

Avto Goguitchaichvili

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/10591133/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

107
papers

1,329
citations

448610

19
h-index

536525

29
g-index

110
all docs

110
docs citations

110
times ranked

920
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Extreme wave deposits on the Pacific coast of Mexico: Tsunamis or storms? A multi-proxy approach. <i>Geomorphology</i> , 2012, 139-140, 360-371.	1.1	94
2	Heavy metal pollution of street dust in the largest city of Mexico, sources and health risk assessment. <i>Environmental Monitoring and Assessment</i> , 2021, 193, 193.	1.3	59
3	Are ceramics and bricks reliable absolute geomagnetic intensity carriers?. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2011, 187, 310-321.	0.7	46
4	Magnetic properties and archeointensity determination on Pre-Columbian pottery from Chiapas, Mesoamerica. <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2009, 61, 83-91.	0.9	42
5	The mechanism of self-reversal of thermoremanence in natural hemoilmenite crystals: new experimental data and model. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2001, 126, 75-92.	0.7	38
6	A rock-magnetic and paleointensity study of some Mexican volcanic lava flows during the Latest Pleistocene to the Holocene. <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2001, 53, 893-902.	0.9	35
7	On the reliability of Mesozoic Dipole Low: New absolute paleointensity results from Parana Flood Basalts (Brazil). <i>Geophysical Research Letters</i> , 2002, 29, 33-1.	1.5	34
8	An attempt to determine the absolute geomagnetic field intensity in Southwestern Iceland during the Gauss-Matuyama reversal. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 1999, 115, 53-66.	0.7	31
9	Counterclockwise Rotation of the Michoacan Block: Implications for the Tectonics of Western Mexico. <i>International Geology Review</i> , 2003, 45, 814-826.	1.1	30
10	Paleomagnetic data from the Trans-Mexican Volcanic Belt: implications for tectonics and volcanic stratigraphy. <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2000, 52, 467-478.	0.9	27
11	Last three millennia Earth's Magnetic field strength in Mesoamerica and southern United States: Implications in geomagnetism and archaeology. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2018, 279, 79-91.	0.7	26
12	Further constraints for the Plio-Pleistocene geomagnetic field strength: New results from the Los Tuxtlas volcanic field (Mexico). <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2001, 53, 873-881.	0.9	25
13	Paleomagnetism of Ar-Ar dated lava flows from the Ceboruco-San Pedro volcanic field (western Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overlock event in the Brunhes chron. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2005, 110, .	3.3	24
14	Geomagnetic field intensity behavior in South America between 400 AD and 1800 AD: First archeointensity results from Argentina. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2011, 186, 191-197.	0.7	23
15	Magnetism of oriented single crystals of hemoilmenite with self-reversed thermoremanent magnetization. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2000, 105, 2761-2780.	3.3	22
16	Cooling rate corrected paleointensities from the Xitle lava flow: Evaluation of within-site scatter for single spot-reading cooling units. <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2006, 58, 1341-1347.	0.9	22
17	Variation of the Earth's magnetic field strength in South America during the last two millennia: New results from historical buildings of Buenos Aires and re-evaluation of regional data. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2015, 245, 15-25.	0.7	22
18	On the features of the geodynamo following reversals or excursions: by absolute geomagnetic paleointensity data. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2001, 124, 81-93.	0.7	21

