIDATION OF PARTIN TABLES FOR PREDICTING PATHOLOGICAL STAGE OF CLINICALLY LOCALIZED PROSTATE CANCER. Journal of Urology, 2000, 164, 1591-1595.	0.4	160
67	Evidence for two independent prostate cancer risk–associated loci in the HNF1B gene at 17q12. Nature Genetics, 2008, 40, 1153-1155.	21.4	158
68	Partial Nephrectomy: Technique Complications and Pathological Findings. Journal of Urology, 1995, 154, 1312-1318.	0.4	156
69	Adenocarcinoma of the prostate invading the seminal vesicle: prognostic stratification based on pathologic parameters. Urology, 2000, 56, 283-288.	1.0	148
70	Radical prostatectomy for clinical stage T3a disease. Cancer, 2007, 109, 1273-1278.	4.1	140
71	COMPLEXED PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN PROVIDES SIGNIFICANT ENHANCEMENT OF SPECIFICITY COMPARED WITH TOTAL PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN FOR DETECTING PROSTATE CANCER. Journal of Urology, 2000, 163, 1476-1480.	0.4	137
72	Heredity and prostate cancer: A study of World War II veteran twins. , 1997, 33, 240-245.		134

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73	An Evaluation of the Decreasing Incidence of Positive Surgical Margins in a Large Retropubic Prostatectomy Series. Journal of Urology, 2004, 171, 23-26.	0.4	133
74	EFFECTS OF A SAW PALMETTO HERBAL BLEND IN MEN WITH SYMPTOMATIC BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA. Journal of Urology, 2000, 163, 1451-1456.	0.4	128
7 5	Use of human glandular kallikrein 2 for the detection of prostate cancer: preliminary analysis. Urology, 1999, 54, 839-845.	1.0	126
76	Association Between Two Unlinked Loci at 8q24 and Prostate Cancer Risk Among European Americans. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2007, 99, 1525-1533.	6.3	126
77	Influence of age and prostate-specific antigen on the chance of curable prostate cancer among men with nonpalpable disease. Urology, 1999, 53, 126-130.	1.0	123
78	Accuracy of PCA3 Measurement in Predicting Short-Term Biopsy Progression in an Active Surveillance Program. Journal of Urology, 2010, 183, 534-538.	0.4	119
79	Use of percentage of free prostate-specific antigen to identify men at high risk of prostate cancer when psa levels are 2.51 to 4 ng/mL and digital rectal examination is not suspicious for prostate cancer: an alternative model. Urology, 1999, 54, 220-224.	1.0	117
80	Long-term cancer control of radical prostatectomy in men younger than 50 years of age: update 2003. Urology, 2003, 62, 86-91.	1.0	117
81	Association of [â^2]proPSA with Biopsy Reclassification During Active Surveillance for Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 2012, 188, 1131-1136.	0.4	115
82	Initial Prostate Biopsy: Development and Internal Validation of a Biopsy-specific Nomogram Based on the Prostate Cancer Antigen 3 Assay. European Urology, 2013, 63, 201-209.	1.9	114
83	Time to Prostate Specific Antigen Recurrence After Radical Prostatectomy and Risk of Prostate Cancer Specific Mortality. Journal of Urology, 2006, 176, 1404-1408.	0.4	110
84	Complexed Prostate Specific Antigen Improves Specificity for Prostate Cancer Detection: Results of a Prospective Multicenter Clinical Trial. Journal of Urology, 2003, 170, 1787-1791.	0.4	109
85	Use of nuclear morphometry, gleason histologic scoring, clinical stage, and age to predict disease-free survival among patients with prostate cancer. Cancer, 1992, 70, 161-168.	4.1	107
86	Proenzyme psa for the early detection of prostate cancer in the 2.5–4.0 ng/ml total psa range: preliminary analysis. Urology, 2003, 61, 274-276.	1.0	106
87	Clinical and pathologic outcome after radical prostatectomy for prostate cancer patients with a preoperative Gleason sum of 8 to 10. Cancer, 2006, 107, 1265-1272.	4.1	102
88	Comparison of clinical staging algorithms and 111 Indium-capromab pendetide immunoscintigraphy in the prediction of lymph node involvement in high risk prostate carcinoma patients. Cancer, 1999, 85, 1586-1592.	4.1	101
89	Monoclonal antibody to prostate cancer nuclear matrix protein (PRO:4-216) recognizes nucleophosmin/B23., 1999, 39, 298-304.		100
