

# Susan Levenstein

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/1062329/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11

papers

461

citations

933447

10

h-index

1281871

11

g-index

11

all docs

11

docs citations

11

times ranked

403

citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Psychological Stress Increases Risk for Peptic Ulcer, Regardless of Helicobacter pylori Infection or Use of Nonsteroidal Anti-inflammatory Drugs. <i>Clinical Gastroenterology and Hepatology</i> , 2015, 13, 498-506.e1.	4.4	109
2	The Very Model of a Modern Etiology: A Biopsychosocial View of Peptic Ulcer. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2000, 62, 176-185.	2.0	92
3	Psychological Predictors of Peptic Ulcer Incidence in the Alameda County Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Gastroenterology</i> , 1997, 24, 140-146.	2.2	70
4	Sociodemographic Characteristics, Life Stressors, and Peptic Ulcer. <i>Journal of Clinical Gastroenterology</i> , 1995, 21, 185-192.	2.2	63
5	Patterns of Biologic and Psychologic Risk Factors in Duodenal Ulcer Patients. <i>Journal of Clinical Gastroenterology</i> , 1995, 21, 110-117.	2.2	36
6	Psychologic Predictors of Duodenal Ulcer Healing. <i>Journal of Clinical Gastroenterology</i> , 1996, 22, 84-89.	2.2	30
7	Long-term symptom patterns in duodenal ulcer: Psychosocial factors. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 1996, 41, 465-472.	2.6	23
8	Hostility and the risk of peptic ulcer in the GAZEL cohort.. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2015, 34, 181-185.	1.6	11
9	Association Between Peptic Ulcer and Personality Disorders in a Nationally Representative US Sample. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2010, 72, 941-946.	2.0	10
10	Bellyaching in These Pages: Upper Gastrointestinal Disorders in Psychosomatic Medicine. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2002, 64, 767-772.	2.0	10
11	Mental vulnerability,Helicobacter pylori, and incidence of hospital-diagnosed peptic ulcer over 28 years in a population-based cohort. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Gastroenterology</i> , 2017, 52, 1-8.	1.5	7