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Dating of ancient kilns: A combined archaeomagnetic and thermoluminescence analysis applied to a brick workshop at Kato Achaia, Greece. <i>Journal of Cultural Heritage</i> , 2015, 16, 496-507.	1.5	21
20	Absolute geomagnetic paleointensity after the Cretaceous Normal Superchron and just prior to the Cretaceous-Tertiary transition. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2004, 109, .	3.3	20
21	Magnetic monitoring of top soils of Merida (Southern Mexico). <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2011, 55, 377-388.	0.3	19
22	Reproducibility of archaeointensity determinations with a multimethod approach on archaeological material reproductions. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2019, 218, 1719-1738.	1.0	19
23	Rock-magnetic properties of topsoils and urban dust from Morelia (>800,000 inhabitants), Mexico: Implications for anthropogenic pollution monitoring in Mexico's medium size cities. <i>Geofisica International</i> , 2013, 52, 121-133.	0.2	18
24	A paleomagnetic and paleointensity study on Pleistocene and Pliocene basaltic flows from the Djavakheti Highland (Southern Georgia, Caucasus). <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2011, 187, 212-224.	0.7	17
25	<i>Ficus benjamina</i> leaves as indicator of atmospheric pollution: a reconnaissance study. <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2012, 56, 879-887.	0.3	17
26	Unearthing earthquakes and their tsunamis using multiple proxies: the 22 June 1932 event and a probable fourteenth-century predecessor on the Pacific coast of Mexico. <i>International Geology Review</i> , 2014, 56, 1584-1601.	1.1	17
27	Thermodetrital and crystallodetrital magnetization in an Icelandic hyaloclastite. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 1999, 104, 29219-29238.	3.3	16
28	Paleomagnetic poles and paleosecular variation of basalts from Parana Magmatic Province, Brazil: geomagnetic and geodynamic implications. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2003, 138, 183-196.	0.7	16
29	Early cretaceous absolute geomagnetic paleointensities from Córdoba Province (Argentina). <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2006, 58, 1333-1339.	0.9	16
30	Magnetic fingerprint of tsunami-induced deposits in the Ixtapa-Zihuatanejo Area, Western Mexico. <i>International Geology Review</i> , 2013, 55, 1462-1470.	1.1	16
31	A comparison of Thellier-type and multispecimen paleointensity determinations on Pleistocene and historical lava flows from Lanzarote (Canary Islands, Spain). <i>Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems</i> , 2016, 17, 3638-3654.	1.0	16
32	Reconstructing the Geomagnetic Field in West Africa: First Absolute Intensity Results from Burkina Faso. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 45225.	1.6	16
33	Paleomagnetism of the Pleistocene Tequila Volcanic Field (Western Mexico). <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2006, 58, 1349-1358.	0.9	15
34	An integrated paleomagnetic study of Rio Grande de Santiago volcanic succession (trans-Mexican) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT, /Overlock 10 Tf 50	0.7	14
35	Geomagnetic field strength during late Miocene: First paleointensity results from Baja California. <i>Journal of Geophysical Research</i> , 2003, 108, .	3.3	14
36	First archeointensity results from Portuguese potteries (1550-1750 AD). <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2009, 61, 93-100.	0.9	14

