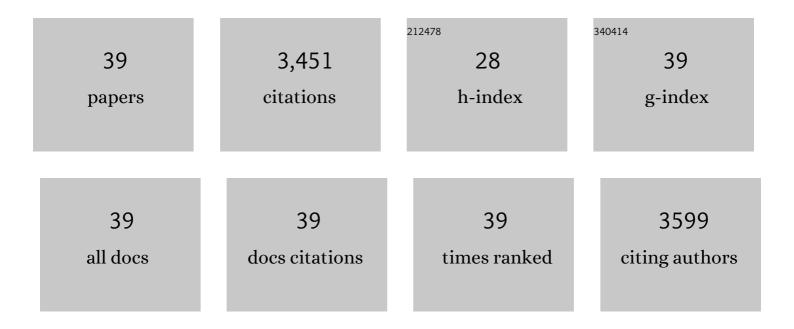
## Roberto B Sassi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/10617772/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



POREDTO R SASSI

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Hypothalamus volume and DNA methylation of stress axis genes in major depressive disorder: A CAN-BIND study report. Psychoneuroendocrinology, 2021, 132, 105348.	1.3	8
2	Accelerated brain aging in major depressive disorder and antidepressant treatment response: A CAN-BIND report. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2021, 32, 102864.	1.4	13
3	An investigation of cortical thickness and antidepressant response in major depressive disorder: A CAN-BIND study report. NeuroImage: Clinical, 2020, 25, 102178.	1.4	10
4	Impact of a structured, group-based running programme on clinical, cognitive and social function in youth and adults with complex mood disorders: a 12-week pilot study. BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine, 2019, 5, e000521.	1.4	2
5	Association of functioning and quality of life with objective and subjective measures of sleep and biological rhythms in major depressive and bipolar disorder. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Psychiatry, 2019, 53, 683-696.	1.3	48
6	Symptomatic and Functional Outcomes and Early Prediction of Response to Escitalopram Monotherapy and Sequential Adjunctive Aripiprazole Therapy in Patients With Major Depressive Disorder. Journal of Clinical Psychiatry, 2019, 80, .	1.1	61
7	Effects of a 12-week running programme in youth and adults with complex mood disorders. BMJ Open Sport and Exercise Medicine, 2018, 4, e000314.	1.4	20
8	Gray matter volumes in symptomatic and asymptomatic offspring of parents diagnosed with bipolar disorder. European Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2016, 25, 959-967.	2.8	17
9	Cortical thickness in symptomatic and asymptomatic bipolar offspring. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2016, 251, 26-33.	0.9	22
10	Cortical thickness in bipolar disorder: a systematic review. Bipolar Disorders, 2016, 18, 4-18.	1.1	175
11	Biological rhythms are independently associated with quality of life in bipolar disorder. International Journal of Bipolar Disorders, 2016, 4, 9.	0.8	19
12	Alterations in circadian rhythms are associated with increased lipid peroxidation in females with bipolar disorder. International Journal of Neuropsychopharmacology, 2014, 17, 715-722.	1.0	29
13	Orbitofrontal cortex gray matter volumes in bipolar disorder patients: a regionâ€ofâ€interest MRI study. Bipolar Disorders, 2009, 11, 145-153.	1.1	50
14	Reply: Lithium and Increased Cortical Gray Matter—More Tissue or More Water?. Biological Psychiatry, 2008, 63, e19.	0.7	2
15	Three-Dimensional Mapping of Hippocampal Anatomy in Adolescents With Bipolar Disorder. Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 2008, 47, 515-525.	0.3	55
16	Three-Dimensional Mapping of Hippocampal Anatomy in Unmedicated and Lithium-Treated Patients with Bipolar Disorder. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2008, 33, 1229-1238.	2.8	148
17	Anatomical measurements of the orbitofrontal cortex in child and adolescent patients with bipolar disorder. Neuroscience Letters, 2007, 413, 183-186.	1.0	65
18	Prefrontal gray matter increases in healthy individuals after lithium treatment: A voxel-based morphometry study. Neuroscience Letters, 2007, 429, 7-11.	1.0	114

**ROBERTO B SASSI** 

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Greater Cortical Gray Matter Density in Lithium-Treated Patients with Bipolar Disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2007, 62, 7-16.	0.7	271
20	Smaller Cingulate Volumes in Unipolar Depressed Patients. Biological Psychiatry, 2006, 59, 702-706.	0.7	142
21	MRI study of corpus callosum in children and adolescents with bipolar disorder. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2006, 146, 83-85.	0.9	44
22	MRI study of thalamus volumes in juvenile patients with bipolar disorder. Depression and Anxiety, 2006, 23, 347-352.	2.0	17
23	Structural brain changes in bipolar disorder using deformation field morphometry. NeuroReport, 2005, 16, 541-544.	0.6	47
24	1H magnetic resonance spectroscopy investigation of the dorsolateral prefrontal cortex in bipolar disorder patients. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2005, 86, 61-67.	2.0	105
25	Subgenual prefrontal cortex of child and adolescent bipolar patients: a morphometric magnetic resonance imaging study. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2005, 138, 43-49.	0.9	57
26	Anatomical MRI study of corpus callosum in unipolar depression. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2005, 39, 347-354.	1.5	85
27	Cingulate Cortex Anatomical Abnormalities in Children and Adolescents With Bipolar Disorder. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 162, 1637-1643.	4.0	128
28	Reduced NAA Levels in the Dorsolateral Prefrontal Cortex of Young Bipolar Patients. American Journal of Psychiatry, 2005, 162, 2109-2115.	4.0	95
29	1H MRS Study of Dorsolateral Prefrontal Cortex in Healthy Individuals before and after Lithium Administration. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2004, 29, 1918-1924.	2.8	69
30	Anatomical MRI study of hippocampus and amygdala in patients with current and remitted major depression. Psychiatry Research - Neuroimaging, 2004, 132, 141-147.	0.9	173
31	Normal pituitary volumes in children and adolescents with bipolar disorder: A magnetic resonance imaging study. Depression and Anxiety, 2004, 20, 182-186.	2.0	36
32	Anatomic evaluation of the orbitofrontal cortex in major depressive disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2004, 55, 353-358.	0.7	216
33	Reduced left anterior cingulate volumes in untreated bipolar patients. Biological Psychiatry, 2004, 56, 467-475.	0.7	177
34	Abnormal left superior temporal gyrus volumes in children and adolescents with bipolar disorder: a magnetic resonance imaging study. Neuroscience Letters, 2004, 363, 65-68.	1.0	98
35	MRI investigation of temporal lobe structures in bipolar patients. Journal of Psychiatric Research, 2003, 37, 287-295.	1.5	210
36	Magnetic resonance imaging study of corpus callosum abnormalities in patients with bipolar disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2003, 54, 1294-1297.	0.7	102

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Increased gray matter volume in lithium-treated bipolar disorder patients. Neuroscience Letters, 2002, 329, 243-245.	1.0	250
38	Anatomical MRI Study of Subgenual Prefrontal Cortex in Bipolar and Unipolar Subjects. Neuropsychopharmacology, 2002, 27, 792-799.	2.8	146
39	Decreased pituitary volume in patients with bipolar disorder. Biological Psychiatry, 2001, 50, 271-280.	0.7	125