90	THE USE OF PERCENT FREE PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN FOR STAGING CLINICALLY LOCALIZED PROSTATE CANCER. Journal of Urology, 1998, 159, 1238-1242.	0.4	99

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91	[-2]Proenzyme Prostate Specific Antigen for Prostate Cancer Detection: A National Cancer Institute Early Detection Research Network Validation Study. Journal of Urology, 2008, 180, 539-543.	0.4	98
92	Multiparametric magnetic resonance imaging findings in men with lowâ€risk prostate cancer followed using active surveillance. BJU International, 2013, 111, 1037-1045.	2.5	95
93	Individual and cumulative effect of prostate cancer riskâ€essociated variants on clinicopathologic variables in 5,895 prostate cancer patients. Prostate, 2009, 69, 1195-1205.	2.3	93
94	OBESITY AND CAPSULAR INCISION AT THE TIME OF OPEN RETROPUBIC RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY. Journal of Urology, 2005, 174, 1798-1801.	0.4	91
95	Testosterone and prostate cancer: an evidence-based review of pathogenesis and oncologic risk. Therapeutic Advances in Urology, 2015, 7, 378-387.	2.0	91
96	Percentage of free prostate-specific antigen in sera predicts aggressiveness of prostate cancer a decade before diagnosis. Urology, 1997, 49, 379-384.	1.0	90
97	Gleason Score 7 Prostate Cancer on Needle Biopsy: Is the Prognostic Difference in Gleason Scores 4 3 and 3 4 Independent of the Number of Involved Cores?. Journal of Urology, 2002, 167, 2440-2442.	0.4	90
98	An algorithm combining age, total prostate-specific antigen (PSA), and percent free PSA to predict prostate cancer: results on 4298 cases. Urology, 1998, 52, 455-461.	1.0	89
99	Pathological Outcomes in Men with Low Risk and Very Low Risk Prostate Cancer: Implications on the Practice of Active Surveillance. Journal of Urology, 2013, 190, 1218-1223.	0.4	89
100	Small High Grade Adenocarcinoma of the Prostate in Radical Prostatectomy Specimens Performed for Nonpalpable Disease: Pathogenetic and Clinical Implications. Journal of Urology, 1994, 151, 1587-1592.	0.4	87
101	Clinical utility of indium 111-capromab pendetide immunoscintigraphy in the detection of early, recurrent prostate carcinoma after radical prostatectomy. Cancer, 2002, 94, 987-996.	4.1	86
102	Prediction of pathological stage based on clinical stage, serum prostateâ€specific antigen, and biopsy Gleason score: Partin Tables in the contemporary era. BJU International, 2017, 119, 676-683.	2.5	86
103	Prostate Specific Membrane Antigen Targeted ¹⁸ F-DCFPyL Positron Emission Tomography/Computerized Tomography for the Preoperative Staging of High Risk Prostate Cancer: Results of a Prospective, Phase II, Single Center Study. Journal of Urology, 2018, 199, 126-132.	0.4	86
104	DISEASE PROGRESSION FOLLOWING RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY IN MEN WITH GLEASON SCORE 7 TUMOR. Journal of Urology, 1998, 160, 97-101.	0.4	84
105	Tumor Grade at Margins of Resection in Radical Prostatectomy Specimens Is an Independent Predictor of Prognosis. Urology, 2010, 76, 1206-1209.	1.0	83
106	PREDICTION OF POST-RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY PATHOLOGICAL OUTCOME FOR STAGE T1c PROSTATE CANCER WITH PERCENT FREE PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN: A PROSPECTIVE MULTICENTER CLINICAL TRIAL. Journal of Urology, 1999, 162, 1346-1351.	0.4	82
107	Prognostic Value of Preoperative Serum Cell-Free Circulating DNA in Men with Prostate Cancer Undergoing Radical Prostatectomy. Clinical Cancer Research, 2007, 13, 5361-5367.	7.0	82
108	Impact of surgical margin status on prostateâ€cancerâ€specific mortality. BJU International, 2012, 110, 1684-1689.	2.5	82

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109	PSA markers in prostate cancer detection. Urologic Clinics of North America, 2003, 30, 677-686.	1.8	81
110	The influence of finasteride on the volume of the peripheral and periurethral zones of the prostate in men with benign prostatic hyperplasia. Prostate, 1993, 22, 39-42.	2.3	80
111	Molecular and cellular changes associated with the acquisition of metastatic ability by prostatic cancer cells. Prostate, 1994, 25, 249-265.	2.3	79