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Low-temperature magnetic properties of andesitic rocks from Popocatepetl stratovolcano, Mexico. Earth, Planets and Space, 2009, 61, 133-142.	0.9	14
38	Archaeointensity determinations from Italy: new data and the Earth's magnetic field strength variation over the past three millennia. Geophysical Journal International, 2010, 180, 596-608.	1.0	14
39	Reconnaissance environmental magnetic study of urban soils, dust and leaves from Bogotá, Colombia. Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2013, 57, 741-754.	0.3	14
40	Integrated archeomagnetic and micro-Raman spectroscopy study of pre-Columbian ceramics from the Mesoamerican formative village of Cuanalan, Teotihuacan Valley, Mexico. Journal of Geophysical Research, 2009, 114, .	3.3	13
41	Magnetic properties and Archeointensity of Earth's magnetic field recovered from El Opeño, earliest funeral architecture known in Western Mesoamerica. Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2010, 54, 575-593.	0.3	13
42	Historic and ancient tsunamis uncovered on the Jalisco-Colima Pacific coast, the Mexican subduction zone. Geomorphology, 2016, 259, 90-104.	1.1	13
43	Paleomagnetism of the Eastern Alkaline Province (Mexico): contribution to the time-averaged field global database and geomagnetic instability time scale. Earth, Planets and Space, 2007, 59, 775-783.	0.9	12
44	New absolute paleointensity results from the Parana Magmatic Province (Uruguay) and the Early Cretaceous geomagnetic paleofield. Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems, 2008, 9, .	1.0	12
45	Gilbert-Gauss geomagnetic reversal recorded in Pliocene volcanic sequences from Georgia (Lesser Tertiary). Earth and Planetary Science Letters, 2009, 284, 1-14.	0.9	12
46	Paleosecular variation record of geomagnetic full vector during late Miocene, from the Nayarit area, Mexico. Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors, 2002, 134, 71-88.	0.7	11
47	Paleosecular variation and absolute geomagnetic paleointensity records retrieved from the Early Cretaceous Posadas Formation (Misiones, Argentina). Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2011, 55, 279-309.	0.3	11
48	Paleomagnetism of early cretaceous arapey formation (Northern Uruguay). Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2010, 54, 533-546.	0.3	10
49	Magnetic record of extreme marine inundation events at Las Salinas site, Jalisco, Mexican Pacific coast. International Geology Review, 2016, 58, 342-357.	1.1	10
50	Rock-Magnetic and Archaeointensity Investigation of Pottery and a Burned Floor at the Tzintzuntzan Archaeological Site, Western Mexico. Geoarchaeology - an International Journal, 2012, 27, 521-537.	0.7	9
51	Archeointensity investigation on pottery vestiges from Puertas de Rolón, Capacha culture: In search for affinity with other Mesoamerican pre-Hispanic cultures. Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2013, 57, 605-626.	0.3	9
52	Sedimentary and microfossil imprint from historical earthquakes and tsunamis, Jalisco coast, Mexican subduction. Marine Geology, 2019, 407, 32-43.	0.9	9
53	Fluctuation of the Earth's magnetic field elements in Mexico revealed by archive documents since 1587. Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors, 2020, 300, 106433.	0.7	9
54	On the absolute geomagnetic intensity fluctuations in Mexico over the last three millennia. Journal of South American Earth Sciences, 2021, 106, 102927.	0.6	9

