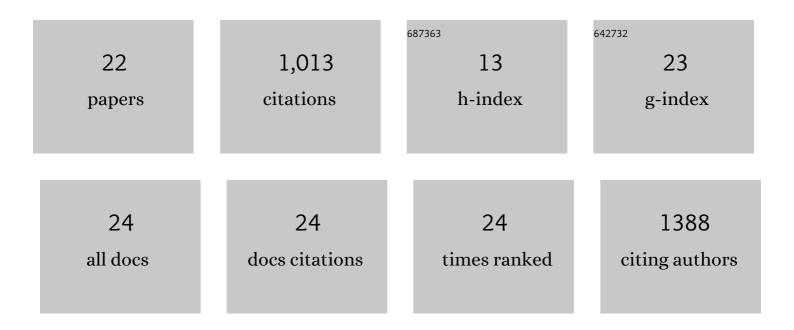
Eliso Kvavadze

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/10558074/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Patterns in recent and Holocene pollen accumulation rates across Europe – the Pollen Monitoring Programme Database as a tool for vegetation reconstruction. Biogeosciences, 2021, 18, 4511-4534.	3.3	5
2	Palynological and Archaeological Evidence for Ritual Use of Wine in the Kura-Araxes Period at Aradetis Orgora (Georgia, Caucasus). Journal of Field Archaeology, 2019, 44, 500-522.	1.3	14
3	Palynological evidence for the use of honey in funerary rites during the Classical Period at the Vani. Quaternary International, 2019, 507, 24-33.	1.5	4
4	Environmental reconstruction and dating of Shizitan 29, Shanxi Province: An early microblade site in north China. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2017, 79, 19-35.	2.4	40
5	Early Neolithic wine of Georgia in the South Caucasus. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, E10309-E10318.	7.1	192
6	Grape and wine culture in Georgia, the South Caucasus. BIO Web of Conferences, 2016, 7, 03027.	0.2	9
7	Bone needle fragment in LGM from the Shizitan site (China): Archaeological evidence and experimental study. Quaternary International, 2016, 400, 140-148.	1.5	40
8	The hidden side of ritual: New palynological data from Early Bronze Age Georgia, the Southern Caucasus. Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports, 2015, 2, 235-245.	0.5	14
9	Some popular medicinal plants and diseases of the Upper Palaeolithic in Western Georgia. Journal of Ethnopharmacology, 2015, 166, 42-52.	4.1	20
10	Archaeobotanical and isotopic evidence of Early Bronze Age farming activities and diet in the mountainous environment of the South Caucasus: a pilot study of Chobareti site (Samtskhe–Javakheti) Tj ETQo	ן02040 rgB ⁻	T þØverlock 1
11	Satsurblia: New Insights of Human Response and Survival across the Last Glacial Maximum in the Southern Caucasus. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e111271.	2.5	26
12	Pollen and non-pollen palynomorphs in organic residue from the hoard of ancient Vani (western) Tj ETQq0 0 0 rgI	3T/Qverloo 2.4	ck ₇ 10 Tf 50 3
13	Dzudzuana: an Upper Palaeolithic cave site in the Caucasus foothills (Georgia). Antiquity, 2011, 85, 331-349.	1.0	91
14	Annual pollen traps reveal the complexity of climatic control on pollen productivity in Europe and the Caucasus. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2010, 19, 285-307.	2.1	51
15	Palynology of the Paravani burial mound (Early Bronze Age, Georgia). Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2010, 19, 469-478.	2.1	24
16	Fibres of Linum (flax), Gossypium (cotton) and animal wool as non-pollen palynomorphs in the late Bronze Age burials of Saphar-Kharaba, southern Georgia. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2010, 19, 479-494.	2.1	17
17	Response to Comment on "30,000-Year-Old Wild Flax Fibers― Science, 2010, 328, 1634-1634.	12.6	13

18 30,000-Year-Old Wild Flax Fibers. Science, 2009, 325, 1359-1359.

12.6 269

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Fibres of silk, cotton and flax in a weaving workshop from the first century a.d. palace of Dedoplis Gora, Georgia. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2008, 17, 211-215.	2.1	21
20	Botanical and zoological remains from an early medieval grave at Tsitsamuri, Georgia. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2008, 17, 217-224.	2.1	11
21	The first find in southern Georgia of fossil honey from the Bronze Age, based on palynological data. Vegetation History and Archaeobotany, 2007, 16, 399-404.	2.1	23
22	Some comments on spatial variation in arboreal pollen deposition: first records from the Pollen Monitoring Programme (PMP). Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 2001, 117, 183-194.	1.5	75