112	Extended Followup of the Influence of Wide Excision of the Neurovascular Bundle(s) on Prognosis in Men with Clinically Localized Prostate Cancer and Extensive Capsular Perforation. Journal of Urology, 1996, 156, 454-458.	0.4	79
113	Evaluation of Proprostate Specific Antigen for Early Detection of Prostate Cancer in Men With a Total Prostate Specific Antigen Range of 4.0 to 10.0 Ng/Ml. Journal of Urology, 2003, 170, 723-726.	0.4	79
114	Genetically engineered neural networks for predicting prostate cancer progression after radical prostatectomy. Urology, 1999, 54, 791-795.	1.0	78
115	Prognostic Significance of Gleason Score Discrepancies between Needle Biopsy and Radical Prostatectomy. European Urology, 2008, 53, 767-776.	1.9	77
116	Prediction of Mortality After Radical Prostatectomy by Charlson Comorbidity Index. Urology, 2010, 76, 553-557.	1.0	77
117	Contemporary identification of patients at high risk of early prostate cancer recurrence after radical retropubic prostatectomy. Urology, 2001, 57, 1033-1037.	1.0	76
118	Positive proximal (bladder neck) margin at radical prostatectomy confers greater risk of biochemical progression. Urology, 2004, 64, 551-555.	1.0	76
119	Probability of biochemical recurrence by analysis of pathologic stage, gleason score, and margin status for localized prostate cancer. Urology, 2003, 62, 866-871.	1.0	75
120	Risk score predicts highâ€grade prostate cancer in DNAâ€methylation positive, histopathologically negative biopsies. Prostate, 2016, 76, 1078-1087.	2.3	74
121	Prostate Tissue Composition and Response to Finasteride in Men With Symptomatic Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia. Journal of Urology, 1997, 157, 2171-2178.	0.4	71
122	Does capsular incision at radical retropubic prostatectomy affect disease-free survival in otherwise organ-confined prostate cancer?. Urology, 2001, 58, 746-751.	1.0	71
123	Can Prostate Specific Antigen Derivatives and Pathological Parameters Predict Significant Change in Expectant Management Criteria for Prostate Cancer?. Journal of Urology, 2003, 170, 2274-2278.	0.4	71
124	Extent of Extraprostatic Extension Independently Influences Biochemical Recurrence-free Survival: Evidence for Further pT3 Subclassification. Urology, 2015, 85, 161-164.	1.0	71
125	Prostate Health Index improves multivariable risk prediction of aggressive prostate cancer. BJU International, 2017, 120, 61-68.	2.5	71
126	A Contemporary Analysis of Outcomes of Adenocarcinoma of the Prostate With Seminal Vesicle Invasion (pT3b) After Radical Prostatectomy. Journal of Urology, 2011, 185, 1691-1697.	0.4	70

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127	Combining Prostate Health Index density, magnetic resonance imaging and prior negative biopsy status to improve the detection of clinically significant prostate cancer. BJU International, 2018, 121, 619-626.	2.5	70
128	BIOLOGICAL AGGRESSIVENESS OF HEREDITARY PROSTATE CANCER: LONG-TERM EVALUATION FOLLOWING RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY. Journal of Urology, 1998, 160, 660-663.	0.4	69
129	A neural network predicts progression for men with Gleason score 3+4 versus 4+3 tumors after radical prostatectomy. Urology, 2000, 56, 994-999.	1.0	69
130	Prostate Health Index density improves detection of clinically significant prostate cancer. BJU International, 2017, 120, 793-798.	2.5	69
131	CpG Island Hypermethylation Profile in the Serum of Men With Clinically Localized and Hormone Refractory Metastatic Prostate Cancer. Journal of Urology, 2008, 179, 529-535.	0.4	68
132	THE PROSTATIC SPECIFIC ANTIGEN ERA IS ALIVE AND WELL: PROSTATIC SPECIFIC ANTIGEN AND BIOCHEMICAL PROGRESSION FOLLOWING RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY. Journal of Urology, 2005, 174, 1276-1281.	0.4	67
133	Evaluation of Smooth Muscle and Collagen Subtypes in Normal Newborns and Those With Bladder Exstrophy. Journal of Urology, 1996, 156, 2034-2036.	0.4	66
134	Detection of Prostate Cancer Using Serum Proteomics Pattern in a Histologically Confirmed Population. Journal of Urology, 2004, 171, 1782-1787.	0.4	65
135	Initial Experience Performing In-office Ultrasound-guided Transperineal Prostate Biopsy Under Local Anesthesia Using the PrecisionPoint Transperineal Access System. Urology, 2018, 115, 8-13.	1.0	65