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
55	Thermomagnetic monitoring of lithic clasts burned under controlled temperature and field conditions. Implications for archaeomagnetism. <i>Geofisica International</i> , 2014, 53, 473-490.	0.2	8
56	Palaeomagnetism and $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$ age of a Pliocene lava flow sequence in the Lesser Caucasus: record of a clockwise rotation and analysis of palaeosecular variation. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2014, 197, 1354-1370.	1.0	8
57	A reconnaissance magnetostratigraphy of Georgian Plio- Quaternary volcanic provinces (southern) <i>Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBTg/Overlo</i>	0.2	8
58	Further absolute geomagnetic paleointensities from Baja California: evaluation of Pliocene and Early/Middle Pleistocene data. <i>Comptes Rendus - Geoscience</i> , 2003, 335, 995-1004.	0.4	7
59	Absolute geomagnetic intensity determinations on Formative potsherds (1400–700 BC) from the Oaxaca Valley, Southwestern Mexico. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2012, 78, 442-453.	1.0	7
60	Rock-magnetic and paleomagnetic results from the Tepic-Zacoalco rift region (western Mexico). <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2013, 57, 309-331.	0.3	7
61	A comprehensive paleomagnetic study from the last Plinian eruptions of Popocatepetl volcano: absolute chronology of lavas and estimation of emplacement temperatures of PDCs. <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2019, 71, .	0.9	7
62	First archaeointensity reference paleosecular variation curve for South America and its implications for geomagnetism and archaeology. <i>Quaternary Research</i> , 2019, 92, 81-97.	1.0	7
63	Weak palaeointensity results over a Pliocene volcanic sequence from Lesser Caucasus (Georgia): transitional record or time averaged field?. <i>Geophysical Journal International</i> , 2020, 220, 1604-1618.	1.0	7
64	Color as a New Proxy Technique for the Identification of Road Dust Samples Contaminated with Potentially Toxic Elements: The Case of Mérida, Yucatán, México. <i>Atmosphere</i> , 2021, 12, 483.	1.0	7
65	A detailed rock-magnetic and archaeomagnetic investigation on wattle and daub building (Bajareque) remains from Teuchitlán tradition (nw Mesoamerica). <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2016, 5, 564-573.	0.2	6
66	Evidence of Unusual Geomagnetic Regimes Recorded in Plio-Pleistocene Volcanic Sequences from the Lesser Caucasus (Southern Georgia). <i>Geochemistry, Geophysics, Geosystems</i> , 2018, 19, 1429-1446.	1.0	6
67	Magnetic Mineralogy, Paleomagnetism, and Magnetostratigraphy of Nayarit Volcanic Formations, Western Mexico: A Pilot Study. <i>International Geology Review</i> , 2002, 44, 264-276.	1.1	5
68	An experimental evaluation of Shaw's paleointensity method and its modifications using Late Quaternary basalts. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2003, 138, 1-10.	0.7	5
69	Further details on the applicability of Thellier paleointensity method: The effect of magnitude of laboratory field. <i>Comptes Rendus - Geoscience</i> , 2006, 338, 507-513.	0.4	5
70	Plio-pleistocene paleomagnetic record from the Michoacán-Guanajuato Monogenetic Volcanic Field (Western Mexico). <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2011, 55, 311-328.	0.3	5
71	The use of pictorial remanent magnetization as a dating tool: State of the art and perspectives. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2016, 8, 15-21.	0.2	5
72	Archaeomagnetic evidence of pre-Hispanic origin of Mezcal. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2018, 21, 504-511.	0.2	5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
73	Novel insights on the geomagnetic field in West Africa from a new intensity reference curve (0-2000) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overl	1.6	3
74	Fluctuations of magnetic inclination and declination in Mexico during the last three millennia. Quaternary Geochronology, 2022, , 101309.	0.6	5
75	Absolute paleointensity of the Earth's magnetic field during Jurassic: case study of La Negra Formation (northern Chile). Comptes Rendus - Geoscience, 2003, 335, 661-670.	0.4	4
76	Combined Paleomagnetic and Petromagnetic Study of the Upper Cretaceous Volcanic Sequence in Western Mexico: Implications for Tectonics and Magnetostratigraphy of the Jalisco Block. International Geology Review, 2003, 45, 886-897.	1.1	4
77	The Earth's magnetic field prior to the Cretaceous Normal Superchron: new palaeomagnetic results from the Alto Paraguay Formation. International Geology Review, 2013, 55, 692-704.	1.1	4
78	Absolute paleointensity determinations by using of conventional double-heating and multispecimen approaches on a Pliocene lava flow sequence from the Lesser Caucasus. Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors, 2016, 257, 158-170.	0.7	4
79	First evidence of complex dental practice about 1300 BP in Mesoamerica revealed by absolute geomagnetic intensity. Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2017, 61, 310-317.	0.3	4
80	Absolute geomagnetic intensity record from pre-Columbian pottery dates elite Tlailotlacan Woman in ancient Teotihuacan. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2017, 14, 146-151.	0.2	4
81	Reassessment of the eruptive chronology of El Metate shield volcano (central-western Mexico) based on a comprehensive rock-magnetic, paleomagnetic and multi-approach paleointensity survey. Quaternary Geochronology, 2020, 55, 101031.	0.6	4
82	Semicontinuous paleomagnetic record of the last 1ÂMa from radiometrically dated igneous rocks (Trans-Mexican Volcanic Belt and surrounding areas). Journal of South American Earth Sciences, 2021, 108, 103195.	0.6	4
83	Lava identification by paleomagnetism: a case study and some problems surrounding the 1631 eruption of Mount Vesuvius, Italy. Earth, Planets and Space, 2006, 58, 1061-1069.	0.9	3
84	Geomagnetic field intensity from Kilauea 1955 and 1960 lava flows: Towards a better understanding of paleointensity. Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2010, 54, 561-574.	0.3	3
85	Paleomagnetic and rock-magnetic survey of eocene dike swarms from the Tecalitlan area (Western) Tj ETQq1 1 0.784314 rgBT /Overl	0.3	3
86	Comprehensive magnetic surveys of kilns for bell and tile fabrication in Castile (Spain). Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2019, 23, 426-436.	0.2	3
87	Pyrotechnological knowledge in the pre-Hispanic Maya society: Magnetic and infrared spectrometry surveys of limekilns in the western Yucatan Peninsula (Mexico). Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2020, 33, 102457.	0.2	3
88	Paleointensity Results From Pliocene Lavas of the Lesser Caucasus Obtained Using the Multispecimen Parallel Differential pTRM Method: A Comparison With Thellierâ€Thellier and IZZI Data. Journal of Geophysical Research: Solid Earth, 2021, 126, e2020JB019682.	1.4	3
89	An inter-comparison exercise for the Mexican intensity secular variation curves: Case study of the Tingambato archaeological site (central-western Mexico). Quaternary Geochronology, 2021, 65, 101195.	0.6	3
90	Rock-magnetic and paleomagnetic survey on dated lava flows erupted during the Bruhnes and Matuyama chrons: the Mascota Volcanic Field revisited (Western Mexico). Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica, 2017, 61, 249-263.	0.3	2

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
91	From empirical considerations to absolute ages: How geomagnetic field variation may date Teotihuacan mural paintings. <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2018, 284, 10-16.	0.7	2
92	Paleomagnetic study from radiometrically dated lavas associated to the Tepic-Zacoalco Rift (western Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5 American Earth Sciences, 2020, 104, 102796.	0.6	2
93	An integrated magnetic survey on lava flows associated to the Paricutin volcano (Western Mexico). <i>Journal of South American Earth Sciences</i> , 2021, 106, 103075.	0.6	2
94	New contributions to the Early Pliocene geomagnetic field strength: Case study of southern Caucasus volcanics. <i>Geofisica International</i> , 2000, 39, 277-284.	0.2	2
95	A multimethod paleointensity approach applied to the historical Xitle lava flows (Central Mexico): towards the accurate paleointensity determination. <i>Earth, Planets and Space</i> , 2020, 72, .	0.9	2
96	Rock-magnetic and archeomagnetic survey from some classical settlements at Chapultepec archeological site (western Mesoamerica). <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2011, 55, 329-342.	0.3	1
97	Palaeomagnetic results from the Chiapanecan Volcanic Arc, Chiapas, Southern Mexico: geomagnetic and geodynamic significance. <i>International Geology Review</i> , 2012, 54, 1906-1917.	1.1	1
98	An integrated magnetic, geochemical and archeointensity investigation of casting debris from ancient metallurgical sites of Michoacán, Western Mesoamerica. <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2017, 61, 290-309.	0.3	1
99	Spatial distribution of historical geomagnetic measurements in Mexico. <i>Journal of South American Earth Sciences</i> , 2020, 100, 102556.	0.6	1
100	Noise across Olduvai Subchron: Paleomagnetic study of a Pliocene lava succession from Javakheti Highland (Georgia, Lesser Caucasus). <i>Physics of the Earth and Planetary Interiors</i> , 2021, 311, 106641.	0.7	1
101	Mayan limekilns as geomagnetic field recorders. <i>Journal of South American Earth Sciences</i> , 2021, 109, 103284.	0.6	1
102	Magnetic and pedological characterisation of a paleosol under aridic conditions in Spain. <i>Studia Geophysica Et Geodaetica</i> , 2018, 62, 139-166.	0.3	1
103	Secular variation of the Earth's magnetic field revealed by Mexican Geomagnetic Repeat Stations during the last two centuries. <i>Journal of South American Earth Sciences</i> , 2022, 113, 103652.	0.6	1
104	Aeromagnetic anomalies and magnetic domains of the Jalisco Block, western Mexico. <i>Journal of South American Earth Sciences</i> , 2022, 114, 103679.	0.6	1
105	First archaeomagnetic results from Colombia (the Bogotá Savanna Pre-Hispanic sites): Implications for the Caribbean absolute geomagnetic intensity variation curve. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2019, 26, 101898.	0.2	0
106	Archaeomagnetic evidence of a likely earlier occupation of "El Caracol" lava flow (Zacapu Malpañas, Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgBT /Overlock 10 Tf 5 0,4	0,4	0
107	Refining the absolute chronology of Teotihuacan (Mesoamerica): New archaeomagnetic datings of fire footprints. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2022, 42, 103363.	0.2	0