136	Artificial neural network model for the assessment of lymph node spread in patients with clinically localized prostate cancer. Urology, 2001, 57, 481-485.	1.0	64
137	T-Cell Infiltration and Adaptive Treg Resistance in Response to Androgen Deprivation With or Without Vaccination in Localized Prostate Cancer. Clinical Cancer Research, 2020, 26, 3182-3192.	7.0	64
138	Immunohistochemical staining of prostate cancer with monoclonal antibodies to the precursor of prostate-specific antigen. Urology, 2003, 62, 177-181.	1.0	63
139	Evaluation of artificial neural networks for the prediction of pathologic stage in prostate carcinoma. Cancer, 2001, 91, 1661-1666.	4.1	62
140	Complexed prostate-specific antigen for early detection of prostate cancer in men with serum prostate-specific antigen levels of 2 to 4 nanograms per milliliter. Urology, 2002, 60, 31-35.	1.0	62
141	Natural history of disease progression in patients who fail to achieve an undetectable prostateâ€specific antigen level after undergoing radical prostatectomy. Cancer, 2004, 101, 2549-2556.	4.1	61
142	Association of Prostate Cancer Risk Variants with Clinicopathologic Characteristics of the Disease. Clinical Cancer Research, 2008, 14, 5819-5824.	7.0	61
143	The Natural History of Men Treated With Deferred Androgen Deprivation Therapy in Whom Metastatic Prostate Cancer Developed Following Radical Prostatectomy. Journal of Urology, 2008, 179, 156-162.	0.4	60
144	INFLUENCE OF FINASTERIDE ON FREE AND TOTAL SERUM PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN LEVELS IN MEN WITH BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA. Journal of Urology, 1998, 159, 449-453.	0.4	59

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145	Age, prostate-specific antigen, and digital rectal examination as determinants of the probability of having prostate cancer. Urology, 2001, 57, 1100-1104.	1.0	59
146	The role of free/total prostate-specific antigen ratio in the prediction of final pathologic stage for men with clinically localized prostate cancer. Urology, 1996, 48, 51-54.	1.0	57
147	Bioimpedance: Novel use of a minimally invasive technique for cancer localization in the intact prostate., 1999, 39, 213-218.		57
148	Phase II, Randomized, Placebo-Controlled Trial of Neoadjuvant Celecoxib in Men With Clinically Localized Prostate Cancer: Evaluation of Drug-Specific Biomarkers. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2009, 27, 4986-4993.	1.6	57
149	Pro–Prostate-Specific Antigen Measurements in Serum and Tissue Are Associated with Treatment Necessity among Men Enrolled in Expectant Management for Prostate Cancer. Clinical Cancer Research, 2009, 15, 7316-7321.	7.0	57
150	Increased gene copy number of ERG on chromosome 21 but not TMPRSS2–ERG fusion predicts outcome in prostatic adenocarcinomas. Modern Pathology, 2011, 24, 1511-1520.	5.5	57
151	ABILITY OF THE 1992 AND 1997 AMERICAN JOINT COMMITTEE ON CANCER STAGING SYSTEMS FOR PROSTATE CANCER TO PREDICT PROGRESSION-FREE SURVIVAL AFTER RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY FOR STAGE T2 DISEASE. Journal of Urology, 2000, 164, 89-92.	0.4	56
152	Prostate Specific Antigen Predicts the Long-Term Risk of Prostate Enlargement: Results from the Baltimore Longitudinal Study of Aging. Journal of Urology, 2002, 167, 2484-2487.	0.4	56
153	Racial Disparities in Oncologic Outcomes After Radical Prostatectomy: Long-term Follow-up. Urology, 2014, 84, 1434-1441.	1.0	56
154	DIGITAL RECTAL EXAMINATION AND IMAGING STUDIES ARE UNNECESSARY IN MEN WITH UNDETECTABLE PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN FOLLOWING RADICAL PROSTATECTOMY. Journal of Urology, 1999, 162, 1337-1340.	0.4	55
155	Long-term Survival After Radical Prostatectomy for Men With High Gleason Sum in Pathologic Specimen. Urology, 2010, 76, 715-721.	1.0	55
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157	Validation of a biopsy-based pathologic algorithm for predicting lymph node metastases in patients with clinically localized prostate carcinoma. Cancer, 2002, 95, 1016-1021.	4.1	54
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